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NATIONAL ELECTRICAL ESTIMATOR

By Mark C. Tyler
Edited by Richard Pray
38th Edition





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Contents

110W to 03E 11113 DOOK	3	Section 2. Wife and Cable	00
		Copper Building Wire	
Improving Estimating		Flexible Cords	
Accuracy and Profits	7	Non-Metallic Cable	. 100
•		Armored Cable	. 103
		Power Cable	. 104
Section 1: Conduit and Fittings	10	Aluminum Wire	. 105
EMT Conduit	. 17	Steel Messenger Strand	
EMT Fittings	. 18	Wire Connectors	
Flexible Conduit	. 28	Connector Lugs	. 118
Flex Connectors	. 29	Section 3: Outlet Boxes	119
Flex Couplings	. 32		
Liquid-Tight Flex Conduit		Handy Boxes and Covers, Switch Boxes	
Liquid-Tight Flex Connectors		Octagon and Square Boxes4" Square Switch Rings and Bar Hangers	
PVC Conduit		Gang Boxes	
PVC Fittings		Fiberglass Boxes	
P&C Duct		Plastic Boxes	
P&C Fittings		Cast Aluminum Boxes	
Plastic Spacers		Sheet Metal Pull Boxes	
ENT Conduit and Fittings		Floor Boxes, Covers, and Accessories	. 153
Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit and Elbows			
GRS Elbows and Couplings		Section 4: Lighting Fixtures	157
GRS Terminations, IMC and Elbows		Incandescent Light Fixtures	
		Recessed Light Fixtures	
IMC Elbows, Couplings and Running Thread GRS Locknuts and Bushings		Track Lighting	
		Exit FixturesFluorescent Fixtures	
GRS Nipples		HID Fixtures	
Aluminum Rigid Conduit Elbows & Nipples	. 58	Light Poles	
ARC Nipples		LED Light Fixtures	
Metal Entrance Elbows and Conduit Bodies		LED Lamps	
Conduit Body Covers		Compact Fluorescent Lamps	
Conduit Body Gaskets and Bodies		Incandescent Halogen, Quartz, LED Lamps	
Galvanized Capped Elbows		HID Lamps	
Galvanized Cast Boxes and Covers		Sodium Lamps	. 208
Expansion Fittings		Fluorescent Lamps	. 210
Reducing Bushings		Ceiling Fans	. 217
Reducing Washers	. 70	Section 5: Wiring Devices	218
Bushed Nipples			
Couplings and Offset Nipples	. 72	Switches Single and Duplex Receptacles	
Couplings and Connectors	. 73		
Connectors and Straps	. 75	Ground & Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters	
Conduit Clamps and Entrance Caps		Locking Receptacles	
PVC Coated Conduit and Fittings		Plastic Locking Connectors and Plugs	
Hanger Fittings		Photo Controls	
Steel Channel and Fittings		Wiring Device Plates	260

Section 6: Service Entrance Equipmen	t 269	Section 14: Trenching and Excavation	420
Safety Switches		Trenching and Excavation	. 422
Plug Fuses		· ·	
Cartridge Fuses		Costian 15, Curfosa Dosawaya	423
Circuit Breakers		Section 15: Surface Raceways	423
Circuit Breaker Enclosures		Steel Raceway, Fittings and Assemblies	. 426
Meter Sockets and Meter Centers		Overhead Distribution Systems	. 432
Loadcenters and PanelboardsSignal Cabinets		Telephone-Power Poles	. 436
Wireway and Wireway Fittings		•	
Transformers		Section 16: Grounding	438
Section 7: Underfloor Raceway	335	Copper Wire and Bushings	
Junction Boxes and Duct Supports		Lugs and Clamps	. 443
Underfloor Raceway Fittings		Ground Rods	
Service Fittings	342	Exothermic Connections	. 445
Section 8: Bus Duct	343		
Aluminum	346	Section 17: Assemblies	446
Copper		EMT Conduit	. 447
Bus Duct Fittings		Aluminum Flex Conduit	
Bus Duct Plug-in Units	356	Steel Flex Conduit	
Section 0. Coble Tray	358	PVC Conduit	
Section 9: Cable Tray		Galvanized Rigid Conduit	
Louvered Tray and FittingsAluminum Ladder Tray and Fittings		Handy Box Switches	
Aldifillidiff Ladder Tray and Fittings	303	Sectional Box Switches	
Section 10: Signal Systems	365	Switches, 1 and 2 Gang	
Bells, Buzzers and Sirens	. 367	Boxes and Receptacles	
Beacons and Chimes		Troffer Fluorescent	
Signal Systems	. 370	1101101 1 1001000011	
Detectors	371	0 11 40 0 1 11	=40
Entry Control	372	Section 18: Communications	519
Section 11: Precast Concrete		Communications Cable	
Access Boxes	373	Contacts, Pins, Plugs, Receptacles	. 528
Handholes, Pull Boxes and Manholes	375	Subminiature D Connectors	. 529
Manhole Necking and Transformer Slabs		Data Connectors	. 532
Marinoto resoluita aranteenner stabs illini	0, 0	Baluns	. 533
Section 12: Equipment Hookup	377	Modular Couplers, Jacks, Connectors	. 534
Motor Hookup and Mechanical Hookup	379	• •	
Kitchen Hookup		Wire Conversion Table	537
Standby Generator Hookup	381	Wife Conversion Table	
Section 13: Motor Control Equipment	382	Section 19: Undercarpet Wiring	
Manual Motor Starters		Systems	538
Magnetic Contactors			
Magnetic Starters		Wiring, Cables, Connectors, Accessories	. 539
Combination Starters			
Control Stations		Index	. 542

How to Use This Book

This manual is a guide to the cost of installing electrical work in buildings. It lists costs to the electrical subcontractor for a wide variety of electrical work.

Before using any estimate in this book, you should understand one important point about estimating electrical construction costs. Estimating is an art, not a science. There's no estimate that fits all work. The manhour estimates in this book will be accurate for many jobs, but remember that no two jobs are identical. And no two crews complete all tasks in exactly the same amount of time. That's why electrical cost estimating requires exercising good judgment. Every estimate has to be custom-made for the specific job, crew and contractor. No estimating reference, computerized cost estimating system or estimating service can take into consideration all the variables that make each job unique.

This book isn't meant to replace well-informed decisions. But when supplemented with an estimator's professional evaluation, the figures in this manual will be a good aid in developing a reliable cost of electrical systems.

For more on using *National Estimator Cloud*, go to: https://craftsman-book.com/support/tutorials/

Labor Costs

The labor costs listed in this manual will apply to most jobs where the hourly wage in effect is the same or similar to the following rates:

Journeyman Electrician

Base Wage	\$32.89 per hr.
Taxable Fringe Benefits at 5.61%	\$1.85 per hr.
Taxes & Insurance at 19.34%	\$6.73 per hr.
Non-taxable Fringe Benefits at 4.96%	\$1.63 per hr.
Total Labor Cost	\$43.09 per hr.

The total hourly cost includes the basic wage, taxable fringe benefits (vacation pay), workers' compensation insurance, liability insurance, taxes (state and federal unemployment, Social Security and Medicare), and typical nontaxable fringe benefits such as medical insurance.

If your hourly labor cost is much lower or higher, costs of installation can be expected to be proportionately lower or higher than the installation costs listed in this book. If your total hourly labor cost is 25 percent less, for example, reduce the labor figures in the cost tables by 25 percent to find your local cost.

The Craft@Hrs column shows the recommended crew and manhours per unit for installation. For example, L2 in the Craft@Hrs column means that we recommend a crew of two electricians. L1 means that a crew of one electrician is recommended. Costs in the Labor Cost column are the result of multiplying the manhours per unit by the rate of \$43.09 per hour.

For example, if the Craft@Hrs column shows L2@.250, the Labor Cost column will show \$10.80. That's .250 manhours multiplied by \$43.09 per manhour and rounded to the nearest ten cents.

Divide the manhours per unit into 8 to find the number of units one electrician can install in one 8-hour day: 8 divided by .250 equals 32 units per day. Multiply that amount by the number of crew members to find the number of units the crew is likely to install in an 8-hour day. For example, if the crew is two electricians, multiply 32 by 2 to find that the crew can be expected to install 64 units in an 8-hour day.

Some tasks require less labor under certain conditions. For example, when conduit is run in groups, less labor is required for each 100 linear feet. It's the estimator's responsibility to identify conditions likely to require more or less labor than the standard for the type of work being estimated.

This book lists both the labor cost per installed unit and the manhours required for installation. Manhours are listed in hundredths of an hour rather than minutes, making it easier to calculate units.

Material Costs

Material Costs for each item are listed in the column headed "Material." These are neither retail nor wholesale prices. They are estimates of what most electrical contractors who buy in moderate volume will pay suppliers in early-2023. Discounts may be available for purchases in larger volumes. Material costs can change rapidly. Volume purchases may cost less because many dealers offer quantity discounts to good customers. Expect prices to vary with location, terms demanded, services offered, and competitive conditions.

Prices in this manual are not representative of shelf prices for electrical materials at big box building material retailers – and for good reason. Most electrical contractors don't buy from big box retailers. They buy from specialized electrical material dealers who offer the selection, service and terms that electrical contractors expect. Big box retailers stock limited quantities, no more than a few hundred electrical SKUs, specialize in commodity-grade merchandise and are generally not set up to meet the needs of professional electrical contractors.

Material costs in this book include normal waste. If waste of materials or breakage is expected to exceed 3 to 5 percent of the materials used on the job, include a separate allowance for excessive waste.

Material delivery cost to the job site isn't included in this book. When delivery cost is significant and can be identified, add that cost to these figures.

Please note that the cost of some electrical materials is highly volatile. For example, copper wire prices have been known to jump 10 percent or more in one month. There's no reliable way to forecast price movements like this. If you're bidding on a project that has a quantity of copper products, you may want to add a qualification to your bid proposal which would allow you to pass on a pricing increase (or decrease), based upon the actual materials pricing at the time of purchase. This way, you can use the current price quoted at the time of your bid, but still leave the door open to any major pricing changes. Note that material costs in *National Estimator Cloud* are updated as prices change and may not be the same as in this manual.

Add Sales Tax

No state or local sales tax is included in material prices listed here. Sales tax varies from area to area and may not be applicable on purchases for some types of projects. Add at the appropriate rate when sales tax is charged on materials bought for the job. *National Estimator Cloud* makes it easy to add tax to any estimate.

Add Overhead and Profit

To complete the estimate, add your overhead and expected profit. Many contractors add an additional 10 to 15 percent for profit to yield an acceptable return on the money invested in the business. But no profit percentage fits all jobs and all contractors. Profit should be based on the current market in each user's local area.

For some electrical contractors, overhead may add as little as 10 percent to the labor and material cost. But routinely adding 10 percent for overhead is poor estimating practice. Overhead should be based on each user's built-in costs. It's the estimator's responsibility to identify all overhead costs and include them in the estimate, either as a lump sum or as a percentage of the total labor and material cost. *National Estimator Cloud* makes it easy to add any percentage you select for OH&P. Bids can show as little or as much of estimate detail as you want.

Other Costs to Add

A few other costs are excluded from the figures in this manual: electrical building permits, special hoisting costs, freight costs not absorbed by the supplier, utility company charges for installation and service, special insurance and bonds, power equipment other than small tools, mobilization to remote sites, demobilization, nonproductive labor, and nonworking supervisors. If these costs are significant and can be determined, add them to your estimate. If not, you should exclude them and specify clearly that they're not a part of your bid.

All Tables Assume "Good" Conditions

This means that there are few or no unusual conditions to delay production. Conditions are good when work is performed during usual working hours in relatively clean surroundings and in readily accessible areas not over 12 feet above the finish floor. The temperature is between 50 and 85 degrees F. Electricians are working no more than 8 hours a day, 5 days a week.

Good conditions require that all tools and materials be available on the job site when needed. Tools, including power tools, are assumed to be in good working order. Where power tools are appropriate, it's assumed that temporary power is provided. Add the cost of temporary power when it's furnished at your expense.

Proper supervision makes a big difference in labor productivity. The tables assume there is adequate supervision but make no allowance for nonproductive labor — supervisors who direct but do no installation. If you plan to have nonproductive supervision on the job, add that cost to the figures in this manual.

Conditions are seldom "good" when the work area is confined, or when a short construction schedule makes it necessary for many trades to work at the same time. The usual result will be stacks of material obstructing the work space and several tradesmen competing for access at the point of installation.

If the conditions on the job you're estimating aren't expected to be "good," adjust the labor figures in this book as appropriate. Occasionally, larger jobs can be done faster because specialized equipment or crews can be used to good advantage. This will usually reduce the installation cost. More often, conditions are less than "good." In that case, labor costs will be higher.

There's no accepted way to decide how much "bad" conditions will increase the labor hours needed. But it's accepted estimating practice to assign a cost multiplier of more than 1.0 to a job that can be expected to require more than the usual amount of labor per unit installed. For example, if conditions are less than "good" only in minor respects, you might multiply labor costs by 1.10. If conditions are very poor, a multiplier of 1.50 or more may be appropriate. *National Estimator Cloud* makes it easy to increase or decrease costs by a percentage to reflect conditions at the job site.

Other Factors That Affect Productivity

This book's tables assume that the crew used for the job is the smallest crew appropriate for the work at hand. Usually this means that the crew is one journeyman electrician.

Most experts on the productivity of construction trades agree that the smallest crew that can do the job is usually the most efficient. For example, it's foolish to have two men working together setting duplex receptacles — one handing tools and material to the other as needed. Only one of them would be working at any given time. It's more productive to use two one-man crews, each working independently.

Of course, there are exceptions. Sometimes a crew of one takes twice as long as a crew of two. When pulling feeder cable or setting floor-standing switchboards or motor control centers, more help usually cuts the labor cost per installed unit. Some jobs simply can't be done by a crew of one.

When work is done on a scaffold, someone should be on the ground to chase parts and equipment and prepare lighting fixtures for hanging. It wastes manpower to have an electrician leave the scaffold and return when parts or tools are needed. Scaffold installers should install one fixture while

the "grunt" below prepares the next. Conduit should be prefabricated on the ground from measurements taken by the electricians on the scaffold. The assistant should bend the conduit and hand it up to the installer.

These labor savings are obvious to anyone who has done this type of work and are assumed in this book's labor tables.

The Electrician

This book's labor hours are typical of what a trained and motivated journeyman electrician with 5 years of experience will do on most jobs. It's assumed that the installer can read and follow plans and specifications and has the ability to lay out the work to code.

It shouldn't make any difference whether the work is in a hospital, a grocery store, a wood mill or a small convenience store. An experienced journeyman electrician should be able to handle the work at the rates shown here even though the materials and code requirements differ. But you'll have to make allowances if your installers are only familiar with res-idential work, and the job at hand is something else.

Improving Estimating Accuracy & Profits

It's been said that electrical estimators learn by making mistakes. The best estimators are the ones who've made the most mistakes. Once you've made every mistake possible, you're a real expert.

I can't subscribe 100 percent to that theory, but I know that there are plenty of pitfalls for unsuspecting electrical estimators. This section is intended to suggest ways to spot potential problems before they become major losses. It'll also recommend steps you can take to increase the profit on most jobs.

Labor Productivity

Improving output even slightly can result in major cost savings. Cutting only a minute or two off the installation time for each duplex receptacle or handy box can reduce the labor cost by several hundred to a thousand dollars a job. Getting better productivity from your electricians should be a primary concern for every electrical contractor.

Assuming your electricians are experienced, well-trained, and have all the tools and materials they need to complete the work, the most significant increase in productivity will probably be through motivation.

The best form of motivation for most electricians is to encourage pride in the work they do. Every alert supervisor knows the value of recognizing a job well

done. Acknowledging good work builds confidence and encourages extra effort in the future.

Labor Availability

Labor in each locale may not always be readily available. Prior to bidding any project, make an evaluation of the available work force. You may need to make staffing or salary adjustments for the duration of that project. Your work force evaluation will help you prepare for adding another workman, or adjusting a current employee's salary and benefits to compete with rates in your area.

Handling Inspections

The on-site supervisor or foreman should be responsible for dealing with all inspectors. Don't let others circumvent the supervisor's or foreman's authority.

An inspector's only job is to see that the installation complies with the code. They aren't supervisors and don't direct the work. They can and do interpret the code and sometimes make mistakes. Encourage the foreman or supervisor to take issue promptly with a questionable interpretation. Ask the inspector to cite a specific code as his reference. If the inspector insists that his interpretation is correct, and if you believe it's wrong, call the building official to initiate

an appeal. Your trade association or the National Electrical Contractors' Association may also be able to persuasively argue in your favor.

Some inspectors have a reputation for being impossible to deal with. Aggressive enforcement of questionable code interpretations can severely hurt project productivity. Following the code carefully will keep you out of most compliance arguments. Every electrician and electrical supervisor must know the code. Code classes are taught at continuation schools in many communities. You can take code classes to both understand how the code is applied and to remain current on code changes.

Mobilization and Demobilization

Many electrical subcontractors have job shacks and lockup boxes that can be moved onto the job for storing tools and materials. Some larger firms have trailers that can be moved from job to job. No matter what type of on-site storage you use, setting up takes time. The bigger the job, the more time will probably be needed.

Usually the first step is getting permission to set up your storage area on the site. Sometimes storage space is at a premium. Some city projects literally have no storage space until parts of the building are completed and can then be used. Occasionally tools and equipment will have to be stored off site. This can require daily mobilization and demobilization, which increases your labor cost substantially. Be sure your estimate includes these costs.

Demobilization usually takes less time and costs less than mobilization. Removing the surplus material, tools and equipment can be done by helpers or material handlers rather than electricians.

One important item in mobilization is temporary electrical service. Be sure you know who pays for installation of temporary power and who pays for power used on site during construction. It's common for the electrical contractor to cover the cost of electrical distribution and service. Installation is usually done by your electricians and will have to pass inspection.

Most communities require temporary electrical permits prior to starting work. Before applying for the permit, contact the electric utility provider and request a meeting with whoever coordinates extensions of service — usually the planner. Before your meeting, determine what size service you need. The planner will tell you what voltage is available and where the point of connection will be. Don't end this meeting with the planner until you've covered every requirement and procedure imposed by the electric utility.

Job Cleanup

Trash and debris that obstructs access to (and on) the job site can make good production next to impossible. That alone should be encouragement to regularly dispose of accumulated waste. Most speci-

fications require that subcontractors remove unused materials, cartons, wrappers and discarded equipment. On many jobs, the general contractor has the right to backcharge subs for removal of their discards if they don't clean the site themselves.

Encourage your crews to do their cleanup while installation is in progress. For example, each time a fixture is removed from a carton, the tradesman should collapse the carton and throw it on the discard pile. It takes slightly more time to dispose of trash this way, but cleanup is less likely to be forgotten.

Some contractors and subcontractors have a reputation for running a dirty job. You've probably seen sites that are so cluttered that you can't understand how anyone could work efficiently. Of course, as the electrical contractor, you can't dictate to the general contractor or the other subcontractors. But the work habits of others affect your productivity, and consequently, your profit.

I believe that if accumulated debris is slowing progress on the job, it's within your rights to discuss it with the general and the other subs. Request a meeting, right in the middle of the clutter. That alone may do the trick.

If you don't insist on a clean site, the fire department probably will. A clean job is more efficient and safer. A cluttered job costs everyone time and money.

Production

No matter how simple and quick you anticipate them to be, most jobs will have some production problems. Every job is unique. Every job brings together skilled tradesmen with varying preferences and habits. Some have never worked together before. Yet each must coordinate the work he does with those who precede him and those who follow. It's normal to expect that some adjustments will be needed before cooperation becomes routine.

Of course, the general contractor is the key to cooperation among the trades. A general who schedules trades properly will have fewer problems and will help all subcontractors earn the profit they're hoping for. This isn't automatic. And some general contractors never learn how to schedule properly. From an estimating prospective, it's more expensive to work for a contractor who has scheduling problems than it is to work for a contractor who's efficient at job coordination. If you anticipate production problems like this on a job, your estimate should reflect it.

Good supervision helps avoid most production problems. Try to schedule material deliveries in a timely manner. Have the right tools on hand when needed. Keep crews as small as possible. Don't work your crews more than 40 hours a week unless absolutely necessary. Too many bodies and too many hours will erode production.

If you're using a larger crew, don't have everyone work at the same time. Instead, break the crew into two units and encourage friendly competition between the two. Offer a reward for the winning crew.

Corrections

This book's tables assume that little or no time is spent making corrections after the work is done. Electrical contractors should have very few callbacks.

If you're called back often to replace faulty materials or correct defective workmanship, one of four things is happening. First, you could be working for some very particular contractors or owners, or handling some very sensitive work. In that case, callbacks could be part of the job and should be included in each estimate. Second, you could be installing substandard materials. Third, your electricians could be doing haphazard work. Finally, your installation procedure could be omitting fixture and circuit tests that could locate problems before the owner finds them.

When qualified electricians install quality materials, the risk of a callback is small. Occasionally a ballast will fail after 10 or 20 hours in use. And sometimes an owner's negligence will damage a circuit or switch. When this happens, accept the service work as routine. Complete it promptly at no extra charge. Consider it cheap advertising — a chance to establish your reputation with the owner. You could turn the service call into some extra work later.

Your Type of Work

Most electrical contractors prefer to handle specific types of work. Only a few have the capital, equipment and skills needed to handle the largest jobs. Most will do residential wiring because that's the most plentiful work available. Some prefer private work with as little government interference as possible. Others bid only government jobs.

The most profitable electrical contractors specialize in one type of work or customer. The electrical construction field is too broad to do everything well. Select an area that you feel comfortable with, and concentrate on doing it as well or better than anyone else. Of course, some of the older and larger electrical shops will do almost any type of work. But nearly every electrical contractor prefers some class of job over all others — and would take only that work if there was enough available to stay busy.

Observe the electrical contractors in your area. Notice the companies that seem to be busiest and most profitable. See what class of customers they service or what type of work they do most. It's probably easier to follow the success of another contractor who's found a winning formula than it is to invent a new formula yourself.

Specialization lets you hire electricians who are specialists, too. That tends to improve productivity, keep costs down, and improve profits — as long as you're handling work that's within your specialty.

Coordination is easier and the profits will usually be higher if you work for a limited number of general contractors. Some contractors seem to be masters at putting a project together. These same contractors probably pay promptly and treat their subs fairly. That makes your job easier and tends to fatten your bottom line. If you've found several contractors who make life more pleasant for you, keep them supplied with competitive bids that'll bring more work into both your shop and theirs.

Most electrical contractors don't bid government work. It's a specialty that requires specific knowledge: complying with detailed general conditions, observing regulations, anticipating inspection criteria and following administrative procedures. And every branch of federal, state and local government has its own requirements. Those who've mastered the procedures usually do quite well when work is plentiful. But government work is a tide that rises and falls just like that of general construction.

Bid Shopping

Many contractors prefer projects that require subcontractor listings. The general contractor must list the subcontractors he plans to use, and has to use the subs he lists. When listing of subs isn't required, in some cases the general contractor shops for lower subcontract bids right up to the time work begins. Even if the general has to list his subs in the contract with the owner, he'll still usually have a month or two to shop bids after the contract is awarded.

When a general contractor uses your bid to land a job, it's normal to expect that your company will get the contract. Giving all your competition a second look at the job is in no one's interest but the general contractor's. It's a waste of time to bid for general contractors who shop their sub bids. Nor is it good practice to undercut another electrical contractor whose estimate was used by the winning general contractor. Support the effort of reputable subcontractors who promote subcontractor listing at bid time.

Need More Help?

This book is concerned primarily with labor and material costs for electrical construction. You'll find only limited information here on how to compile an estimate. If you need a detailed explanation on how to make a material take-off and complete the bid, another book by this publisher may be helpful. Estimating Electrical Construction Revised is available from Craftsman Book Company at http:// https://craftsman-book.com/.

Section 1: Conduit and Fittings

Every electrical estimator should be familiar with the *National Electrical Code*®. Nearly all inspection authorities follow *NEC*® recommendations on what is and what is not good electrical construction practice. Most inspection authorities accept electrical materials that comply with *NEC* standards. But some cities and counties have special requirements that supplement the current *NEC*. Others are still following an older edition of the *NEC*. The *NEC* is revised every three years to incorporate changes deemed necessary to keep the code upto-date.

Be aware of the version of the *NEC* that applies at each job you're estimating, and stay current on special requirements that the inspection authority may impose.

Job specifications usually state that all work must comply with the *NEC*. But on many jobs the *NEC* sets only the minimum standard. Job specifications may prohibit what the *NEC* permits. For example, job specs might require specific installation methods or mandate specification grade fixtures.

The National Electrical Code classifies all enclosed channels intended to carry electrical conductors as "raceway." This includes conduit, busway and wireway. The most common raceway is electrical conduit. The code identifies the size and number of conductors that can be run through each size of conduit.

Conduit is intended to serve two purposes. First, it's a protective shield for the conductor it carries. It reduces the chance of accidental damage to the wire or insulation. Second, it protects people and property from accidental contact with the conductors. A ground or short is both a safety and a fire hazard.

Conduit is generally required in commercial and industrial buildings, hospitals, hotels, office buildings, stores and underground facilities. It's not generally used in wiring homes and apartments.

Several types of electrical conduit have been approved for electrical construction. Each is designed for a specific purpose or use. All conduit used in electrical construction as a raceway for conductors must bear a label issued by the Underwriter's Laboratories. The UL label indicates that the product has been approved for use under the *National Electrical Code*.

The *NEC* permits a maximum of four bends totaling 360 degrees between terminations in a run

of conduit. Exposed conduit should be installed horizontal or vertical and should run parallel to building members. Concealed conduit should be run in the shortest direct line to reduce the length of run. Long runs waste materials, require excessive labor and, if long enough, can reduce the voltage available at the load end.

Electrical Metallic Tubing

EMT is also known as **thin wall** or **steel tube**. EMT conduit is nonferrous steel tubing sold in 10-foot lengths. Unlike water pipe, the ends aren't threaded. The conduit has a corrosion-resistant coating inside and outside. This coating may be hot-dipped galvanizing, electroplating, or some other material. The conduit sizes are ½", ¾", 1", 1¼", 1½", 2", 2½", 3", 3½" and 4".

Many types of EMT fittings are available. There are elbows, compression, set screw, indent and drive-on fittings which may be made of steel or die cast. Couplings and connectors are sold separately and not included in the price of the conduit. Various types of connectors may be purchased with or without insulated throats. The locknuts for the connectors are included in the cost of the connector.

Couplings are available for joining EMT to rigid metal conduit and to flexible conduit. These couplings are available in compression, set screw and drive-on type and are made of steel or die cast.

EMT conduit is sold without couplings. You have to figure the number of couplings needed and price them separately. To figure the number needed, allow one coupling for each 10 feet of conduit. Then add one coupling for each factory-made elbow.

EMT should be bent with a special conduit bender. The bender has a shoe that fits over and around about half of the conduit to keep the conduit from collapsing as it bends. With a bender it's easy to produce smooth, consistent bends up to 90 degrees. Hand benders are used on sizes from ½" to 1¼". EMT bending machines are available for all sizes of conduit. There are manual, hydraulic and electrically driven machines.

Offsets are made to take EMT conduit around obstructions, and when needed, to align the conduit at a box or cabinet. You can make offsets with a hand bender on sizes up to 1¼". Offsets in EMT conduit over 1¼" should be made with a machine.

In smaller sizes, conduit can be cut with a tubing cutter. Cut larger diameters with a hacksaw or by machine. Cut ends must be reamed to remove the burrs made while cutting. Burrs can damage insulation when wire is pulled through the conduit. Ream with a pocket knife or pliers on smaller sizes and with a metal file or pipe reamer on larger sizes.

EMT must be supported so it doesn't deflect on longer runs. Straps and nailers are the most common way of supporting EMT. Straps usually have one or two holes for securing to the building. Most inspection authorities won't let you support EMT on plumber's perforated metal tape. Straps come in thin steel, heavy duty steel or malleable types. There are special straps made of spring steel for supporting small sizes of EMT to hanger rods or drop ceiling wires.

EMT conduit should be supported at least every 10 feet with a strap or hanger and within 18 inches of every junction box or cabinet.

Other supports include beam clamps for attaching conduit to structural steel members and straps for mounting EMT on steel channel strut. These two-piece straps or clamps are inserted into the strut and bolted together to hold the conduit in place.

EMT can be installed inside or outside, in concrete or masonry, exposed or concealed in walls, floors or ceilings. But be sure to use the correct fittings in wet locations. EMT is not approved for most types of hazardous locations. Some specs limit the use of EMT to dry areas and don't allow placement in masonry or concrete. Conduit placed in concrete floor slab is generally placed below the reinforcing bar curtain or between curtains when two curtains are used. Tie the conduit to the rebar to prevent shifting as the concrete is placed.

Where conduit is turned up above the surface of the concrete, the radius of the turn must be concealed. Part of it can be concealed in a wall, but none should be visible after the building finish has been installed.

As with all types of conduit, EMT should be installed with a minimum of damage to the structure. Keep it clear of heating, ventilating and air conditioning ducts, fire sprinkler systems, plumbing lines, access doors, etc. When necessary, the installer will have to make offsets and bends so the conduit fits into devices, electrical boxes and cabinets.

Flexible Metal Conduit

There are several types of flex conduit: standard wall steel flex, reduced wall steel flex, and aluminum flex. It comes in diameters from ³/₈" to 4" and is coiled in rolls of 100 feet in the small sizes and 25 feet in the larger sizes. Flex is usually used

in concealed locations but never underground or in concrete. It's cut with a special flex cutter, a hand hacksaw, or with a power cutter such as a portable band saw. The inside cut edge must be reamed to remove cutting burrs which would damage insulation when wire is pulled through conduit.

Flex connectors are available with set screw, screw-in, clamp type, straight, or angled connectors. They're made of steel or die cast. Insulated connectors are also available. Die cast flex couplings are available for joining flex to flex, flex to EMT, or flex to threaded conduit. Support flex with conduit straps or nailers.

Most inspection authorities require that a bonding conductor be installed when electrical wiring is run in flex. Bonding ensures that there's electrical continuity in the flex from one end to the other.

Some specifications restrict the use of flex to short connections to equipment that is subject to vibration (such as motors and machinery) and for built-ins, recessed lighting, and lay-in lighting fixtures.

Flex conduit is popular in remodeling work where wiring in raceway has to be run through an existing cavity wall or in a ceiling cavity. With a little effort, your installer can fish the flex from point to point without opening the wall or ceiling.

Polyvinyl Chloride Conduit

PVC conduit is approved by the *NEC* for many types of applications. But there are some situations where it cannot replace metallic conduit. It's not approved for hazardous locations or in return air plenums. Check with the inspection authority for other restrictions. The standard length is 10 feet and sizes range from ½" to 6". Schedule 40 PVC is the standard weight. Schedule 80 has a heavier wall. PVC can be installed directly underground, concrete encased underground, exposed, in concrete walls, and in unit masonry.

One coupling is furnished with each length of conduit and is usually attached to the conduit. PVC must be bent with a special hot box which heats the conduit until it becomes pliable. Once heated to the right temperature, the tube is bent and then allowed to cool. PVC fittings fit both Schedule 40 and 80 conduit. Couplings, terminal adapters, female adapters, expansion fittings, end bells, caps, conduit bodies, pull boxes, outlet boxes and elbows require a special cement. The glue is airdrying and comes in half-pints, pints, quarts, and gallon containers. The smaller containers have a brush attached to the cap for applying the cement to the conduit or fittings. PVC conduit can join other types of conduit if you use the right fittings to tie the two types together.

PVC is nonconductive. That makes a bonding conductor necessary to ensure electrical continuity

from the device to the service panel. You probably won't need a bonding conductor when PVC is used as communications conduit or in some application that doesn't include electrical wiring. When installed exposed, PVC requires extra support to keep it from sagging.

Some job specs restrict use of PVC to specific locations. One common restriction is to limit PVC to underground installations encased in a concrete envelope. Many specifications restrict its use to certain applications.

PVC conduit can be cut with a hand hacksaw, a wood crosscut saw, or with a power cutting machine. The inside cut edge should be reamed to remove the cutting burr. Use a pocket knife or a file.

Power and communications duct is usually called **P&C duct**. It's made of PVC in 25-foot lengths and in diameters from 1" to 6". There are two types of P&C duct. One is called **EB** for encased burial. The other is **DB** for direct burial. Fittings for P&C duct include couplings (one is furnished with each length), end bells, caps and plugs, terminal adapters, female adapters, elbows, and expansion fittings. The elbows are available in various shapes and with either long or short radii. Fittings can be used either on type EB or DB. Use a special cement to weld the fittings to the conduit.

Bend P&C duct with a hot box. It can be cut with the same tools as PVC conduit. The inside cut edge must be reamed to remove the cutting burr.

P&C duct is used for underground systems only, never above ground.

ABS underground duct is used and installed the same as PVC P&C duct. It requires a special ABS cement to weld the fittings to the conduit. The job specifications or the utility company may require either P&C, ABS or PVC duct, depending on the specific use.

Galvanized Rigid Conduit

GRS or RSC (for rigid steel conduit) is made with nonferrous metal and has a corrosion-resistant coating on the inside. The outer coating is either hot-dipped galvanizing or electroplate. It comes in diameters from ½" to 6" and in 10-foot lengths with a thread on each end. A coupling is furnished on one end of each length. GRS can be cut with a hand hacksaw, a pipe cutter, or with a cutting machine. The inner cut edge must be reamed to remove the burr. Use a pipe reamer or a file.

After the pipe has been cut and reamed, it can be threaded. Use a hand die for threading on a small job. Where there's more cutting and threading to be done, use a threading machine. Several types are available. Small portable electric threading tools cut sizes up to 2". Larger threading machines can cut, ream and thread conduit

diame-ters up to 6". Another good choice for GRS up to 6" is a threading set that uses a tripod vise stand and a threading head that clamps to the pipe in the vise stand. The threading head is turned with a universal joint connected to a power vise. Another set uses a tripod vise stand to hold the conduit. The threading head clamped on the conduit is turned with a reduction gear assembly powered by an electric drill. This rig works well on diameters over 2".

Use enough cutting oil to keep the die cool and lubricated during thread cutting. Cutting oil comes in clear or dark and in small cans, gallons and barrels. Use an oil can to keep a film of oil ahead of the dies. Commercial oiling units hold about a gallon of cutting oil and recirculate oil back to the cutting teeth as oil drips into the catch basin. Most threading machines have automatic oilers that filter the oil as it's reused.

Elbows are available for all sizes of GRS. Long radius bends are available for the larger sizes. Some specifications require concentric bends for all exposed conduit installed parallel on a common hanging assembly or trapeze.

GRS fittings include couplings, locknuts, bushings, one-hole straps, two-hole straps, heavy duty two-hole straps, expansion fittings, threadless compression couplings, threadless set-screw couplings, threadless compression connectors, threadless set-screw connectors, three-piece union-type couplings, strut clamps, beam clamps, hanger clamps, condulets, split couplings, caps, and plugs.

Galvanized rigid conduit is bent about the same way as EMT except that the bender is made for bending rigid conduit. Hand benders are used on conduit up to 1". There are hand benders for 1¼" and 1½" rigid steel conduit, but it takes a lot of effort to make the bend. Power benders can be used on all sizes of conduit, even the ½".

There are three common types of rigid steel benders: one-shot benders create a single standard radius arc. Segment benders must be moved along the conduit as each few degrees of bend are made. The electric sidewinder bender has up to three bending shoes in place ready to bend any of three sizes of conduit. The sidewinder saves labor on larger rigid conduit jobs.

Supports for rigid conduit must be no more than 10 feet apart from support to support and within 18 inches of junction boxes or cabinets.

Trapeze hangers are often used to carry multiple runs of GRS conduit. Trapeze hangers can be made from strut, angle iron, or channel iron. The trapeze is supported from the structural frame of the building with threaded rod — usually either 3/8" or ½" diameter. The upper part of the rod is attached to beam clamps or concrete anchors. The lower portion of the rod is run through the trapeze and is secured with double nuts and flat washers.

Like other hangers, trapezes have to be placed within 10 feet of each other and should be sized to support the total weight of the conduit and all cable. Trapeze hangers can be stacked one over the other with conduit clamped on each one.

IMC Conduit

Intermediate metal conduit (IMC) has a thinner wall than GRS. It comes in the same sizes and uses the same fittings as GRS. The same tools can be used for cutting, threading, and bending. It's made about the same way as GRS, comes in 10-foot lengths and is galvanized for corrosion resistance. The difference is that IMC is lighter and easier to install than GRS. Some specifications restrict its use to specific applications.

PVC Coated Conduit

Both GRS and IMC conduit come with a PVC coating for use in highly corrosive locations. Aluminum tubing also comes with a PVC coating, but applications are restricted to specific uses. The PVC coating is either 10, 20 or 40 mils thick, and is bonded directly to the conduit wall. Most fittings made for use with GRS are available with a PVC coating.

To thread PVC coated conduit, the PVC coating must be cut back away from the end to be threaded. When PVC coated conduit is put in a vise, be sure the coating is protected from the vise jaws. Also be careful when you're bending PVC coated conduit not to damage the coating. If the coating is damaged, patching material is available to restore the surface. The material comes in a spray can. Apply several thin layers to repair worn spots.

Conduit Take-Off

Here's how to calculate conduit quantities. First, scan the specs that cover conduit and conduit installation. Absorb all the information that relates to conduit. Then review the drawings for anything about conduit. The symbol list may include the engineer's design notations. Notes on the drawings or in the specs may set specific minimum conduit sizes. It's common for an engineer to require a minimum size conduit in the home run to the panel or cabinets or to specify a minimum size of 3/4" throughout the job. It's also common practice to limit the maximum size of EMT to 2". Ignoring a note like that can be expensive.

For your quantity take-off, use any ruled 8½" by 11" tablet. Draw a pencil line down the left side of the sheet about an inch from the edge. Begin by looking for the smallest diameter of EMT. Write "EMT" at the top left of your take-off sheet. On the next line down, to the left of the vertical line, list the smallest EMT size found in the project — probably ½". To the right of the vertical line and on the

same horizontal line as the size, you're going to list lengths of EMT of that diameter. Then you'll go to the next larger diameter, listing quantities until all EMT on the plans has been covered.

Check the plan scale before you start measuring conduit. If the plan has been reduced photographically to save paper, the scale will be inaccurate. Once you're sure of the correct scale, select the appropriate map measure or rule to compute conduit lengths.

Measure the length of each run of ½" EMT. Add enough conduit to include the run down to the wall switch, receptacle or panel. Write down the calculated length. As each run is listed on your take-off sheet, put a check mark on the plan over the line you just measured. Use an erasable color pencil and let each color stand for a particular conduit type. For example, red might be for GRS conduit. Follow the same color code on all estimates to avoid mistakes.

If there are more than two or three plan sheets, it's good practice to calculate the length of $\frac{1}{2}$ " EMT on each plan sheet and list that number separately on your take-off form. When you've finished taking off $\frac{1}{2}$ " EMT on the first plan sheet, list that quantity, and at the top of the column write in the plan sheet number. Then draw a vertical line to the right of that column and start accumulating lengths from the next plan sheet. As each plan page is taken off, enter the total and write the plan sheet number at the top of the column. Figure 1-1 shows what your take-off might look like if conduit and fittings are found on plan sheets E3 to E11.

When all of the smallest-diameter EMT has been listed, go on to the next larger size. Follow the same procedure.

After listing all EMT, begin with the fittings. Below the last horizontal line used for conduit, and to the left of the vertical line, write the word "Connectors." Below that, list all sizes of connectors needed for the job, again working from the smallest size to the largest. Don't bother to list the couplings. They'll be figured later from the total conduit length — one for each 10 feet and one for each elbow.

Count each connector needed for each conduit run on each plan sheet. Enter the total on your take-off form. When all connectors are counted, count EMT elbows from 1½" to the largest size needed.

Follow this system for all estimates and for each item on every estimate. Keep it simple and uniform to avoid mistakes and omissions. When finished, your conduit and fitting take-off form might look like Figure 1-1. The right column is the sum of the columns to the left.

		,	Work Sh	eet	Est	timate N	о.: М35	1_		
				Cona	duit / Fit	tings				
	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	E10	E11	Total
1/2" EMT	550	420	200	90	290	130	190	320		2190
3/4"	20		30	20	80					150
1"			3		5		50			58
11/4"			30							30
11/2"									90	90
2"					4				16	20
½" Conn	76	52	124	47	48	16	14	18		395
3/4" 1"	4		26	4	19	2 2				55
			4		5	2	2			13
11/4"			2							2
11/2"									4	4
2"					2				4	6
1¼" Elb			2							2
11/2"									3	3
2"									3	3
1/2" PVC			310	380	50					740
3/4"			120	100	220	50				490
1"			40		320	40				400
11/4"						180				180
11/2"				60					75	135
2"				10	25			70	75	180
4"								150		150
1⁄2" FA			45	30	4					79
3/4"			4	4	12	2				22
1"			2		17	2				21
11/4"										0
11/2"				4					2	6
2"			• •	2	2				2	6
1⁄2" TA			5							5
3/4"					4					4
1"					1					1
1/2" Elb			50	30	4					84
3/4"			2	2	16	2				22

Figure 1-1

Many jobs limit the use of EMT to dry locations. So your EMT take-off will probably start with the lighting plans or the lighting portion of the plan.

Taking Off the Wire

Next, compute the quantity of wire needed. Head up another take-off form with the word "Wire" at the top. Put a vertical line down the left side of the page about an inch from the left edge. In this margin, list wire sizes from the smallest to the largest. To the right of the vertical line you'll list lengths for each wire gauge, on each plan sheet.

Start by measuring the length of ½" EMT with two #12 wires. Multiply by 2 to find the wire length. Then measure the length of ½" EMT with three #12 wires and multiply by 3. Keep following this proce-

dure until the wire needed in all EMT has been computed. But watch for changes in the wire size on long runs. Sometimes the engineer will decide that a larger wire size is needed in the first portion of a run to reduce the voltage drop at the end of the line. This is common where the last device or fixture on a circuit is a long way from the panel.

Follow the same procedure for all conduit and wire. Record all of the measurements on the work sheets. Don't worry about waste of conduit or wire at this point. We'll include an allowance for waste after the totals are added and before figures are transferred to the pricing sheets.

Sometimes the specifications or a note on the plans will allow the use of aluminum feeder wire over a certain size, providing the ampacity of the wire is maintained and the conduit size is increased to accommodate the larger wire size. Be sure to observe these restrictions.

Taking Off Other Conduit

Some specifications permit the use of aluminum conduit in certain locations. The aluminum conduit is made in the same sizes as GRS. The fittings are identical except that they're made of aluminum instead of steel. Most specs prohibit the use of dissimilar metals in a conduit run and don't allow placing of aluminum conduit in concrete. Aluminum conduit saves time because it's lighter and easier to handle. But large wire sizes may be a little more difficult to pull in aluminum conduit. The insulation of the wire, the length of the conduit run, and the pulling lubricant used have an effect on pulling resistance.

When taking off the underground conduit, start a separate work sheet for trenching, surface cutting, breaking, and patching. List all excavation for underground pull boxes, handholes, manholes, poles, and light pole bases. Be sure the trenches are big enough for the number of duct they have to carry. If the specifications require concrete or sand encasement around underground duct, calculate the amount of concrete or sand as you compute measurements for each trench.

Be systematic. Follow the same procedure consistently on every take-off. If there are other estimators in your office, be sure they are using the same procedures. Being consistent reduces errors, minimizes omissions, and makes the work easier for others to check.

We've covered all common conduit. But some other types are used occasionally for special purposes:

Fiber duct is a paper and creosote duct. Type 1 is intended for concrete encasement and Type 2 is used for direct burial. Sizes range from 2" to 5". Lengths can be 5, 8 or 10 feet. End fittings are tapered. Ends that have been cut must be tapered with a duct lathe.

Transite duct is cement asbestos duct. Type 1 is for concrete encasement and Type 2 is for direct burial. Sizes range from 2" to 6". It's made in 5, 8 and 10-foot lengths. Transite is harder to cut and must have tapered ends for fittings.

Soapstone duct is made from a soapstone-like material in sizes from 2" to 4".

Wrought iron pipe comes in sizes from 2" to 4". It's used only for certain types of underground communications lines and has to be threaded on each end to accept fittings.

Clay conduit comes in sizes from 2" to 4". It's used for underground communication runs only.

These types of conduit are seldom specified today. You'll see them used only when an old duct line has to be extended. It may be hard to find a fitting that will join an existing duct system made with one type of duct to a new run of duct made from some other material. Sometimes an oversize plastic coupling can be used. In some cases an inside plastic coupling can be inserted into the old conduit. Then new conduit can be joined to start the new run.

Before extending an old underground duct system, check the old conduit with a mandrel to be sure the line is clean and clear. Old fiber duct that's been under water for a long time will swell, making the inside diameter too small to pull new cable.

Silicon-bronze conduit comes in sizes from ½" to 4". It's threaded like GRS and uses similar fittings, except that fittings are silicon-bronze also. It's used in extremely corrosive locations. This type of conduit will be available from your dealer on special request only. It's harder to bend, but can be bent with standard rigid bending tools. It threads very well with the standard threading tools and cutting oil.

Liquid-tight flexible metal conduit comes in sizes from ½" to 4". It's used to extend conduit to electrical equipment in damp or wet locations. Special fittings are available for connecting electrical systems and devices with this conduit. Your dealer probably stocks a limited supply of liquid-tight flex and will quote prices on request. The conduit can be cut with a hacksaw. Be sure to remove the cutting burr. Special connectors with grips are available to support the conduit and prevent any pulling strain.

Liquid-tight flexible non-metallic conduit comes in sizes from ½" to 1½". It's used in place of flexible metal conduit in concealed locations. Special fittings are available for making connections. Your dealer may have a limited supply in stock.

Flexible metallic tubing is available only in sizes from 3/8" to 3/4". Special fittings are available for making connections. The tubing can be bent by hand and is cut with a hacksaw. The cutting burr must be removed before connectors are installed.

Other UL-approved raceways for electrical systems are covered in other sections of this book. See the sections on surface metal raceway, underfloor ducts, header ducts, cable tray, and wireway.

Using the Conduit Tables

The labor tables that follow are for conduit runs that average 50 feet. You'll note that there is no modification in the tables for shorter runs or longer runs of conduit. I agree that it takes more time per linear foot to install a 5-foot run of conduit than it does to install a 95-foot run of conduit. But I don't

recommend that you tally shorter runs and longer runs separately and then compute labor separately for each. There's an easier way.

On most jobs the conduit runs average 50 feet. There will usually be about as many runs under 50 feet as there are runs over 50 feet. It's safe then, to use a 50-foot run as our benchmark. As long as the conduit runs on a job average close to 50 feet, there's no need to modify the figures in these tables. If conduit runs average well over 50 feet, consider reducing the cost per linear foot slightly. Increase the cost slightly if conduit runs average less than 50 feet.

The labor costs that follow include the labor needed to bore holes in wood stud walls. Where holes have to be cut through concrete or unit masonry, add these costs separately.

Typical conduit bending is included in the tables that follow. Usually you will have a bend or offset about every 20 feet. Labor needed to make bends and offsets is minor when installing the smaller sizes of conduit.

Concealed conduit is installed where it will be inaccessible once the structure or finish of the building is completed. Exposed conduit is attached to the surface where access is possible even after the building is completed. It's usually faster to run concealed conduit through wall and ceiling cavities that will be covered later by finish materials. Installing conduit on surfaces that won't be covered later usually takes more time.

If only a small percentage of the conduit is to be installed exposed, the cost difference will be minor and probably can be ignored. But if most of the job is exposed, add about 20 percent to the labor cost.

The conduit tables that follow assume that electricians are working from ladders and lifts up to 12 feet above the floor. Add to the labor cost for heights beyond 12 feet. If a large quantity of conduit has to be installed at 18 feet above the floor, for example, add 15 percent to the labor cost.

If there are conduit runs over 20 feet above the floor, check your labor contract for a *high time clause*. Some agreements require that electricians be paid time and one-half for heights from 20 to 50 feet and double time for heights beyond 50 feet. If high time must be paid, be sure the extra cost is covered in your bid.

Job Size Modifiers

It's seldom necessary to estimate lower productivity just because the job is small. If you're figuring a very small job with only four or five conduit runs, each with only a strap or two, you might want to use a higher hourly labor rate. On any other job

that takes from two days to several years, you can use the labor units in the tables that follow. Of course, you'll still have to modify the figures for other than "good" conditions. And if you have long runs of feeder conduit with parallel runs on a common trapeze, you can reduce those labor units by as much as 40 percent.

Pitfalls

The most common error when estimating conduit is failing to read the plans and specs. Read carefully! Your profit depends on it. It's easy to miss a little note where the designer sets the minimum size for conduit at 3/4" and 1" for all home runs to the panel. Look for a note on the plans that requires stub ups to ceiling cavities from power and lighting panels. The designer may require one 3/4" conduit run for each three spare circuit breakers in a panel.

It's common for rigid conduit to be installed in a concrete floor slab. Where GRS is stubbed up out of the concrete for a wall switch, it's easier and cheaper to use EMT for the wall extension. The NEC permits making that extension in EMT. But some specs don't! Others require that a junction box be used to separate the two types of conduit. Failing to catch that note can be an expensive mistake.

You'll find all sorts of restrictions in specs and notes on the plans. That's why it's so important to read the plans and specs carefully. It's elementary, but it's so often overlooked.

Waste of Material

There will always be some waste on a job. Rounding off the conduit and wire needed to the next even 100 feet will usually allow enough extra material to cover all waste. But there are some cases where you can anticipate a waste problem. For example, suppose there will be 2 feet of waste for every 20 feet of conduit installed because of an unusual lighting pattern. Or suppose a row of junction boxes is spaced at 9 feet. Then a 10 percent waste allowance may be called for. That's almost certainly true if your job is installing the lighting only. There may be no chance to use waste materials on another part of the job.

Allowances

Be sure to make allowances for the vertical portion of every conduit run that stubs up or down in a wall. The floor plan doesn't show the 4 or 5 feet needed to run from the slab to the wall switch or panel. Even worse, if the job is a warehouse, the stub up to a switch or panel may be 15 to 20 feet. That's a wide miss! Watch for stub up.

Electrical Metallic Tubing

Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
floor slab or multip	ole runs c	on a trapeze			
L1@3.25	CLF	39.50	140.00	179.50	
L1@3.50	CLF	74.50	151.00	225.50	
L1@4.00	CLF	125.00	172.00	297.00	
L1@4.50	CLF	190.00	194.00	384.00	
L1@5.50	CLF	234.00	237.00	471.00	
L1@7.00	CLF	287.00	302.00	589.00	
L1@9.00	CLF	466.00	388.00	854.00	Į
L1@10.0	CLF	572.00	431.00	1,003.00	
L1@11.0	CLF	832.00	474.00	1,306.00	
L1@12.0	CLF	844.00	517.00	1,361.00	
concealed areas,	walls ar	nd closed ce	ilings		
L1@3.50	CLF	39.50	151.00	190.50	
L1@3.75	CLF	74.50	162.00	236.50	
L1@4.25	CLF	125.00	183.00	308.00	
L1@5.00	CLF	190.00	215.00	405.00	
L1@6.00	CLF	234.00	259.00	493.00	
L1@8.00	CLF	287.00	345.00	632.00	
L1@10.0	CLF	466.00	431.00	897.00	
L1@12.0	CLF	572.00	517.00	1,089.00	
L1@14.0	CLF	832.00	603.00	1,435.00	
L1@16.0	CLF	844.00	689.00	1,533.00	
				,	
L1@3.75	CLF	39.50	162.00	201.50	
L1@4.00	CLF	74.50	172.00	246.50	
L1@4.50	CLF	125.00	194.00	319.00	
L1@6.00	CLF	190.00	259.00	449.00	
L1@8.00	CLF	234.00	345.00	579.00	
L1@10.0	CLF	287.00	431.00	718.00	
L1@12.0	CLF	466.00	517.00	983.00	
L1@14.0	CLF	572.00	603.00	1,175.00	
L1@16.0	CLF	832.00	689.00	1,521.00	
	floor slab or multip L1@3.25 L1@3.50 L1@4.00 L1@4.50 L1@5.50 L1@7.00 L1@9.00 L1@10.0 L1@11.0 L1@12.0 concealed areas, L1@3.50 L1@3.75 L1@4.25 L1@6.00 L1@10.0 L1@12.0 stalled in exposed L1@3.75 L1@4.00 L1@16.00 L1@16.00 L1@14.0 L1@16.00 L1@4.50 L1@6.00 L1@8.00 L1@10.0 L1@14.0 L1@14.0 L1@14.00 L1@10.0 L1@14.0	Concealed areas, walls are Concealed area	Craft@Hrs Unit Cost	Craft@Hrs Unit Cost Cost	Craft@Hrs Unit Cost Cost Cost

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT conduit installed in a building under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include typical bending, boring out wood studs and joists (in concealed locations only), layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for connectors, couplings, straps, boxes, wire, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Conduit runs are assumed to be 50' long. Shorter runs will take more labor and longer runs will take less labor per linear foot.

EMT Hand Benders are on page 27.

EMT Fittings

4"

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
EMT 45 degre	e elbows				
1"	L1@0.06	Ea	5.72	2.59	8.31
1-1/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	7.20	3.45	10.65
1-1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	12.20	3.45	15.65
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	15.40	4.31	19.71
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	37.60	6.46	44.06
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	56.10	8.62	64.72
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	74.50	8.62	83.12
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	88.30	10.80	99.10
EMT 90 degre	e elbows		•		
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	7.32	3.45	10.77
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	9.11	4.31	13.42
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	10.50	4.31	14.81
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	15.40	6.46	21.86
2-/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	37.60	6.46	44.06
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	56.10	8.62	64.72
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	74.50	8.62	83.12

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT elbows installed on EMT conduit in a building under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each elbow installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs are for factory-made elbows and include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for field bending, couplings and connectors at the end of the run, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, denobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

Ea

88.30

10.80

99.10

Conduit weight per 100 feet (in pounds)

L1@0.25

Diameter	EMT steel	ENT plastic	PVC 40	Rigid steel	Intermediate rigid steel	Rigid aluminum
1/2"	30	11	18	79	57	30
3/4"	46	14	23	105	78	40
1"	66	20	35	153	112	59
1-1/4"	96	_	48	201	114	80
1-1/2"	112	_	57	249	176	96
2"	142	_	76	334	230	129
2-1/2"	230	_	125	527	393	205
3"	270		164	690	483	268
3-1/2"	350	_	198	831	561	321
4"	400	_	234	982	625	382
5"		_	317	1344	_	522
6"	_	_	412	1770	_	678

EMT Connectors

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Indent EMT co	onnectors					
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.50	2.15	2.65	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.88	2.59	3.47	
Die cast set so	crew EMT connecto	rs				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.30	2.15	2.45	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.50	2.59	3.09	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.93	3.45	4.38	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.64	4.31	5.95	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.23	4.31	6.54	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	2.97	6.46	9.43	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	6.73	6.46	13.19	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	8.18	8.62	16.80	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	9.70	8.62	18.32	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	12.20	10.80	23.00	
			J. K			
Insulated die	cast set screw EMT	connect	ors			
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.50	2.15	2.65	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.75	2.59	3.34	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.36	3.45	4.81	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.71	4.31	7.02	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.31	4.31	7.62	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.44	6.46	10.90	
2-1/2"	L1@0:15	Ea	12.10	6.46	18.56	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	14.10	8.62	22.72	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	18.00	8.62	26.62	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	19.70	10.80	30.50	
Steel set screv	w EMT connectors					
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.74	2.15	2.89	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.21	2.59	3.80	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.11	3.45	5.56	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.41	4.31	8.72	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.42	4.31	10.73	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	9.10	6.46	15.56	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	29.90	6.46	36.36	
3"	L1@0.13	Ea	35.20	8.62	43.82	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	46.20	8.62	54.82	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT connectors installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector or expanded elbow installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the connector locknut, removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for insulated bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

Indenter tools are on page 22.

14-4-4-1

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1 -6--

EMT Connectors

				Material	Labor	Installed			
	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost			
Insulated steel set screw EMT connectors									
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.99	2.15	3.14			
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.59	2.59	4.18			
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.65	3.45	6.10			
	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.31	4.31	9.62			
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	7.79	4.31	12.10			
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	11.30	6.46	17.76			
	2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	50.60	6.46	57.06			
	3"	L1@0.20	Ea	62.90	8.62	71.52			
	3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	84.40	8.62	93.02			
	4"	L1@0.25	Ea	92.30	10.80	103.10			
	Die cast o	compression EMT conne	ectors, rai	ntight					
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.50	2.15	2.65			
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.88	2.59	3.47			
П	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.42	3.45	4.87			
	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.34	4.31	6.65			
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.07	4.31	7.38			
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.88	6.46	11.34			
	2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	10.40	6.46	16.86			
	3"	L1@0.20	Ea	12.70	8.62	21.32			
	3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	16.90	8.62	25.52			
	4"	L1@0.25	Ea	19.60	10.80	30.40			
	ام ماده ادما		- N 4T		lada k				
		die cast compression E							
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.66	2.15	2.81			
	3/4"	21@0.06	Ea	1.13	2.59	3.72			
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.78	3.45	5.23			
	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.30	4.31	7.61			
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.07	4.31	8.38			
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	6.00	6.46	12.46			
	2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	17.80	6.46	24.26			
	3"	L1@0.20	Ea	20.90	8.62	29.52			
	3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.20	Ea	26.00	8.62	34.62			
	4	L1@0.25	Ea	30.40	10.80	41.20			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT connectors installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the connector locknut, removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for insulated bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.



EMT Connectors

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Steel compres	ssion EMT connecto	rs, raintig	ıht			
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.09	2.15	2.24	
3/4" 1"	L1@0.06	Ea	.14	2.59	2.73	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.20	3.45	3.65	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	.43	4.31	4.74	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.62	4.31	4.93	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	.88	6.46	7.34	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.28	6.46	10.74	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	5.93	8.62	14.55	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	8.97	8.62	17.59	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	9.18	10.80	19.98	
		_		1110		
nsulated steel	I compression EMT	connect	ors, raintight			
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.10	2.15	2.25	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.15	2.59	2.74	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.27	3.45	3.72	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	.57	4.31	4.88	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.81	4.31	5.12	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.15	6.46	7.61	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	7.20	6.46	13.66	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	9.30	8.62	17.92	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	13.60	8.62	22.22	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	14.00	10.80	24.80	
Die cast inder	nt offset EMT conne	ctors				
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.52	4.31	5.83	}
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.10	4.31	6.41	
Die cast set sc	crew offset EMT con	nectors				
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.92	4.31	6.23	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.78	4.31	7.09	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.00	6.46	10.46	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT connectors installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the connector locknut, removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for insulated bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

Indenter tools are on page 22.

Material

.99

Labor

Installed

3.58

EMT Connectors and Couplings

3/4"

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost
Steel compression offs	et EMT conr	nectors, r	aintight		
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.93	4.31	7.24
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.24	4.31	8.55
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.71	6.46	11.17
Indent EMT couplings					
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.51	2.15	2.66

L1@0.06



Die cast set screv	w EMT couplings		♦	0,	
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.32	2.15	2.47
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.51	2.59	3.10
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.87	3.45	4.32
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	1,51	4.31	5.82
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.31	4.31	6.62
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	3.07	6.46	9.53
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea Ea	5.89	6.46	12.35
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	6.72	8.62	15.34
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	7.78	8.62	16.40
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	9.50	10.80	20.30

Ea



Indenter tools				
With jaws for 1/2" EMT	Ea	26.60	_	26.60
With jaws for 3/4" EMT	Ea	37.00	_	37.00
Replacement points, 1/2" EMT —	Ea	2.00	_	2.00
Replacement points, 3/4" EMT —	Ea	2.08	_	2.08

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT connectors and couplings installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each coupling or connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the connector or coupling, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Drive-on EMT fittings are rated as raintight and are also concrete tight. They are threaded with a standard electrical pipe thread and can be adapted easily to rigid conduit or other threaded fittings. Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

EMT Couplings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Set screw steel	I EMT couplings					
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.19	2.15	2.34	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.23	2.59	2.82	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.35	3.45	3.80	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	.73	4.31	5.04	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.09	4.31	5.40	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.43	6.46	7.89	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	3.13	6.46	9,59	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	3.49	8.62	12.11	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	4.28	8.62	12.90	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	4.67	10.80	15.47	
Die cast comp	oression EMT coupli	nas. raini	tiaht			
1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08	Ea Ea Ea	.27	2.15 2.59 3.45	2.42 2.93 4.01	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.02	4.31	5.33	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.58	4.31	5.89	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.93	6.46	8.39	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	7.50	6.46	13.96	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	8.02	8.62	16.64	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	9.80	8.62	18.42	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	10.20	10.80	21.00	
Steel compres	sion EMT couplings	. raintiah	t			
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.27	2.15	2.42	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.37	2.59	2.96	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.58	3.45	4.03	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.04	4.31	5.35	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.51	4.31	5.82	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	2.08	6.46	8.54	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	8.52	6.46	14.98	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	10.90	8.62	19.52	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	15.70	8.62	24.32	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	16.10	10.80	26.90	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT couplings installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each coupling installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the coupling, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Compression fittings are raintight and can be used in concrete. Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

EMT Couplings and Straps

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
	MT to flex couplings				
1/2" 3/4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.05	Ea Ea	1.36 1.82	2.15 2.15	3.51 3.97
1"	L1@0.06	Ea	2.53	2.59	5.12
Steel FIMI	to GRS compression co	uplings, i	raintignt		
1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08	Ea Ea Ea	2.09 2.96 4.50	2.15 2.59 3.45	4.24 5.55 7.95
1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15	Ea Ea Ea	7.82 9.60 19.00	4.31 4.31 6.46	12.13 13.91 25.46
Steel EMT	nail straps				
1/2"	L1@0.02	Ea	.07	.86	.93
3/4" 1"	L1@0.03 L1@0.05	Ea Ea	.07	1.29 2.15	1.36 2.24
Steel one	hole EMT straps				
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	.03	1.29	1.32
3/4"	L1@0.04	Е́а	.05	1.72	1.77
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	.08	2.15	2.23
1-1/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.16	2.59	2.75
1-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.23	2.59	2.82
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.28	4.31	4.59
2-1/2" 3"	L1@0.10 L1@0.15	Ea Ea	1.07 1.31	4.31 6.46	5.38 7.77
3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	2.05	6.46	8.51
4"	L1@0.15	Ea	2.59	6.46	9.05

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT couplings and EMT straps installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each coupling and strap installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting the EMT conduit, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add the cost of conduit, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

EMT Straps

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
One hole hear	vy duty steel EMT st	raps				
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	.15	1.29	1.44	
3/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	.18	1.72	1.90	
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	.33	2.15	2.48	
1-1/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.43	2.59	3.02	
1-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.64	2.59	3.23	
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.99	4.31	5.30	
One hole mall	eable EMT straps					
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	.20	1.29	1.49	
3/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	.29	1.72	2.01	
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	.42	2.15	2.57	
1-1/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.82	2.59	3.41	
1-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.96	2.59	3.55	
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.86	4.31	6.17	
2-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.01	4.31	8.32	
3"	L1@0.15	Ea	5.08	6.46	11.54	
3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	6.61	6.46	13.07	
4"	L1@0.15	Ea	14.60	6.46	21.06	
Two hole steel	EMT straps					
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	.13	1.29	1.42	
3/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	.18	1.72	1.90	
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	.28	2.15	2.43	
1-1/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.41	2.59	3.00	
1-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.48	2.59	3.07	
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.81	4.31	5.12	
2-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.21	4.31	5.52	
3"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.41	6.46	7.87	
3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.47	6.46	7.93	
4"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.75	6.46	8.21	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT straps installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each strap installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting the EMT conduit, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add the cost of conduit, screws or nails to hold the straps, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

14-4-4-1

1 -6---

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EMT Straps, Hangers and Clips

				Material	Labor	Installed				
	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost				
Two hole heavy duty steel EMT straps										
	1"	L1@0.05	Ea	.13	2.15	2.28				
	1-1/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.18	2.59	2.77				
	1-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.25	2.59	2.84				
	2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.42	4.31	4.73				
	2-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.48	4.31	4.79				
	3"	L1@0.10	Ea	.70	4.31	5.01				
	3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.04	6.46	7.50				
	4"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.77	6.46	8.23				
	Steel EMT c	onduit hangers with b	olt	* .	0,					
	1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	.33	1.29	1.62				
	3/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	.36	1.72	2.08				
	1"	L1@0.05	Ea	.42	2.15	2.57				
 	1-1/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.51	2.59	3.10				
	1-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.62	2.59	3.21				
	2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.78	4.31	5.09				
25	2-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.88	4.31	5.19				
	3"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.17	6.46	7.63				
	3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.36	6.46	7.82				
	4"	L1@0.15	Ea	3.64	6.46	10.10				
	De avec eleve		.	sh.						
		p EMT conduit hange	<u> </u>							
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.62	2.15	2.77				
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.72	2.59	3.31				
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.83	3.45	4.28				
1	1-1/4"	1@0.10	Ea	1.01	4.31	5.32				
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.25	4.31	5.56				
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.55	6.46	8.01				
	EMT Strut CI	dmb								
	1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.46	2.59	3.05				
	3/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	.47	3.45	3.92				
≈ <u>≈</u> ÷	1"	L1@0.10	Ea	.55	4.31	4.86				
	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	.61	4.31	4.92				
	1-1/4 1-1/2"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10	⊑a Ea	.75	4.31	4.92 5.06				
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	.78	6.46	7.24				
		=: 0 =:								

Use these figures to estimate the cost of EMT straps, hangers and clips installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each strap, hanger or clip installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting the EMT conduit, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add the cost of conduit, screws or nails to hold the straps, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

EMT Clips, Adapters, Elbows, Caps and Benders

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
EMT clips for roo	d, wire, or steel fla	nge				
1/2"	L1@0.04	Ea	.16	1.72	1.88	
3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	.17	2.15	2.32	
1"	L1@0.06	Ea	.19	2.59	2.78	
1-1/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	.23	3.45	3.68	
EMT split adapte	ers			•	N	
1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.32	3.45	4.77	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.19	4.31	5.50	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	1.63	6.46	8.09	
Die cast 90 deg	gree EMT elbows					
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.56	4.31	6.87	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.00	4.31	8.31	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	5.54	6.46	12.00	
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	27.60	6.46	34.06	
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	35.90	6.46	42.36	
90 degree EMT	short elbows	· `				
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.30	4.31	6.61	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.18	4.31	7.49	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	5.59	6.46	12.05	0
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	22.10	6.46	28.56	
Slip-fitter EMT er	ntrance caps					
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.77	4.31	8.08	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.40	4.31	8.71	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	5.19	6.46	11.65	
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	5.80	6.46	12.26	
EMT hand bend	lers					
1/2"	_	Ea	18.50	_	18.50	
3/4"	_	Ea	40.00	_	40.00	
1"	_	Ea	44.70	_	44.70	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of items shown above installed on EMT conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each item installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the connector locknut, removing the knockout when required, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit boxes, insulated bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

Flexible Conduit

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
Flex steel co	nduit				
3/8"	L1@2.50	CLF	21.10	108.00	129.10
1/2"	L1@2.75	CLF	18.70	118.00	136.70
3/4"	L1@3.00	CLF	25.50	129.00	154.50
1"	L1@3.25	CLF	46.60	140.00	186.60
1-1/4"	L1@3.50	CLF	60.00	151.00	211.00
1-1/2"	L1@3.75	CLF	98.20	162.00	260.20
2"	L1@4.00	CLF	120.00	172.00	292.00
2-1/2"	L1@4.25	CLF	144.00	183.00	327.00
3"	L1@4.50	CLF	253.00	194.00	447.00
3-1/2"	L1@4.75	CLF	360.00	205.00	565.00
4"	L1@5.00	CLF	326.00	215.00	541.00
Flex aluminu	m conduit				
3/8"	L1@2.25	CLF	23.20	97.00	120.20
1/2"	L1@2.50	CLF	19.20	108.00	127.20
3/4"	L1@2.75	CLF	26.40	118.00	144.40
1"	L1@3.00	CLF	49.50	129.00	178.50
1-1/4"	L1@3.25	CLF	65.90	140.00	205.90
1-1/2"	L1@3.50	CLF	118.00	151.00	269.00
2"	L1@3.75	CLF	126.00	162.00	288.00
2-1/2"	L1@4.00	CLF	201.00	172.00	373.00
3"	L1@4.25	CLF	330.00	183.00	513.00
3-1/2"	L1@4.50	CLF	381.00	194.00	575.00
4"	L1@4.75	CLF	425.00	205.00	630.00

Use these figures to estimate the cost of flexible conduit installed in a building, and for equipment hookup under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include boring or notching wood studs and joists (in concealed locations), cutting flex conduit, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for connectors, couplings, straps, boxes, wire, bonding wire, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Conduit runs are assumed to be 25' long. Labor costs per linear foot will be higher on shorter runs and lower on longer runs.

Flexible Conduit Connectors

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Die cast screv	v-in flex connectors	;				
3/8"	L1@0.03	Ea	.16	1.29	1.45	
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	.22	1.29	1.51	
3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	.37	2.15	2.52	
1"	L1@0.06	Ea	.82	2.59	3.41	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.57	4.31	5.88	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.19	4.31	6.50	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	2.65	6.46	9.11	
Insulated die	cast screw-in flex c	onnecto	rs	. 0		
3/8"	L1@0.03	Ea	.32	1.29	1.61	
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	.38	1.29	1.67	
3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	.50	2.15	2.65	
1"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.06	2.59	3.65	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.45	4.31	6.76	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.90	4.31	7.21	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	2.90 3.34	6.46	9.80	
Die cast sque	eze flex connectors					
3/8"	L1@0.05	Ea	.65	2.15	2.80	
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.74	2.15	2.89	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.83	2.59	3.42	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.64	3.45	5.09	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.57	4.31	7.88	
1-1/2"	11@0.10	Ea	6.73	4.31	11.04	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	11.40	6.46	17.86	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of flexible conduit connectors installed on flex conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the locknut, removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for connectors, couplings, straps, boxes, wire, bonding wire, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full boxes.

Squeeze Flexible Conduit Connectors

				Material	Labor	Installed
	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost
	Insulated	l die cast squeeze flex c	onnecto	rs		
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.13	2.15	3.28
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.14	2.59	3.73
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.40	3.45	4.85
	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.38	4.31	7.69
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.55	4.31	9.86
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	8.44	6.46	14.90
	Malleabl	e squeeze flex connecto	ors			
	3/8"	L1@0.05	Ea	.62 🛦	2.15	2.77
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.93	2.15	3.08
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.75	2.59	3.34
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.75	3.45	6.20
	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.32	4.31	8.63
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.89	4.31	10.20
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	8.24	6.46	14.70
	2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	16.20	6.46	22.66
	3"	L1@0.20	Ea	22.30	8.62	30.92
	lmas slanka a		X	la va		
		I malleable squeeze flex				
	3/8"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.28	2.15	3.43
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.36	2.15	3.51
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.52	2.59	4.11
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.75	3.45	6.20
TO LIMINA	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.89	4.31	10.20
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	8.64	4.31	12.95
	2"	21@0.15	Ea	13.00	6.46	19.46
	2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	25.50	6.46	31.96
	3"	L1@0.20	Ea	33.60	8.62	42.22
	3-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	93.00	10.80	103.80
	4"	L1@0.25	Ea	110.00	10.80	120.80

Use these figures to estimate the cost of flexible conduit connectors installed on flex conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the locknut, removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit boxes, insulated bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full boxes.

Flexible Conduit Connectors

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost				
45 degree die cast flex connectors									
3/8" 1/2"	L1@0.05 L1@0.05	Ea Ea	.28 .36	2.15 2.15	2.43 2.51				
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.99	2.13	3.58	W//-			
45 degre	45 degree malleable flex connectors								
3/8"	L1@0.05	Ea	.84	2.15	2.99				
1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	.90	2.59	3,49				
90 degre	e die cast two screw fle	ex connec	ctors	. 0					
3/8"	L1@0.05	Ea	.25	2.15	2.40				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.34	2.15	2.49				
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.90	2.59	3.49				
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.90	3.45	5.35				
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.88	4.31	7.19				
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	6.92	6.46	13.38	4 4 ₆			
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	18.70	8.62	27.32				
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	23.30	10.80	34.10				
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	31.20	10.80	42.00				
Insulated	90 degree die cast two	o screw flo	ex connecto	ors					
3/8"	L1@0.05	Ea	.34	2.15	2.49				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.45	2.15	2.60				
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.06	2.59	3.65				
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.15	3.45	5.60				
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.89	4.31	8.20	/ I IIII			
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	7.53	6.46	13.99				
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	19.60	8.62	28.22				
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	24.10	10.80	34.90				
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	31.90	10.80	42.70				
3-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	72.60	12.90	85.50				
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	86.40	12.90	99.30				

Use these figures to estimate the cost of flexible conduit connectors installed on flex conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the locknut, removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit boxes, insulated bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full boxes.

Flexible Conduit Connectors and Couplings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost				
90 degree ma	90 degree malleable squeeze flex connectors								
3/8" 1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.05 L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08	Ea Ea Ea Ea	.57 1.11 1.58 2.11	2.15 2.15 2.59 3.45	2.72 3.26 4.17 5.56				
1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	4.62 8.97 13.00	4.31 6.46 8.62	8.93 15.43 21.62				
2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2 4"	L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30	Ea Ea Ea Ea	15.10 40.70 61.80 151.00	10.80 10.80 12.90 12.90	25.90 51.50 74.70 163.90				
Insulated 90 d	egree malleable s	queeze 1	flex connect	ors					
3/8" 1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4" Die cast screw	L1@0.05 L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	.78 1.29 1.64 2.27 5.26 9.30 14.00 16.40 41.40 62.90 157.00	2.15 2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31 6.46 8.62 10.80 10.80 12.90 12.90	2.93 3.44 4.23 5.72 9.57 15.76 22.62 27.20 52.20 75.80 169.90				
1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.03 L1@0.05 L1@0.06	Ea Ea Ea	1.03 1.69 2.93	1.29 2.15 2.59	2.32 3.84 5.52				
Die cast screw 3/8"	L1@0.05	oli ngs Ea	1.11	2.15	3.26				
3/6 1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea	1.11 1.71 2.39 3.35	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31	4.30 5.84 7.66				
	rew flex to rigid co								
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.34	2.15	4.49				

Use these figures to estimate the cost of flexible conduit connectors and couplings installed on flex conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector or coupling installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the locknut, removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit boxes, insulated bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full boxes.

Ea

2.98

2.59

5.57

L1@0.06



3/4"

Liquid-tight Flexible Conduit

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost				
Type EF or Ty	Type EF or Type LT flex steel conduit								
3/8"	L1@4.00	CLF	116.00	172.00	288.00				
1/2"	L1@4.00	CLF	138.00	172.00	310.00				
3/4"	L1@4.50	CLF	185.00	194.00	379.00				
1"	L1@5.00	CLF	280.00	215.00	495.00				
1-1/4"	L1@6.00	CLF	383.00	259.00	642.00				
1-1/2"	L1@7.00	CLF	521.00	302.00	823.00				
2"	L1@9.00	CLF	653.00	388.00	1,041.00				
2-1/2"	L1@11.0	CLF	1,690.00	474.00	2,164.00				
3"	L1@15.0	CLF	2,330.00	646.00	2,976.00				
4"	L1@17.0	CLF	3,350.00	733.00	4,083.00				
Type UA liqui	d-tight flex conduit								
3/8"	L1@4.00	CLF	273.00	172.00	445.00				
1/2"	L1@4.00	CLF	321.00	172.00	493.00				
3/4"	L1@4.50	CLF	443.00	194.00	637.00				
1"	L1@5.00	CLF	690.00	215.00	905.00				
1-1/4"	L1@6.00	CLF	983.00	259.00	1,242.00				
1-1/2"	L1@7.00	CLF	1,030.00	302.00	1,332.00				
2"	L1@9.00	CLF	1,280.00	388.00	1,668.00				
2-1/2"	L1@11.0	CLF	2,340.00	474.00	2,814.00				
3"	L1@15.0	CLF	3,320.00	646.00	3,966.00				
4"	L1@17.0	CLF	5,340.00	733.00	6,073.00				
Type OR liqui	id-tight flex conduit								
3/8"	L1@4.00	CLF	264.00	172.00	436.00				
1/2"	L1@4.00	CLF	305.00	172.00	477.00				
3/4"	L1@4.50	CLF	463.00	194.00	657.00				
1"	L1@5.00	CLF	635.00	215.00	850.00				
1-1/4"	L1@6.00	CLF	834.00	259.00	1,093.00				
1-1/2"	L1@7.00	CLF	1,170.00	302.00	1,472.00				
2"	L1@9.00	CLF	1,450.00	388.00	1,838.00				
2-1/2"	L1@11.0	CLF	2,880.00	474.00	3,354.00				
3"	L1@15.0	CLF	3,910.00	646.00	4,556.00				
4"	L1@17.0	CLF	5,530.00	733.00	6,263.00				
Construction	grade liquid-tight fle	x cond	uit						
3/8"	L1@4.00	CLF	98.80	172.00	270.80				
1/2"	L1@4.00	CLF	158.00	172.00	330.00				
3/4"	L1@4.50	CLF	224.00	194.00	418.00				
1"	L1@5.00	CLF	341.00	215.00	556.00				
1-1/4"	L1@6.00	CLF	484.00	259.00	743.00				
1-1/2"	L1@7.00	CLF	556.00	302.00	858.00				
2"	L1@9.00	CLF	680.00	388.00	1,068.00				

Use these figures to estimate the cost of liquid-tight flex conduit installed as part of equipment hookup under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each linear foot installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting conduit, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for connectors, boxes, straps, wire, bonding wire, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Conduit runs are assumed to be 25' long. Labor costs per linear foot will be higher on shorter runs and lower on longer runs.

Liquid-tight Flexible Conduit and Connectors

	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost		
	Type HC liquid-tight extra flex conduit							
	3/8" 1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@4.00 L1@4.00 L1@4.50 L1@5.00	CLF CLF CLF CLF	341.00 357.00 497.00 724.00	172.00 172.00 194.00 215.00	513.00 529.00 691.00 939.00		
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@6.00 L1@7.00 L1@9.00	CLF CLF CLF	981.00 1,350.00 1,660.00	259.00 302.00 388.00	1,240.00 1,652.00 2,048.00		
	2-1/2" 3" 4"	L1@11.0 L1@15.0 L1@17.0	CLF CLF CLF	3,080.00 4,300.00 6,280.00	474.00 646.00 733.00	3,554.00 4,946.00 7,013.00		
Type CN-P liquid-tight flex non-metallic conduit								
	3/8" 1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@3.50 L1@3.75 L1@4.00 L1@4.50	CLF CLF CLF CLF	404.00 522.00 743.00 953.00	151.00 162.00 172.00 194.00	555.00 684.00 915.00 1,147.00		
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@5.00 L1@5.50 L1@6.00	CLF CLF CLF	1,250.00 2,090.00 2,900.00	215.00 237.00 259.00	1,465.00 2,327.00 3,159.00		
Malleable liquid-tight flex connectors								
	3/8" 1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15	Ea Ea Ea Ea	6.69 6.69 9.52 14.00	4.31 4.31 4.31 6.46	11.00 11.00 13.83 20.46		
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.25	Ea Ea Ea	24.00 34.30 63.00	8.62 8.62 10.80	32.62 42.92 73.80		
	2-1/2" 3" 4"	L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30	Ea Ea Ea	288.00 327.00 424.00	10.80 12.90 12.90	298.80 339.90 436.90		
Insulated malleable liquid-tight flex connectors								
	3/8" 1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15	Ea Ea Ea Ea	8.40 8.40 12.30 18.80	4.31 4.31 4.31 6.46	12.71 12.71 16.61 25.26		
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.25	Ea Ea Ea	30.50 44.40 83.00	8.62 8.62 10.80	39.12 53.02 93.80		
	2-1/2" 3" 4"	L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30	Ea Ea Ea	456.00 509.00 606.00	10.80 12.90 12.90	466.80 521.90 618.90		

Use these figures to estimate the cost of liquid-tight flex conduit (two top tables) and connectors (two bottom tables) installed with equipment hookup under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet of conduit and each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting conduit, removal of the knockout for the connector, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for straps, boxes, wire, bonding wire, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Connector costs assume the purchase of full box quantities.

Liquid-tight Flexible Connectors

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Die cast liquid	l-tight flex connecte	ors				
3/8"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.87	4.31	11.18	П
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.76	4.31	11.07	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	9.63	4.31	13.94	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	14.20	6.46	20.66	
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	24.60	8.62	33.22	
1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	34.30	8.62	42.92	
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	63.00	10.80	73.80	
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	297.00	10.80	307.80	
3"	L1@0.30	Ea	331.00	12.90	343.90	
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	434.00	12.90	446.90	
Insulated die o	cast liquid-tight flex	connec	tors			
3/8"	L1@0.10	Ea	7.36	4.31	11.67	
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	7.36	4.31	11.67	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	10.80	4.31	15.11	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	16.60	6.46	23.06	
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	26.20	8.62	34.82	
1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	37.20	8.62	45.82	
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	68.70	10.80	79.50	
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	354.00	10.80	364.80	
3"	L1@0.30	Ea	392.00	12.90	404.90	
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	462.00	12.90	474.90	
45 dearee ma	alleable liquid-tight	flex con	nectors			
3/8"	L1@0.12	Ea	4.34	5.17	9.51	
1/2"	L1@0.12	Ea	4.27	5.17	9.44	
3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	6.56	6.46	13.02	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	12.80	6.46	19.26	
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	21.90	8.62	30.52	
1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	29.00	8.62	37.62	
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	38.10	10.80	48.90	
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	185.00	10.80	195.80	
3"	L1@0.30	Ea	199.00	12.90	211.90	
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	248.00	12.90	260.90	
Insulated 45 d	legree malleable li	quid-tigh	nt flex conne	ctors		
3/8"	L1@0.12	Ea	8.74	5.17	13.91	
1/2"	L1@0.12	Ea	14.00	5.17	19.17	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of liquid-tight flex connectors installed on liquid-tight flex conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include locknuts and removal of the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, insulating bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

21.00

6.46

27.46

Ea

L1@0.15

3/4"

Liquid-tight Flex Connectors and Couplings

	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Insulated 45 degree malleable liquid-tight flex connectors									
	1"	L1@0.15	Ea	40.70	6.46	47.16			
	1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	63.00	8.62	71.62			
	1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	76.80	8.62	85.42			
	2"	L1@0.25	Ea	115.00	10.80	125.80			
	2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	57.00	10.80	67.80			
	3"	L1@0.30	Ea	68.30	12.90	81.20			
	4"	L1@0.30	Ea	78.70	12.90	91.60			
	90 degree mal	leable liquid-tight 1	flex conr	nectors					
∠ 7	3/8"	L1@0.15	Ea	10.70	6.46	17.16			
	1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	10.50	6.46	16.96			
	3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	15.90	6.46	22.36			
	1"	L1@0.20	Ea	32.70	8.62	41.32			
	1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	49,20	10.80	60.00			
	1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	59.60	10.80	70.40			
	2"	L1@0.30	Ea	86.90	12.90	99.80			
	2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	392.00	12.90	404.90			
	3"	L1@0.40	Ea	478.00	17.20	495.20			
	4"	L1@0.40	Ea	706.00	17.20	723.20			
Insulated 90 degree malleable liquid-tight flex connectors									
	3/8"	L1@0.15	Ea	14.00	6.46	20.46			
	1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	14.00	6.46	20.46			
	3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	21.00	6.46	27.46			
	1"	L1@0.20	Ea	40.20	8.62	48.82			
	1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	60.90	10.80	71.70			
	1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	74.20	10.80	85.00			
	2"	L1@0.30	Ea	112.00	12.90	124.90			
	2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	564.00	12.90	576.90			
	3"	L1@0.40	Ea	679.00	17.20	696.20			
	4"	L1@0.40	Ea	884.00	17.20	901.20			
Malleable liquid-tight flex to rigid combination couplings									
<i>5</i> 25	1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	9.36	6.46	15.82			
	3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	9.36	6.46	15.82			
	1"	L1@0.20	Ea	13.20	8.62	21.82			
	1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	43.40	10.80	54.20			
	1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	77.60	10.80	88.40			
	2"	L1@0.30	Ea	106.00	12.90	118.90			
	2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	497.00	12.90	509.90			
	3"	L1@0.40	Ea	548.00	17.20	565.20			
	4"	L1@0.40	Ea	679.00	17.20	696.20			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of liquid-tight flex connectors installed on liquid-tight flex conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each connector installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include locknuts and removal of the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, insulating bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.



PVC Conduit and Elbows

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Schedule 40 F	PVC conduit, 10' ler	ngths with	n coupling			
1/2"	L1@3.10	CLF	32.10	134.00	166.10	
3/4"	L1@3.20	CLF	37.50	138.00	175.50	
1"	L1@3.30	CLF	57.10	142.00	199.10	
1-1/4"	L1@3.40	CLF	82.30	147.00	229.30	
1-1/2"	L1@3.45	CLF	93.40	149.00	242.40	
2"	L1@3.50	CLF	114.00	151.00	265.00	
2-1/2"	L2@3.60	CLF	192.00	155.00	347.00	
3"	L2@3.75	CLF	229.00	162.00	391.00	
4"	L2@4.00	CLF	320.00	172.00	492.00	
5"	L2@4.25	CLF	478.00	183.00	661.00	
6"	L2@4.50	CLF	567.00	194.00	761.00	
Schedule 80 h	neavy wall PVC cor	nduit, 10'	lengths with	coupling		
1/2"	L1@3.20	CLF	60.00	138.00	198.00	
3/4"	L1@3.30	CLF	81.80	142.00	223.80	
1"	L1@3.40	CLF	103.00	147.00	250.00	
1-1/4"	L1@3.50	CLF	136.00	151.00	287.00	
1-1/2"	L1@3.60	CLF	171.00	155.00	326.00	
2"	L1@3.70	CLF	210.00	159.00	369.00	
2-1/2"	L2@3.90	CLF	327.00	168.00	495.00	
3"	L2@4.00	CLF	403.00	172.00	575.00	
4"	L2@4.50	CLF	626.00	194.00	820.00	
5"	L2@5.00	CLF	840.00	215.00	1,055.00	
6"	L2@6.00	CLF	1,180.00	259.00	1,439.00	
30 degree Sci	hedule 40 PVC elbo	ows				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	3.68	2.15	5.83	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	3.80	2.59	6.39	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	4.56	3.45	8.01	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.52	4.31	10.83	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	8.97	4.31	13.28	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	13.00	6.46	19.46	
2-1/2"	L2@0.15	Ea	24.80	6.46	31.26	
3"	L2@0.20	Ea	42.40	8.62	51.02	
4"	L2@0.25	Ea	70.30	10.80	81.10	
5"	L2@0.30	Ea	113.00	12.90	125.90	
6"	L2@0.50	Ea	132.00	21.50	153.50	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC conduit and elbows installed underground or in a building under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for 100 linear feet of conduit installed or for each elbow installed. The crew is one electrician for diameters to 2" and two electricians for 2-1/2" and larger conduit. The labor cost is \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include making up joints with cement (glue), layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for bends, connectors, end bell, spacers, wire, trenching, encasement, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Conduit runs are assumed to be 50' long. Shorter runs will take more labor and longer runs will take less labor per linear foot.

PVC Elbows and Couplings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cos
45 degree Sch	nedule 40 PVC elbo	ows			
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.73	2.15	4.88
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	2.90	2.59	5.49
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	4.55	3.45	8.00
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.42	4.31	10.73
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	8.75	4.31	13.06
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	12.10	6.46	18.56
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	20.90	6.46	27.36
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	29.20	8.62	37.82
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	64.20	10.80	75.00
5"	L1@0.35	Ea	61.80	15.10	76.90
6"	L1@0.50	Ea	105.00	21.50	126.50
00 degree Sch	nedule 40 PVC elbo	ows	~		
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.77	2.15	4.92
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	3.16	2.59	5.75
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	5.31	3.45	8.76
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	7.03	4.31	11.3 ⁴
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Éa	9.36	4.31	13.6
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	9.88	6.46	16.3 ⁴
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	22.20	6.46	28.60
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	39.60	8.62	48.22
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	67.60	10.80	78.40
5"	L1@0.35	Ea	120.00	15.10	135.10
6"	L1@0.50	Ea	200.00	21.50	221.50
00 degree S c f	nedule 80 PVC elbo	ows			
1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	3.07	2.59	5.60
3/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	3.35	3.45	6.80
1"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.01	4.31	9.32
1-1/4 "	L1@0.15	Ea	6.76	6.46	13.22
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	10.20	6.46	16.66
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	11.50	8.62	20.12
2-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	25.50	8.62	34.12
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	69.90	10.80	80.70
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	104.00	12.90	116.90
Schedule 40 P	VC couplings				
1/2"	L1@0.02	Ea	.72	.86	1.58
3/4"	L1@0.03	Ea	.85	1.29	2.14
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.35	2.15	3.50
1-1/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.79	2.59	4.38
1-1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.48	3.45	5.93

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC elbows and couplings installed on PVC conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each elbow or coupling installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include applying cement (glue), layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, couplings, connectors, end bells, spacers, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities.

PVC Couplings, Adapters and Expansion Couplings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Schedule 40 l	PVC couplings					
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.24	4.31	7.55	
2-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.72	4.31	10.03	
3"	L1@0.15	Ea	9.45	6.46	15.91	
4"	L1@0.15	Ea	14.60	6.46	21.06	
5"	L1@0.20	Ea	37.20	8.62	45.82	
6"	L1@0.25	Ea	47.30	10.80	58.10	
Typo EA foma	ulo PVC adaptors			4	111	
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.11	2.15	3.26	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.79	2.59	4.38	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.41	3.45	5.86	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.20	4.31	7.51	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.44	4.31	7.75	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.66	6.46	11.12	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	10.30	6.46	16.76	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	12.80	8.62	21.42	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	17.10	10.80	27.90	
5"	L1@0.30	Ea	43.00	12.90	55.90	
6"	L1@0.40	Ea	56.40	17.20	73.60	
Type TA termin	nal PVC adapters	0,				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.98	2.15	3.13	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.69	2.59	4.28	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.10	3.45	5.55	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.69	4.31	7.00	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.24	4.31	7.55	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.70	6.46	11.16	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	7.98	6.46	14.44	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	11.60	8.62	20.22	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	20.00	10.80	30.80	
5"	L1@0.30	Ea	43.00	12.90	55.90	
6"	L1@0.40	Ea	56.40	17.20	73.60	
2" range expo	ansion PVC coupling	gs				
1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	38.80	6.46	45.26	
3/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	39.50	8.62	48.12	
1"	L1@0.25	Ea	56.40	10.80	67.20	
1-1/4"	L1@0.30	Ea	83.80	12.90	96.70	
1-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	106.00	12.90	118.90	
2"	L1@0.40	Ea	130.00	17.20	147.20	

PVC Expansion Couplings, End Bells, Caps and Plugs

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
6" range expai	nsion PVC coupling	gs			
1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	77.00	6.46	83.46
3/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	78.60	8.62	87.22
1"	L1@0.25	Ea	83.20	10.80	94.00
1-1/4"	L1@0.30	Ea	84.90	12.90	97.80
1-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	89.70	12.90	102.60
2"	L1@0.40	Ea	97.30	17.20	114.50
2-1/2"	L1@0.40	Ea	99.60	17.20	116.80
3"	L1@0.50	Ea	113.00	21.50	134.50
4"	L1@0.60	Ea	167.00	25.90	192.90
5"	L1@0.70	Ea	209.00	30.20	239.20
6"	L1@0.75	Ea	264.00	32.30	296.30
PVC end bells					
1"	L1@0.10	Ea	13.70	4.31	18.01
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	16.90	6.46	23.36
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	17.00	6.46	23.46
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	25.30	8.62	33.92
2-1/2"	L1@0.20	Éa	27.70	8.62	36.32
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	29.30	10.80	40.10
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	35.10	12.90	48.00
5"	L1@0.35	Ea	55.30	15.10	70.40
6"	L1@0.40	Ea	60.40	17.20	77.60
PVC caps and	plugs				
1/2" caps	L1@0.05	Ea	4.27	2.15	6.42
3/4" caps	L1@0.06	Ea	5.25	2.59	7.84
1" caps	L1@0.08	Ea	5.59	3.45	9.04
1-1/4" caps	L1@0.10	Ea	7.64	4.31	11.95
1-1/2" plugs	L1@0.10	Ea	9.06	4.31	13.37
2" plugs	L1@0.10	Ea	9.80	4.31	14.11
2-1/2" plugs	L1@0.10	Ea	10.50	4.31	14.81
3" plugs	L1@0.15	Ea	7.71	6.46	14.17
4" plugs	L1@0.15	Ea	16.20	6.46	22.66
5" plugs	L1@0.20	Ea	72.40	8.62	81.02
6" plugs	L1@0.20	Ea	121.00	8.62	129.62

PVC Reducing Bushings and Conduit Bodies

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost		
PVC reducing bushi	ings						
3/4" to 1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	5.17	1.29	6.46		
1" to 1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	5.70	1.29	6.99		
1" to 3/4"	L1@0.03	Ea	5.92	1.29	7.21		
1-1/4" to 3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	6.21	2.15	8.36		
1-1/4" to 1"	L1@0.05	Ea	6.31	2.15	8.46		
1-1/2" to 1"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.60	4.31	10.91		
1-1/2" to 1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	7.03	4.31	11.34		
2" to 1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	7.31	6.46	13.77		
2-1/2" to 2"	L1@0.15	Ea	8.19	6.46	14.65		
3" to 2"	L1@0.20	Ea	24.60	8.62	33.22		
4" to 3"	L1@0.25	Ea	29.00	10.80	39.80		
Type C PVC condui	t bodies						
C 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	24.60	4.31	28.91		
C 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	30.10	4.31	34.41		
C 1"	L1@0.15	Ea	31.60	6.46	38.06		
C 1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	51.10	6.46	57.56		
C 1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	67.30	8.62	75.92		
C 2"	L1@0.25	Ea	95.30	10.80	106.10		
Type E PVC conduit	bodies	(2)					
E 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	19.70	4.31	24.01		
E 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	29.20	4.31	33.51		
E 1"	L1@0.15	Ea	34.50	6.46	40.96		
E 1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	42.70	6.46	49.16		
E 1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	51.10	8.62	59.72		
E 2"	L1@0.25	Ea	90.50	10.80	101.30		
Type LB PVC conduit bodies							
LB 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	18.80	4.31	23.11		
LB 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	24.60	4.31	28.91		
LB 1"	L1@0.15	Ea	26.90	6.46	33.36		
LB 1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	40.70	6.46	47.16		

PVC Conduit Bodies and Service Entrance Caps

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Type LB PVC conduit bodies								
LB 1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	49.10	8.62	57.72			
LB 2"	L1@0.25	Ea	86.90	10.80	97.70			
LB 2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	317.00	12.90	329.90			
LB 3"	L1@0.30	Ea	324.00	12.90	336.90			
LB 4"	L1@0.40	Ea	354.00	17.20	371.20			
Type LL PVC conduit bodies								
LL 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	19.50	4.31	23.81			
LL 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	29.20	4.31	33.51			
LL 1"	L1@0.15	Ea	30.10	6.46	36.56			
LL 1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	43.40	6.46	49.86			
LL 1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	51.10	8.62	59.72			
LL 2"	L1@0.25	Ea	88.50	10.80	99.30			
Type LR PVC conduit bodies								
LR 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	19.50	4.31	23.81			
LR 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	29.20	4.31	33.51			
LR 1"	L1@0.15	Ea	30.10	6.46	36.56			
LR 1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	43.40	6.46	49.86			
LR 1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	51.10	8.62	59.72			
LR 2"	L1@0.25	Ea	88.50	10.80	99.30			
Type T PVC con	duit bodies							
T 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	24.60	4.31	28.91			
T 3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	30.10	6.46	36.56			
T 1"	L1@0.15	Ea	31.60	6.46	38.06			
T 1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	52.60	8.62	61.22			
T 1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	67.30	10.80	78.10			
T 2"	L1@0.30	Ea	95.30	12.90	108.20			
PVC slip-fitter er	ntrance caps							
3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	22.00	6.46	28.46			
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	29.30	6.46	35.76			
1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	36.40	10.80	47.20			
1-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	43.90	12.90	56.80			
2"	L1@0.50	Ea	73.90	21.50	95.40			
2-1/2"	L1@0.60	Ea	380.00	25.90	405.90			
3"	L1@0.60	Ea	399.00	25.90	424.90			
4"	L1@0.75	Ea	1,110.00	32.30	1,142.30			

PVC Boxes, Covers and Elbows

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Type FS PVC boxes						
FS1 1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	42.10	8.62	50.72	
FS2 3/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	42.10	8.62	50.72	
FS3 1"	L1@0.25	Ea	42.10	10.80	52.90	
FSC1 1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	46.00	10.80	56.80	
FSC2 3/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	46.00	10.80	56.80	
FSC3 1"	L1@0.30	Ea	46.00	12.90	58.90	
FSS1 1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	46.00	10.80	56.80	
FSS2 3/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	46.00	10.80	56.80	
FSS3 1"	L1@0.30	Ea	46.00	12.90	58.90	
FCSS1 1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	47.10	12.90	60.00	
FCSS2 3/4"	L1@0.30	Ea	47.10	12.90	60.00	
FCSS3 1"	L1@0.35	Ea	47.10	15.10	62.20	
Type FS, WP PVC box	x covers		C			
1 gang blank 1 gang single outlet 1 gang duplex outlet 1 gang single switch 1 gang GFCI	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	8.71 11.40 18.30 18.30 18.30	4.31 4.31 4.31 4.31 4.31	13.02 15.71 22.61 22.61 22.61	• • WP
PVC junction boxes						
4" x 4" x 2"	L1@0.25	Ea	57.90	10.80	68.70	
4" x 4" x 4"	L1@0.25	Ea	95.00	10.80	105.80	
4" x 4" x 6"	L1@0.30	Ea	110.00	12.90	122.90	
5" x 5" x 2"	L1@0.30	Ea	114.00	12.90	126.90	J
6" x 6" x 4"	L1@0.35	Ea	117.00	15.10	132.10	
6" x 6" x 6"	L1@0.40	Ea	136.00	17.20	153.20	
8" x 8" x 4"	L1@0.40	Ea	221.00	17.20	238.20	
8" x 8" x 7"	L1@0.50	Ea	325.00	21.50	346.50	
12" x 12" x 4"	L1@0.70	Ea	340.00	30.20	370.20	
12" x 12" x 6"	L1@0.75	Ea	346.00	32.30	378.30	
30 degree sweeping	g PVC elbows	}				
2" 24" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	85.00	6.46	91.46	
2" 36" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	95.60	8.62	104.22	
2" 48" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	106.00	10.80	116.80	
3" 24" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	169.00	8.62	177.62	
3" 36" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	182.00	10.80	192.80	
3" 48" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	195.00	12.90	207.90	
4" 24" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	245.00	10.80	255.80	
4" 36" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	289.00	12.90	301.90	
4" 48" radius	L1@0.40	Ea	332.00	17.20	349.20	

Unit

Craft@Hrs

L1@0.35

L1@0.40

L1@0.50

L1@0.75

1@1.00

Material

Cost

Labor

15.10

17.20

21.50

32.30

43.10

Cost

Installed

Cost

409.10

451.20

520.50

735.30

799.10

PVC Elbows

Material

5"

5"

5"

6"

6"

30" radius

36" radius

48" radius

36" radius

48" radius

	30 de	egree sweep	ing PVC elbows				
	5"	36" radius	L1@0.40	Ea	434.00	17.20	451.20
	5"	48" radius	L1@0.50	Ea	499.00	21.50	520.50
}	6"	36" radius	L1@0.75	Ea	703.00	32.30	735.30
	6"	48" radius	L1@1.00	Ea	756.00	43.10	799.10
	45 de	oaroo awoon	ing PVC albaye				
		<u> </u>	ing PVC elbows				
	2"	24" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	85.00	6.46	91.46
	2"	30" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	90.50	6.46	96.96
	2"	36" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	95.60	8.62	104.22
	2"	48" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	106.00	12.90	118.90
	2-1/2"	30" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	127.00	8.62	135.62
	2-1/2"	36" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	139.00	10.80	149.80
	2-1/2"	48" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	150.00	12.90	162.90
	3"	24" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	169.00	10.80	179.80
\wedge	3"	30" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	175.00	12.90	187.90
	3"	36" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	182.00	12.90	194.90
	3"	48" radius	L1@0.40	Ea	195.00	17.20	212.20
	4"	24" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	245.00	12.90	257.90
	4"	30" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	268.00	12.90	280.90
	4"	36" radius	L1@0.35	Ea	289.00	15.10	304.10
	4"	48" radius	L1@0.40	Е́а	332.00	17.20	349.20

90 degree sweeping PVC elbows

2" 24" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	90.50	8.62	99.12
2" 30" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	95.60	10.80	106.40
2" 36" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	106.00	12.90	118.90
2" 48" radius	L1@0.35	Ea	112.00	15.10	127.10
2-1/2" 30" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	98.00	12.90	110.90
2-1/2" 36" radius	L1@0.35	Ea	105.00	15.10	120.10
2-1/2" 48" radius	L1@0.40	Ea	113.00	17.20	130.20

Ea

Ea

Ea

Ea

Ea

394.00

434.00

499.00

703.00

756.00

Use these figures and the table at the top of the next page to estimate the cost of PVC sweeps installed on PVC conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each sweep installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include applying cement (glue), layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for couplings, connectors, end bells, spacers, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full packages.



Power & Communication (P&C) Duct

Mater	rial	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
90 d	egree sweepi	ng PVC elbows					
3" 3" 3" 3"	24" radius 30" radius 36" radius 48" radius	L2@0.30 L2@0.35 L2@0.40 L2@0.50	Ea Ea Ea Ea	169.00 175.00 182.00 187.00	12.90 15.10 17.20 21.50	181.90 190.10 199.20 208.50	\wedge
4" 4" 4" 4"	24" radius 30" radius 36" radius 48" radius	L2@0.35 L2@0.40 L2@0.45 L2@0.55	Ea Ea Ea Ea	245.00 268.00 289.00 332.00	15.10 17.20 19.40 23.70	260.10 285.20 308.40 355.70	
5" 5" 5"	30" radius 36" radius 48" radius	L2@0.45 L2@0.50 L2@0.60	Ea Ea Ea	394.00 434.00 499.00	19.40 21.50 25.90	413.40 455.50 524.90	
6" 6"	36" radius 48" radius	L2@0.60 L2@0.75	Ea Ea	703.00 756.00	25.90 32.30	728.90 788.30	
Туре	EB power and	d communicati	on duct		7)		
2" 3" 4"		L2@3.30 L2@3.50 L2@4.00	CLF CLF CLF	352.00 514.00 838.00	142.00 151.00 172.00	494.00 665.00 1,010.00	5
5" 6"		L2@4.50 L2@5.00	CLF CLF	1,270.00 1,820.00	194.00 215.00	1,464.00 2,035.00	
Туре	DB power and	d communicat	ion duct				
2" 4"	-	L2@3.30 L2@4.00	CLF CLF	395.00 1,160.00	142.00 172.00	537.00 1,332.00	5
5" 6"		L2@4.50 L2@5.00	CLF CLF	1,270.00 1,950.00	194.00 215.00	1,464.00 2,165.00	
Туре	EB or DB pow	er and commu	nication	duct coup	lings		N 4
2" 3" 4"		L1@0.05 L1@0.10 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea	5.26 12.10 18.80	2.15 4.31 4.31	7.41 16.41 23.11	
5" 6"		L1@0.15 L1@0.15	Ea Ea	34.70 106.00	6.46 6.46	41.16 112.46	
45 d	egree Type EE	or DB power o	ınd com	munication	duct elbows		
2" 3" 3"	24" radius 36" radius 48" radius	L1@0.15 L1@0.30 L1@0.40	Ea Ea Ea	36.00 49.90 81.80	6.46 12.90 17.20	42.46 62.80 99.00	
4" 4" 5"	36" radius 48" radius 48" radius	L1@0.40 L1@0.75 L1@0.50	Ea Ea Ea	65.60 92.10 118.00	17.20 32.30 21.50	82.80 124.40 139.50	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC elbows (top table) and power and communication duct couplings and elbows (bottom tables). The footnote on the previous page applies to PVC sweep elbows. P&C duct is installed underground under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet installed. The crew is two electricians working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include one coupling, applying cement (glue), multiple runs in the same trench, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for trenching, encasement, spacers and chairs, single duct runs, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Encased burial requires spacers or chairs every 5 feet. Costs for spacers, chairs, encasement and trenching are listed elsewhere in this manual.

Power & Communication Duct Couplings, Elbows & Adapters

Mater	ial	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost		
90 degree Type EB or DB power and communication duct elbows								
2"	18" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	29.00	8.62	37.62		
2"	24" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	36.80	12.90	49.70		
2"	36" radius	L1@0.35	Ea	49.90	15.10	65.00		
3"	24" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	49.90	12.90	62.80		
3"	36" radius	L1@0.40	Ea	52.60	17.20	69.80		
3"	48" radius	L1@0.50	Ea	55.70	21.50	77.20		
4"	24" radius	L1@0.35	Ea	42.20	15.10	57.30		
4"	36" radius	L1@0.45	Ea	59.70	19.40	79.10		
4"	48" radius	L1@0.55	Ea	166.00	23.70	189.70		
5"	36" radius	L1@0.50	Ea	141.00	21.50	162.50		
5"	48" radius	L1@0.60	Ea	185.00	25.90	210.90		
6"	48" radius	L1@0.75	Ea	245.00	32.30	277.30		
5 de	gree power ar	nd communic	ation ber	nd couplings	3			
2"		L1@0.05	Ea	43.40	2.15	45.55		
3"		L1@0.10	Ea	54.60	4.31	58.91		
4"		L1@0.10	Ea	64.80	4.31	69.11		
5"		L1@0.15	Ea	70.30	6.46	76.76		
6"		L1@0.15	Ea	72.70	6.46	79.16		
Powe	er and commu	inication duct	plugs					
2"		L1@0.05	Ea	7.63	2.15	9.78		
3"		L1@0.10	Ea	11.20	4.31	15.51		
4"		L1@0.10	Ea	12.70	4.31	17.01		
5"		L1@0.15	Ea	17.10	6.46	23.56		
6"		L1@0.15	Ea	21.60	6.46	28.06		
Туре	FA female po	v wer and comr	nunicatio	on duct ada	pters			
2"		L1@0.20	Ea	4.66	8.62	13.28		
3"		L1@0.25	Ea	12.80	10.80	23.60		
4"		L1@0.30	Ea	17.10	12.90	30.00		
5"		L1@0.40	Ea	43.00	17.20	60.20		
6"		L1@0.50	Ea	56.40	21.50	77.90		
Туре	TA terminal po	ower and com	municati	on adapters	3			
2"		L1@0.20	Ea	4.70	8.62	13.32		
3"		L1@0.25	Ea	11.60	10.80	22.40		
4"		L1@0.30	Ea	20.00	12.90	32.90		
5"		L1@0.40	Ea	39.50	17.20	56.70		
6"		L1@0.50	Ea	47.30	21.50	68.80		

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC fittings installed on PVC power and communication duct under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting and fitting, applying cement (glue), layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for extra couplings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs are based on purchase of full packages. All of these fittings can be used either on type EB or type DB duct.

Power & Communication (P&C) Duct

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Power and communication duct end bells								
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	24.50	6.46	30.96			
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	29.20	8.62	37.82			
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	35.10	10.80	45.90			
5"	L1@0.30	Ea	55.30	12.90	68.20			
6"	L1@0.50	Ea	60.40	21.50	81.90			
Base type plastic	duct spacers				N			
2" 1-1/2" separation 3" 1-1/2" separation 4" 1-1/2" separation	n L1@0.05	Ea Ea Ea	4.66 5.06 5.59	2.15 2.15 2.15	6.81 7.21 7.74			
5" 1-1/2" separation 6" 1-1/2" separation		Ea Ea	6.04 9.73	2.15 2.15	8.19 11.88			
2" 2" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	5.06	2.15	7.21			
3" 2" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	5.59	2.15	7.74			
4" 2" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	5.97	2.15	8.12			
5" 2" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	6.21	2.15	8.36			
6" 2" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	10.40	2.15	12.55			
2" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	5.46	2.15	7.61			
3" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	6.05	2.15	8.20			
4" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	6.41	2.15	8.56			
5" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	7.86	2.15	10.01			
6" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	11.00	2.15	13.15			
Intermediate type	e plastic duct sp	oacers						
2" 1-1/2" separation 3" 1-1/2" separation 4" 1-1/2" separation	L1@0.05 L1@0.05	Ea Ea Ea	4.66 5.06 5.59	2.15 2.15 2.15	6.81 7.21 7.74			
5" 1-1/2" separation 6" 1-1/2" separation		Ea Ea	6.04 9.73	2.15 2.15	8.19 11.88			
2" 2" separation 3" 2" separation 4" 2" separation	L1@0.05 L1@0.05 L1@0.05	Ea Ea Ea	5.06 5.59 5.97	2.15 2.15 2.15	7.21 7.74 8.12			
5" 2" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	6.21	2.15	8.36			
6" 2" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	10.40	2.15	12.55			
2" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	5.46	2.15	7.61			
3" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	6.05	2.15	8.20			
4" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	6.41	2.15	8.56			
5" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	7.86	2.15	10.01			
6" 3" separation	L1@0.05	Ea	11.00	2.15	13.15			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of P&C end bell or plastic spacer installed with duct systems under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each end bell or spacer installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include ganging spacers, tying duct to the spacer, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for duct, other fittings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs are based on purchase of full packages. Tie wire should never be tied completely around the duct, it should be tied in a figure 8 pattern through open spaces in the side of the spacer and over the top part of the duct. Running wire completely around the duct will cause the wire to pick up an induction field from the current passing through the conductor, generating heat which will weaken the insulation.

ENT Conduit and Fittings

			Material	Labor	Installed					
Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost					
ENT conduit, non-metallic tubing										
1/2"	L1@2.15	CLF	159.00	92.60	251.60					
3/4"	L1@2.25	CLF	220.00	97.00	317.00					
1"	L1@2.50	CLF	352.00	108.00	460.00					
ENT connectors				•						
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	4.38	1.29	5.67					
3/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	6.73	1.72	8.45					
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	10.20	2.15	12.35					
ENT couplings			•							
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	3.08	1.29	4.37					
3/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	4.06	1.72	5.78					
_1"	L1@0.05	Ea	7.12	2.15	9.27					
ENT male adapters										
1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	3.21	1.29	4.50					
3/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	4.39	1.72	6.11					
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	7.32	2.15	9.47					

Use these figures to estimate the cost of ENT conduit and fittings installed under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet installed and for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting and fitting, applying cement (glue), layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for extra couplings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs are based on purchase of full packages.





Galvanized Rigid Steel (GRS) Conduit and Elbows

			_			
Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Standard wall	galvanized rigid st	eel cond	duit			
1/2"	L1@4.00	CLF	256.00	172.00	428.00	
3/4"	L1@4.50	CLF	267.00	194.00	461.00	
1"	L1@5.00	CLF	419.00	215.00	634.00	
1-1/4"	L1@7.00	CLF	435.00	302.00	737.00	
1-1/2"	L1@8.00	CLF	704.00	345.00	1,049.00	
2"	L1@10.0	CLF	848.00	431.00	1,279.00	
2-1/2"	L1@12.0	CLF	1,690.00	517.00	2,207.00	
3"	L1@14.0	CLF	1,860.00	603.00	2,463.00	
3-1/2"	L1@16.0	CLF	2,840.00	689.00	3,529.00	
4"	L1@18.0	CLF	2,570.00	776,00	3,346.00	
5"	L1@25.0	CLF	5,180.00	1,080.00	6,260.00	
6"	L1@30.0	CLF	6,140.00	1,290.00	7,430.00	
45 degree ga	ılvanized rigid steel	elbows	.0			
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	22.30	4.31	26.61	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	23.00	4.31	27.31	
1"	L1@0.12	Ea	35.80	5.17	40.97	
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	48.90	6.46	55.36	
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	60.10	6.46	66.56	
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	87.40	8.62	96.02	
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	163.00	10.80	173.80	
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	224.00	10.80	234.80	
3-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	359.00	12.90	371.90	
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	403.00	12.90	415.90	
5"	L1@0.50	Ea	1,120.00	21.50	1,141.50	
6"	L1@1.00	Ea	1,690.00	43.10	1,733.10	
90 degree ga	Ilvanized rigid steel	elbows				
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	13.80	4.31	18.11	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	15.20	4.31	19.51	
1"	L1@0.12	Ea	23.20	5.17	28.37	
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	28.50	6.46	34.96	
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	33.20	6.46	39.66	
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	48.80	8.62	57.42	
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	118.00	10.80	128.80	
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	174.00	10.80	184.80	
3-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	238.00	12.90	250.90	
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	464.00	12.90	476.90	
5"	L1@0.50	Ea	589.00	21.50	610.50	
6"	L1@1.00	Ea	808.00	43.10	851.10	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of GRS conduit and elbows installed in buildings under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet of conduit or for each elbow installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include one coupling on each length of conduit, threading, cutting, straps, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for other fittings, boxes, wires, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Couplings are not included with elbows. The elbows listed are factory made and have a standard radius. Conduit runs are assumed to be 50' long. Installation costs per linear foot will be less on longer runs and more on shorter runs.

GRS Hand Benders are on page 52.

Galvanized Rigid Steel Large Radius Elbows

Material		Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
90 degree galvanized rigid steel large radius elbows									
1"	12" radius	L1@0.10	Ea	43.60	4.31	47.91			
1-1/4"	12" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	51.20	6.46	57.66			
1-1/2"	12" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	60.60	6.46	67.06			
2"	12" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	78.50	8.62	87.12			
2-1/2"	12" radius	L2@0.20	Ea	108.00	8.62	116.62			
1"	15" radius	L1@0.10	Ea	45.30	4.31	49.61			
1-1/4"	15" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	51.60	6.46	58.06			
1-1/2"	15" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	63.40	6.46	69.86			
2"	15" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	73.10 • 98.80	8.62	81.72			
2-1/2"	15" radius	L2@0.20	Ea		8.62	107.42			
1"	18" radius	L1@0.10	Ea	47.70	4.31	52.01			
1-1/4"	18" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	52.50	6.46	58.96			
1-1/2"	18" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	62.60	6.46	69.06			
2"	18" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	76.20	8.62	84.82			
2-1/2"	18" radius	L2@0.20	Ea	102.00	8.62	110.62			
3"	18" radius	L2@0.25	Ea	129.00	10.80	139.80			
3-1/2"	18" radius	L2@0.25	Ea	148.00	10.80	158.80			
4"	18" radius	L2@0.30	Ea	162.00	12.90	174.90			
1"	24" radius	L1@0.10	Ea	51.60	4.31	55.91			
1-1/4"	24" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	54.50	6.46	60.96			
1-1/2"	24" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	65.70	6.46	72.16			
2"	24" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	80.80	8.62	89.42			
2-1/2"	24" radius	L2@0.20	Ea	108.00	8.62	116.62			
3"	24" radius	L2@0.25	Ea	157.00	10.80	167.80			
3-1/2"	24" radius	L2@0.25	Ea	211.00	10.80	221.80			
4"	24" radius	L2@0.30	Ea	240.00	12.90	252.90			
1"	30" radius	L1@0.15	Ea	127.00	6.46	133.46			
1-1/4"	30" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	132.00	8.62	140.62			
1-1/2"	30" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	169.00	8.62	177.62			
2"	30" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	207.00	10.80	217.80			
2-1/2"	30" radius	L2@0.25	Ea	159.00	10.80	169.80			
3"	30" radius	L2@0.30	Ea	207.00	12.90	219.90			
3-1/2"	30" radius	L2@0.30	Ea	245.00	12.90	257.90			
4"	30" radius	L2@0.35	Ea	304.00	15.10	319.10			
5"	30" radius	L2@0.50	Ea	425.00	21.50	446.50			
1"	36" radius	L1@0.20	Ea	99.80	8.62	108.42			
1-1/4"	36" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	154.00	10.80	164.80			
1-1/2"	36" radius	L1@0.25	Ea	184.00	10.80	194.80			
2"	36" radius	L1@0.30	Ea	240.00	12.90	252.90			
2-1/2"	36" radius	L2@0.30	Ea	492.00	12.90	504.90			
3"	36" radius	L2@0.35	Ea	570.00	15.10	585.10			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of large radius GRS elbows installed on GRS conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each elbow installed. The crew is one electrician for size to 2" and two electricians for sizes over 2". The labor cost is \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for other GRS fittings, conduit, field bending, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: All elbows are assumed to be factory made.

Galvanized Rigid Steel Elbows and Couplings

Material		Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
90 deg	gree galvaniz	ed rigid steel	large ra	dius elbows	}		
3-1/2" 4" 5" 6"	36" radius 36" radius 36" radius 36" radius	L2@0.35 L2@0.40 L2@0.60 L2@1.00	Ea Ea Ea Ea	261.00 284.00 529.00 591.00	15.10 17.20 25.90 43.10	276.10 301.20 554.90 634.10	
1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	42" radius 42" radius 42" radius 42" radius	L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30 L1@0.35	Ea Ea Ea Ea	136.00 165.00 184.00 245.00	10.80 12.90 12.90 15.10	146.80 177.90 196.90 260.10	
2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2"	42" radius 42" radius 42" radius	L2@0.35 L2@0.40 L2@0.40	Ea Ea Ea	334.00 434.00 579.00	15.10 17.20 17.20	349.10 451.20 596.20	
4" 5" 6"	42" radius 42" radius 42" radius	L2@0.50 L2@0.75 L2@1.25	Ea Ea Ea	397.00 770.00 808.00	21.50 32.30 53.90	418.50 802.30 861.90	
1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	48" radius 48" radius 48" radius 48" radius	L1@0.30 L1@0.35 L1@0.35 L1@0.40	Ea Ea Ea	159.00 184.00 200.00 306.00	12.90 15.10 15.10 17.20	171.90 199.10 215.10 323.20	
2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2"	48" radius 48" radius 48" radius	L2@0.40 L2@0.50 L2@0.50	Ea Ea Ea	387.00 597.00 743.00	17.20 21.50 21.50	404.20 618.50 764.50	
4" 5" 6"	48" radius 48" radius 48" radius	L2@0.70 L2@1.00 L2@1.50	Ea Ea Ea	933.00 1,250.00 1,290.00	30.20 43.10 64.60	963.20 1,293.10 1,354.60	
Galvar	nized rigid ste	el couplings					
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	O	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	1.34 1.62 2.38 4.06 5.12 6.74	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31 4.31 6.46	3.49 4.21 5.83 8.37 9.43 13.20	
2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2"		L2@0.15 L2@0.20 L2@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	15.70 20.70 27.70	6.46 8.62 8.62	22.16 29.32 36.32	
4" 5" 6"		L2@0.25 L2@0.30 L2@0.50	Ea Ea Ea	73.40 155.00 237.00	10.80 12.90 21.50	84.20 167.90 258.50	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of large radius GRS elbows and couplings installed on GRS conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each elbow or coupling installed. The crew is one electrician for sizes to 2" and two electricians for sizes over 2". The labor cost is \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for other GRS fittings, conduit, field bending, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: All elbows are assumed to be factory made.

GRS Terminations, Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC) and Elbows

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
	gid steel conduit ter			0031	COST
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.59	2.15	3.74
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	2.19	2.59	4.78
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	3.43	3.45	6.88
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.27	4.31	8.58
1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.10 L1@0.15	Ea Ea	6.46 8.90	4.31 6.4 6	10.77 15.36
2-1/2"	L2@0.15	Ea	21.50	6.46	27.96
3"	L2@0.20	Ea	27.60	8.62	36.22
3-1/2"	L2@0.20	Ea	54.70	8.62	63.32
4"	L2@0.25	Ea	63.00	10.80	73.80
5"	L2@0.30	Ea	134.00	12.90	146.90
6"	L2@0.50	Ea	253.00	21.50	274.50
Intermediate r	netal conduit		71		
1/2"	L1@3.75	CLF	106.00	162.00	268.00
3/4"	L1@4.00	CLF	112.00	172.00	284.00
1"	L1@4.50	CLF	180.00	194.00	374.00
1-1/4"	L1@6.50	CLF	216.00	280.00	496.00
1-1/2" 2"	L1@7.25 L1@9.00	CLF CLF	277.00 369.00	312.00 388.00	589.00 757.00
2-1/2" 3"	L2@11.0 L2@13.0	CLF CLF	757.00 908.00	474.00 560.00	1,231.00 1,468.00
3-1/2"	L2@15.0 L2@15.0	CLF	1,050.00	646.00	1,400.00
4"	L2@17.0	CLF	1,240.00	733.00	1,973.00
45 de euro e leste			lle evve		
	ermediate metal co				
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	15.10	4.31	19.41
3/4"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10	Ea Ea	18.40 28.50	4.31 4.31	22.71 32.81
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	43.40	6.46	49.86
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	47.60	6.46	54.06
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	68.70	8.62	77.32
2-1/2"	L2@0.20	Ea	121.00	8.62	129.62
3"	L2@0.25	Ea	184.00	10.80	194.80
3-1/2"	L2@0.25	Ea	277.00	10.80	287.80
4"	L2@0.30	Ea	326.00	12.90	338.90
Galvanized rig	jid steel hand bend	ders			
1/2"		Ea	51.00		51.00
3/4"		Ea	80.30		80.30
1"		Ea	109.00		109.00

Use these figures to estimate the cost of GRS terminations, intermediate metal conduit and IMC elbows installed under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting or 100 linear feet installed. The crew is one electrician for GRS terminations and IMC to 2" and two electricians for GRS or IMC over 2". The labor cost is \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removing the knockout, field bending of the IMC and one coupling for each 10' length, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for straps and other fittings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full packages. Conduit runs are assumed to be 50' long. Installation costs per linear foot will be less on longer runs and more on shorter runs.

Ea

138.00

138.00



1-1/4"

IMC Elbows, Couplings and Running Thread

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
90 degree inte	ermediate metal co	nduit ell	oows			
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	17.10	4.31	21.41	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	20.60	4.31	24.91	
1"	L1@0.10	Ea	27.60	4.31	31.91	
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	43.40	6.46	49.86	
1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	45.80	6.46	52.26	
2"	L1@0.20	Ea	69.70	8.62	78.32	
2-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	119.00	8.62	127.62	
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	189.00	10.80	199.80	
3-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	284.00	10.80	294.80	
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	334.00	12.90	346.90	
Rigid steel cou	plings (used on IM	C)				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.33	2,15	3.48	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.61	2.59	4.20	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2. 3 7	3.45	5.82	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.06	4.31	8.37	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.12	4.31	9.43	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	6.74	6.46	13.20	
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	15.70	6.46	22.16	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	20.60	8.62	29.22	
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	27.60	8.62	36.22	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	73.30	10.80	84.10	
5"	L1@0.30	Ea	157.00	12.90	169.90	
6"	L1@0.50	Ea	236.00	21.50	257.50	
Steel running th	nread in 36" length	ns				
1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	25.70	6.46	32.16	
3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	28.40	6.46	34.86	
1"	L1@0.20	Ea	47.90	8.62	56.52	
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	54.50	8.62	63.12	
1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	59.30	10.80	70.10	
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	80.00	10.80	90.80	
2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	126.00	12.90	138.90	
3"	L1@0.30	Ea	158.00	12.90	170.90	
3-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	192.00	15.10	207.10	
4"	L1@0.40	Ea	228.00	17.20	245.20	
5"	L1@0.50	Ea	527.00	21.50	548.50	
6"	L1@0.75	Ea	532.00	32.30	564.30	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of elbows, couplings and running thread installed on intermediate metal conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting, removal of the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for elbow couplings, terminations, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Elbows and running thread are factory made. Job specifications may prohibit the use of running thread.

Galvanized Steel Locknuts and Plastic or Insulated Bushings

	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
	Galvanize	d steel locknuts				
	1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.02 L1@0.02 L1@0.02	Ea Ea Ea	.31 .50 .85	.86 .86 .86	1.17 1.36 1.71
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.03 L1@0.03 L1@0.05	Ea Ea Ea	1.10 1.60 2.36	1.29 1.29 2.15	2.39 2.89 4.51
	2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2"	L1@0.05 L1@0.07 L1@0.07	Ea Ea Ea	5.83 7.43 14.40	2.15 3.02 3.02	7.98 10.45 17.42
	4" 5" 6"	L1@0.09 L1@0.10 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	15.70 31.80 69.70	3.88 4.31 8.62	19.58 36.11 78.32
	Plastic bus	shinas		0		
	1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.02 L1@0.02 L1@0.03	Ea Ea Ea	.36 .65 1.05	.86 .86 1.29	1.22 1.51 2.34
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.04 L1@0.04 L1@0.05	Ea Ea Ea	1.52 2.07 3.84	1.72 1.72 2.15	3.24 3.79 5.99
	2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2"	L1@0.05 L1@0.07 L1@0.07	Ea Ea Ea	9.05 9.07 12.70	2.15 3.02 3.02	11.20 12.09 15.72
	4" 5" 6"	L1@0.09 L1@0.10 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	13.60 25.90 45.60	3.88 4.31 8.62	17.48 30.21 54.22
	Insulated	ground bushings				
	1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea	9.14 11.70 13.00	4.31 4.31 4.31	13.45 16.01 17.31
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	17.90 19.70 12.60	6.46 6.46 8.62	24.36 26.16 21.22
	2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2"	L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.25	Ea Ea Ea	47.00 61.20 75.40	8.62 10.80 10.80	55.62 72.00 86.20
	4" 5" 6"	L1@0.30 L1@0.40 L1@0.50	Ea Ea Ea	93.00 127.00 225.00	12.90 17.20 21.50	105.90 144.20 246.50

Use these figures to estimate the cost of locknuts and bushings installed on GRS or IMC conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each locknut or bushing installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removal of the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume purchase of full box quantities. The locknuts are steel for sizes up to 2" and malleable for sizes over 2". On conduit terminations at boxes or cabinets, one locknut is used inside the box and one locknut is used outside the box. A bushing is used at the end of each conduit run to protect the wire. An insulated ground bushing is used when connecting a ground wire to the conduit system.

Galvanized Rigid Steel Nipples

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Galvanized rigid steel nipples								
1/2" x close	L1@0.05	Ea	1.87	2.15	4.02			
1/2" x 1-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.01	2.15	4.16			
1/2" x 2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.20	2.15	4.35			
1/2" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.33	2.15	4.48			
1/2" x 3"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.71	2.15	4.86			
1/2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	3.17	2.15	5.32			
1/2" x 4"	L1@0.05	Ea	4.18	2.15	6.33			
1/2" x 5"	L1@0.05	Ea	6.54	2.15	8.69			
1/2" x 6"	L1@0.05	Ea	7.80	2.15	9.95			
1/2" x 8"	L1@0.05	Ea	13.60	2.15	15.75			
1/2" x 10"	L1@0.05	Ea	15.60	2.15	17.75			
1/2" x 12"	L1@0.05	Ea	18.00	2.15	20.15			
3/4" x close	L1@0.06	Ea	4.00	2.59	6.59			
3/4" x 2"	L1@0.06	Ea	4.76	2.59	7.35			
3/4" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	5.25	2.59	7.84			
3/4" x 3"	L1@0.06	Ea	5.76	2.59	8.35			
3/4" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	6.03	2.59	8.62			
3/4" x 4"	L1@0.06	Ea	6.81	2.59	9.40			
3/4" x 5"	L1@0.06	Ea	7.81	2.59	10.40			
3/4" x 6"	L1@0.06	Ea	9.12	2.59	11.71			
3/4" x 8"	L1@0.06	Ea	15.00	2.59	17.59			
3/4" x 10"	L1@0.06	Ea	18.00	2.59	20.59			
3/4" x 12"	L1@0:06	Ea	20.20	2.59	22.79			
1" x close	L1@0.08	Ea	6.04	3.45	9.49			
1" x 2"	L1@0.08	Ea	6.60	3.45	10.05			
1" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	7.18	3.45	10.63			
1" x 3"	L1@0.08	Ea	8.00	3.45	11.45			
1" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	9.12	3.45	12.57			
1" x 4"	L1@0.08	Ea	10.00	3.45	13.45			
1" x 5"	L1@0.08	Ea	11.40	3.45	14.85			
1" x 6"	L1@0.08	Ea	12.40	3.45	15.85			
1" x 8"	L1@0.08	Ea	19.60	3.45	23.05			
1" x 10"	L1@0.08	Ea	25.40	3.45	28.85			
1" x 12"	L1@0.08	Ea	28.80	3.45	32.25			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of nipples installed on GRS conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each nipple installed. The crew is one electrician at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removal of the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for terminations, couplings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Nipples are factory made, not field made. In many cases a coupling will be needed with a nipple.

Galvanized Rigid Steel Nipples

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
Galvanized rigid s				Cost	Cost
1-1/4" x close 1-1/4" x 2" 1-1/4" x 2-1/2" 1-1/4" x 3"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	8.07 9.00 9.48 10.20	4.31 4.31 4.31 4.31	12.38 13.31 13.79 14.51
1-1/4" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	11.60	4.31	15.91
1-1/4" x 4"	L1@0.10	Ea	12.30	4.31	16.61
1-1/4" x 5"	L1@0.10	Ea	14.20	4.31	18.51
1-1/4" x 6"	L1@0.10	Ea	15.90	4.31	20.21
1-1/4" x 8"	L1@0.10	Ea	26.40	4.31	30.71
1-1/4" x 10"	L1@0.10	Ea	33.20	4.31	37.51
1-1/4" x 12"	L1@0.10	Ea	38.20	4.31	42.51
1-1/2" x close 1-1/2" x 2" 1-1/2" x 2-1/2" 1-1/2" x 3"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea	9.68 10.30 11.50 15.70	4.31 4.31 4.31 4.31	13.99 14.61 15.81 20.01
1-1/2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	18.10	4.31	22.41
1-1/2" x 4"	L1@0.10	Ea	19.90	4.31	24.21
1-1/2" x 5"	L1@0.10	Ea	22.50	4.31	26.81
1-1/2" x 6"	L1@0.10	Ea	27.70	4.31	32.01
1-1/2" x 8"	L1@0.10	Ea	41.80	4.31	46.11
1-1/2" x 10"	L1@0.10	Ea	43.40	4.31	47.71
1-1/2" x 12"	L1@0.10	Ea	46.90	4.31	51.21
2" x close	L1@0.15	Ea	11.50	6.46	17.96
2" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	13.60	6.46	20.06
2" x 3"	L1@0.15	Ea	15.60	6.46	22.06
2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	17.90	6.46	24.36
2" x 4"	L1@0.15	Ea	19.90	6.46	26.36
2" x 5"	L1@0.15	Ea	23.20	6.46	29.66
2" x 6"	L1@0.15	Ea	26.40	6.46	32.86
2" x 8"	L1@0.15	Ea	38.00	6.46	44.46
2" x 10"	L1@0.15	Ea	45.80	6.46	52.26
2" x 12"	L1@0.15	Ea	51.80	6.46	58.26
2-1/2" x close	L1@0.15	Ea	32.30	6.46	38.76
2-1/2" x 3"	L1@0.15	Ea	32.60	6.46	39.06
2-1/2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	38.10	6.46	44.56
2-1/2" x 4"	L1@0.15	Ea	40.30	6.46	46.76
2-1/2" x 5"	L1@0.15	Ea	47.80	6.46	54.26
2-1/2" x 6"	L1@0.15	Ea	54.00	6.46	60.46

Use these figures to estimate the cost of nipples installed on GRS conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each nipple installed. The crew is one electrician at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removal of the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for terminations, couplings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Nipples are factory made, not field made. In many cases a coupling will be needed with a nipple.

Galvanized Rigid Steel Nipples

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Galvanized rigid s	teel nipples (co	ntinued)				
2-1/2" x 8"	L1@0.15	Ea	71.10	6.46	77.56	
2-1/2" x 10"	L1@0.15	Ea	82.60	6.46	89.06	
2-1/2" x 12"	L1@0.15	Ea	96.00	6.46	102.46	
3" x close	L1@0.20	Ea	37.90	8.62	46.52	
3" x 3"	L1@0.20	Ea	40.20	8.62	48.82	
3" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	45.00	8.62	53.62	
3" x 4"	L1@0.20	Ea	48.70	8.62	57.32	
3" x 5"	L1@0.20	Ea	56.80	8.62	65.42	
3" x 6"	L1@0.20	Ea	64.90	8.62	73.52	
3" x 8"	L1@0.20	Ea	96.80	8.62	105.42	
3" x 10"	L1@0.20	Ea	116.00	8.62	124.62	
3" x 12"	L1@0.20	Ea	121.00	8.62	129.62	
3-1/2" x close	L1@0.25	Ea	46.30	10.80	57.10	
3-1/2" x 4"	L1@0.25	Ea	59.60	10.80	70.40	
3-1/2" x 5"	L1@0.25	Ea	67.30	10.80	78.10	
3-1/2" x 6"	L1@0.25	Ea	76.90	10.80	87.70	
3-1/2" x 8"	L1@0.25	Ea	96.80	10.80	107.60	
3-1/2" x 10"	L1@0.25	Ea	116.00	10.80	126.80	
3-1/2" x 12"	L1@0.25	Ea	136.00	10.80	146.80	
4" x close	L1@0.25	Ea	54.90	10.80	65.70	
4" x 4"	L1@0.25	Ea	66.80	10.80	77.60	
4" x 5"	L1@0.25	Ea	78.40	10.80	89.20	
4" x 6"	L1@0.25	Ea	87.40	10.80	98.20	
4" x 8"	L1@0.25	Ea	109.00	10.80	119.80	
4" x 10"	L1@0.25	Ea	135.00	10.80	145.80	
4" x 12"	L1@0.25	Ea	159.00	10.80	169.80	
5" x close	L1@0.40	Ea	40.60	17.20	57.80	
5" x 5"	L1@0.40	Ea	103.00	17.20	120.20	
5" x 6"	L1@0.40	Ea	113.00	17.20	130.20	
5" x 8"	L1@0.40	Ea	277.00	17.20	294.20	
5" x 10"	L1@0.40	Ea	156.00	17.20	173.20	
5" x 12"	L1@0.40	Ea	390.00	17.20	407.20	
6" x close	L1@0.60	Ea	93.40	25.90	119.30	
6" x 5"	L1@0.60	Ea	165.00	25.90	190.90	
6" x 6"	L1@0.60	Ea	207.00	25.90	232.90	
6" x 8"	L1@0.60	Ea	232.00	25.90	257.90	
6" x 10"	L1@0.60	Ea	267.00	25.90	292.90	
6" x 12"	L1@0.60	Ea	294.00	25.90	319.90	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of nipples installed on GRS conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each nipple installed. The crew is one electrician working at a cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removal of the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for terminations, couplings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Nipples are factory made, not field made. In many cases a coupling will be needed with a nipple.

Aluminum Rigid Conduit (ARC), Elbows and Nipples

_					
			Material	Labor	Installed
Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost
Aluminum rigid co	onduit				
1/2"	L1@3.75	CLF	270.00	162.00	432.00
3/4"	L1@4.00	CLF	362.00	172.00	534.00
1"	L1@4.50	CLF	515.00	194.00	709.00
1-1/4"	L1@6.00	CLF	717.00	259.00	976.00
1-1/2"	L1@7.00	CLF	657.00	302.00	959.00
2"	L1@8.50	CLF	1,120.00	366.00	1,486.00
2-1/2"	L2@10.0	CLF	1,520.00	431.00	1,951.00
3"	L2@12.0	CLF	1,920.00	517.00	2,437.00
3-1/2"	L2@14.0	CLF	2,270.00	603.00	2,873.00
4" 5"	L2@16.0	CLF	2,700.00	689.00	3,389.00
5 6"	L2@20.0 L2@25.0	CLF CLF	4,110.00 5,680.00	862.00 1,080.00	4,972.00 6,760.00
5	LZ@23.0	OLI	3,000.00	1,000.00	0,700.00
90 degree alumir	num rigid condu	uit elbow	/s		
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	19.00	4.31	23.31
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	24.50	4.31	28.81
1"	L1@0.10	Ea	40.30	4.31	44.61
1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	41.80	6.46	48.26
1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.15 L1@0.20	Ea Ea	159.00 237.00	6.46 8.62	165.46 245.62
2-1/2" 3"	L2@0.20	Ea	399.00	8.62	407.62
3-1/2"	L2@0.25 L2@0.25	Ea Ea	615.00 961.00	10.80 10.80	625.80 971.80
4"	L2@0.30	Ea	1,630.00	12.90	1,642.90
5"	L2@0.40	Ea	3,360.00	17.20	3,377.20
6"	L2@0.70	Ea	4,640.00	30.20	4,670.20
Aluminum rigid co	andriit ninnles				
1/2" x close	L1@0.05	Ea	20.90	2.15	23.05
1/2" x 1-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	15.80	2.15	17.95
1/2" x 2"	L1@0.05	Ea	17.10	2.15	19.25
1/2" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	20.40	2.15	22.55
1/2" x 3"	L1@0.05	Ea	21.20	2.15	23.35
1/2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	23.20	2.15	25.35
1/2" x 4"	L1@0.05	Ea	24.90	2.15	27.05
1/2" x 5"	L1@0.05	Ea	28.20	2.15	30.35
1/2" x 6"	L1@0.05	Ea	29.90	2.15	32.05
1/2" x 8" 1/2" x 10"	L1@0.05 L1@0.05	Ea	40.20	2.15 2.15	42.35
1/2 x 10 1/2" x 12"	L1@0.05 L1@0.05	Ea Ea	48.60 56.40	2.15 2.15	50.75 58.55
	_		33.10	2.10	00.00
3/4" x close	L1@0.06	Ea	20.90	2.59	23.49
3/4" x 2"	L1@0.06	Ea	22.40	2.59	24.99
214" 2 () 4 ()"					

Use these figures to estimate the cost of aluminum rigid conduit, elbows and nipples installed in a building under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet of conduit or each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician for conduit sizes to 2" and two electricians for conduit over 2". The labor cost is \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include conduit bending, one coupling for each length of conduit, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for extra couplings, straps, terminations, wire, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Elbows and nipples are factory made. Do not install ARC in concrete or masonry construction. Conduit runs are assumed to be 50' long. Installation costs per linear foot will be less on longer runs and more on shorter runs.

Ea

24.00

2.59



2-1/2"

3/4" x

L1@0.06

ARC Nipples

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Aluminum rigid conduit nipples								
3/4" x 3"	L1@0.06	Ea	26.00	2.59	28.59			
3/4" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	26.70	2.59	29.29			
3/4" x 4"	L1@0.06	Ea	28.00	2.59	30.59			
3/4" x 5"	L1@0.06	Ea	33.70	2.59	36.29			
3/4" x 6"	L1@0.06	Ea	38.30	2.59	40.89			
3/4" x 8"	L1@0.06	Ea	50.70	2.59	53.29			
3/4" x 10"	L1@0.06	Ea	59.30	2.59	61.89			
3/4" x 12"	L1@0.06	Ea	72.60	2.59	75.19			
1" x close	L1@0.08	Ea	25.30	3.45	28.75			
1" x 2"	L1@0.08	Ea	28.00	3.45	31.45			
1" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	30.70	3.45	34.15			
1" x 3"	L1@0.08	Ea	33.20	3.45	36.65			
1" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	37.20	3.45	40.65			
1" x 4"	L1@0.08	Ea	41.00	3.45	44.45			
1" x 5"	L1@0.08	Ea	48.50	3.45	51.95			
1" x 6"	L1@0.08	Ea	57.00	3.45	60.45			
1" x 8"	L1@0.08	Ea	71.00	3.45	74.45			
1" x 10"	L1@0.08	Ea	89.20	3.45	92.65			
1" x 12"	L1@0.08	Ea	106.00	3.45	109.45			
1-1/4" x close	L1@0.10	Ea	34.10	4.31	38.41			
1-1/4" x 2"	L1@0.10	Ea	35.00	4.31	39.31			
1-1/4" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	38.20	4.31	42.51			
1-1/4" x 3"	L1@0.10	Ea	43.20	4.31	47.51			
1-1/4" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	49.30	4.31	53.61			
1-1/4" x 4"	L1@0.10	Ea	63.50	4.31	67.81			
1-1/4" x 5"	L1@0.10	Ea	74.00	4.31	78.31			
1-1/4" x 6"	L1@0.10	Ea	74.00	4.31	78.31			
1-1/4" x 8"	L1@0.10	Ea	94.10	4.31	98.41			
1-1/4" x 10"	L1@0.10	Ea	114.00	4.31	118.31			
1-1/4" x 12"	L1@0.10	Ea	135.00	4.31	139.31			
1-1/2" x close	L1@0.10	Ea	42.40	4.31	46.71			
1-1/2" x 2"	L1@0.10	Ea	43.40	4.31	47.71			
1-1/2" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	46.30	4.31	50.61			
1-1/2" x 3"	L1@0.10	Ea	52.60	4.31	56.91			
1-1/2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	66.30	4.31	70.61			
1-1/2" x 4"	L1@0.10	Ea	66.60	4.31	70.91			
1-1/2" x 5"	L1@0.10	Ea	76.30	4.31	80.61			
1-1/2" x 6"	L1@0.10	Ea	88.10	4.31	92.41			
1-1/2" x 8"	L1@0.10	Ea	113.00	4.31	117.31			
1-1/2" x 10"	L1@0.10	Ea	138.00	4.31	142.31			
1-1/2" x 12"	L1@0.10	Ea	162.00	4.31	166.31			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of ARC nipples installed on ARC conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each nipple installed. The crew is one electrician at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for extra couplings, straps, boxes, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume the purchase of full packages.

ARC Nipples

	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost				
					0031	0031				
Aluminum rigid conduit nipples (continued)										
	2" x close	L1@0.15	Ea	43.40	6.46	49.86				
	2" x 2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	60.30	6.46	66.76				
	2" x 3"	L1@0.15	Ea	67.40	6.46	73.86				
		_								
	2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	79.50	6.46	85.96				
	2" x 4"	L1@0.15	Ea	83.00	6.46	89.46				
	2" x 5"	L1@0.15	Ea	83.00	6.46	89.46				
	2" x 6"	L1@0.15	Ea	114.00	6.46	120.46				
	2" x 8"	L1@0.15	Ea	144.00	6.46	150.46				
	2" x 10"	L1@0.15	Ea	174.00	6.46	180.46				
	2" x 12"	L1@0.15	Ea	210.00	6.46	216.46				
	2-1/2" x close	L1@0.15	Ea	120.00	6.46	126.46				
	2-1/2" x 3"	L1@0.15	Ea	123.00	6.46	129.46				
	2-1/2" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	136.00	6.46	142.46				
	2-1/2" x 4"	L1@0.15	Ea	143.00	6.46	149.46				
	2-1/2" x 5"	L1@0.15	Ea	162.00	6.46	168.46				
	2-1/2" x 6"	L1@0.15	Ea	174.00	6.46	180.46				
	2-1/2" x 8"	L1@0.15	Ea	224.00	6.46	230.46				
	2-1/2" x 10"	L1@0.15	Ea	271.00	6.46	277.46				
	2-1/2" x 12"	L1@0.15	Ea	305.00	6.46	311.46				
	3" x close	L1@0.20	Ea	77.60	8.62	86.22				
	3" x 3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	103.00	8.62	111.62				
	3" x 4"	L1@0.20	Ea	108.00	8.62	116.62				
	3" x 5"	L1@0.20	Ea	123.00	8.62	131.62				
	3" x 6"	L1@0.20	Ea	141.00	8.62	149.62				
	3" x 8"	L1@0.20	Ea	181.00	8.62	189.62				
	3" x 10"	L1@0.20	Ea	219.00	8.62	227.62				
	3" x 12"	L1@0.20	Ea	260.00	8.62	268.62				
	3-1/2" x close 3-1/2" x 4" 3-1/2" x 5" 3-1/2" x 6"	L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.25	Ea Ea Ea	98.80 125.00 149.00 172.00	10.80 10.80 10.80 10.80	109.60 135.80 159.80 182.80				
	3-1/2" x 8"	L1@0.25	Ea	215.00	10.80	225.80				
	3-1/2" x 10"	L1@0.25	Ea	267.00	10.80	277.80				
	3-1/2" x 12"	L1@0.25	Ea	311.00	10.80	321.80				

Use these figures to estimate the cost of ARC nipples installed on ARC conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each nipple installed. The crew is one electrician at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for extra couplings, straps, boxes, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs assume the purchase of full packages. Nipples are factory made, not field made. In many cases a coupling will be needed with each nipple. Do not install aluminum fittings in concrete or masonry. The bending, cutting and threading tools for aluminum conduit are the same as used for GRS. Don't mix aluminum fittings with other types of fittings.

ARC Nipples, Locknuts and Bushings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost				
Aluminum rigid conduit nipples (continued)									
4" x close	L1@0.25	Ea	104.00	10.80	114.80				
4" x 4"	L1@0.25	Ea	129.00	10.80	139.80				
4" x 5"	L1@0.25	Ea	149.00	10.80	159.80				
4" x 6"	L1@0.25	Ea	172.00	10.80	182.80				
4" x 8"	L1@0.25	Ea	219.00	10.80	229.80				
4" x 10"	L1@0.25	Ea	267.00	10.80	277.80				
4" x 12"	L1@0.25	Ea	315.00	10.80	325.80				
5" x close	L1@0.40	Ea	241.00	17.20	258.20				
5" x 5"	L1@0.40	Ea	283.00	17.20	300.20				
5" x 6"	L1@0.40	Ea	296.00	17.20	313.20				
5" x 8"	L1@0.40	Ea	377.00	17.20	394.20				
5" x 10"	L1@0.40	Ea	456.00	17.20	473.20				
5" x 12"	L1@0.40	Ea	523.00	17.20	540.20				
6" x close	L1@0.60	Ea	292.00	25.90	317.90				
6" x 5"	L1@0.60	Ea	341.00	25.90	366.90				
6" x 6"	L1@0.60	Ea	373.00	25.90	398.90				
6" x 8"	L1@0.60	E a	507.00	25.90	532.90				
6" x 10"	L1@0.60	Ea	607.00	25.90	632.90				
6" x 12"	L1@0.60	Ea	671.00	25.90	696.90				
Aluminum locknuts									
1/2"	L1@0.02	Ea	.63	.86	1.49				
3/4"	L1@0.02	Ea	1.15	.86	2.01				
1"	L1@0.02	Ea	1.73	.86	2.59				
1-1/4"	L1@0.03	Ea	2.30	1.29	3.59				
1-1/2"	L1@0.03	Ea	3.25	1.29	4.54				
2"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.19	2.15	7.34				
2-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	9.90	2.15	12.05				
3"	L1@0.07	Ea	10.90	3.02	13.92				
3-1/2"	L1@0.07	Ea	30.80	3.02	33.82				
4"	L1@0.09	Ea	33.80	3.88	37.68				
5"	L1@0.10	Ea	86.00	4.31	90.31				
6"	L1@0.20	Ea	152.00	8.62	160.62				
Aluminum bushings									
1/2"	L1@0.02	Ea	7.43	.86	8.29				
3/4"	L1@0.02	Ea	13.60	.86	14.46				
1"	L1@0.03	Ea	17.90	1.29	19.19				

Use these figures to estimate the cost of ARC nipples, locknuts and bushings installed on ARC conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for extra couplings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs are based on purchase of full packages. Nipples are factory made, not field made. In many cases a coupling will be needed with each nipple. Do not install aluminum fittings in concrete or masonry.

Aluminum Bushings and Terminations

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
Aluminum	bushings (continued)				
1-1/4"	L1@0.04	Ea	28.10	1.72	29.82
1-1/2"	L1@0.04	Ea	35.60	1.72	37.32
2"	L1@0.05	Ea	43.80	2.15	45.95
2-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	59.00	2.15	61.15
3"	L1@0.07	Ea	62.60	3.02	65.62
3-1/2"	L1@0.07	Ea	125.00	3.02	128.02
4"	L1@0.09	Ea	145.00	3.88	148.88
5"	L1@0.10	Ea	241.00	4.31	245.31
6"	L1@0.20	Ea	370.00	8.62	378.62
Insulated o	aluminum ground bush	ings		(0)	
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	17.90	4.31	22.21
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	20.10	4.31	24.41
1"	L1@0.10	Ea	29.30	4.31	33.61
1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2"	L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	29.70 37.60 50.60 91.00	6.46 6.46 8.62 8.62	36.16 44.06 59.22 99.62
3"	L1@0.25	Ea	138.00	10.80	148.80
3-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	166.00	10.80	176.80
4"	L1@0.30	Ea	224.00	12.90	236.90
5"	L1@0.40	Ea	352.00	17.20	369.20
6"	L1@0.50	Ea	543.00	21.50	564.50
Conduit te	ermination, two aluminu	m locknu	uts & one pl	astic bushing	
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.63	2.15	3.78
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	2.97	2.59	5.56
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	4.50	3.45	7.95
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.10	4.31	10.41
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	8.56	4.31	12.87
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	14.20	6.46	20.66
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	28.90	6.46	35.36
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	31.00	8.62	39.62
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	74.40	8.62	83.02
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	81.30	10.80	92.10
5"	L1@0.40	Ea	198.00	17.20	215.20

Use these figures to estimate the cost of aluminum bushings, ground bushings, and terminations under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removal of knockouts, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs are based on purchase of full boxes. One locknut is used outside the box and inside the box on each conduit termination. A bushing is needed at each conduit end to protect the wire.

Ea

350.00

25.90

375.90

L1@0.60

6"

Cast Metal Entrance Elbows and Conduit Bodies

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost				
Cast metal Typ	Cast metal Type SLB entrance elbows								
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	8.15	4.31	12.46				
3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	10.00	6.46	16.46				
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	18.20	6.46	24.66				
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	28.00	8.62	36.62				
1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	50.20	8.62	58.82				
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	57.30	10.80	68.10				
2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	203.00	12.90	215.90				
3"	L1@0.40	Ea	261.00	17.20	278.20				
Galvanized co	ast metal Types LB, I	L or LR c	conduit bodi	es					
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	13.10	4.31	17.41				
3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	15.50	6.46	21.96				
1"	L1@0.20	Ea	23.10	8.62	31.72				
1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	39.80	10.80	50.60				
1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	52.10	10.80	62.90				
2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.30 L1@0.40 L1@0.50 L1@0.70 L1@1.00	Ea Ea Ea Ea	87.00 174.00 231.00 392.00 443.00	12.90 17.20 21.50 30.20 43.10	99.90 191.20 252.50 422.20 486.10				
Galvanized co	ast metal Type T.co	nduit bo	dies						
1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	11.30	6.46	17.76				
3/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	15.50	8.62	24.12				
1"	L1@0.25	Ea	22.80	10.80	33.60				
1-1/4"	L1@0.30	Ea	34.00	12.90	46.90				
1-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	51.10	12.90	64.00				
2"	L1@0.40	Ea	78.80	17.20	96.00				
2-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	157.00	21.50	178.50				
3"	L1@0.70	Ea	208.00	30.20	238.20				
3-1/2"	L1@0.90	Ea	538.00	38.80	576.80				
4"	L1@1.25	Ea	691.00	53.90	744.90				
Galvanized co	ast metal Type X co	nduit bo	odies						
1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	37.70	8.62	46.32	(0 0 0			
3/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	44.30	10.80	55.10				
1"	L1@0.30	Ea	61.10	12.90	74.00				
1-1/4"	L1@0.40	Ea	85.70	17.20	102.90				
1-1/2"	L1@0.40	Ea	108.00	17.20	125.20				
2"	L1@0.50	Ea	191.00	21.50	212.50				

Use these figures to estimate the cost of conduit bodies installed on EMT or GRS conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each body installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, nipples, boxes, covers, gaskets, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Using a larger conduit body or a mogul size can reduce the installation time when wire sizes are larger.

Blank Conduit Body Covers

	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost						
	Steel blank c	onduit body cover	rs									
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.89	2.15	4.04						
	3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	4.21	2.15	6.36						
	1"	L1@0.05	Ea	3.45	2.15	5.60						
Θ Θ	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.94	4.31	9.25						
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.04	4.31	10.35						
	2"	L1@0.10	Ea	9.09	4.31	13.40						
	2-1/2" - 3"	L1@0.15	Ea	12.90	6.46	19.36						
	2-1/2" - 4"	L1@0.20	Ea	23.40	8.62	32.02						
	Malleable blo	Malleable blank conduit body covers										
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	7.06	2.15	9.21						
	3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.88	2.15	8.03						
	1"	L1@0.10	Ea	9.43	4.31	13.74						
ΘΘ	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	11.40	4.31	15.71						
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	13.30	4.31	17.61						
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	26.40	6.46	32.86						
	2-1/2" - 3"	L1@0.20	Ea	42.20	8.62	50.82						
	2-1/2" - 4"	L1@0.25	Ea	60.50	10.80	71.30						
	Aluminum blo	ank conduit body	covers									
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	3.07	2.15	5.22						
	3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	4.21	2.15	6.36						
	1"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.08	2.15	7.23						
Θ Θ	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.82	4.31	11.13						
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	10.10	4.31	14.41						
	2"	L1@0.10	Ea	13.30	4.31	17.61						
	2-1/2" - 3"	L1@0.15	Ea	20.40	6.46	26.86						
	2-1/2" - 4"	L1@0.20	Ea	24.80	8.62	33.42						

Use these figures to estimate the cost of blank conduit body covers installed on conduit bodies under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each cover installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit bodies, other fittings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: These figures assume that the conduit body is readily accessible.

Conduit Body Gaskets, Conduit Bodies and Capped Elbows

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Conduit body o	_					
1/2"	L1@0.02	Ea	3.40	.86	4.26	
3/4"	L1@0.02	Ea	3.83	.86	4.69	
1"	L1@0.03	Ea	4.21	1.29	5.50	
1-1/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	4.63	2.15	6.78	
1-1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.38	2.15	7.53	
2"	L1@0.07	Ea	5.67	3.02	8.69	
2-1/2" - 3"	L1@0.10	Ea	10.60	4.31	14.91	
2-1/2" - 4"	L1@0.15	Ea	12.60	6.46	19.06	
Type LB, LL or LF	R aluminum condu	uit bodie	s with covers			
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	18.20	4.31	22.51	
3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	21.70	6.46	28.16	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	32.00	6.46	38.46	
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	50,80	8.62	59.42	
1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	65,90	8.62	74.52	
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	109.00	10.80	119.80	
2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	227.00	12.90	239.90	
3"	L1@0.40	Ea	304.00	17.20	321.20	
Type LB, LL or LF	R mogul aluminum	condui	t bodies with	covers & gas	skets	
1"	L1@0.25	Ea	137.00	10.80	147.80	
1-1/4"	L1@0.30	Ea	144.00	12.90	156.90	
1-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	256.00	12.90	268.90	
2"	L1@0.50	Ea	394.00	21.50	415.50	
2-1/2"	L1@0.70	Ea	602.00	30.20	632.20	
3"	L1@0.75	Ea	917.00	32.30	949.30	
3-1/2"	L1@1.00	Ea	1,060.00	43.10	1,103.10	
4"	L1@1.00	Ea	1,180.00	43.10	1,223.10	
Galvanized cap	pped elbows					
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	18.00	4.31	22.31	
3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	27.10	6.46	33.56	
1"	L1@0.20	Ea	33.60	8.62	42.22	
1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	40.90	10.80	51.70	V
1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	53.30	10.80	64.10	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of conduit body gaskets, aluminum conduit bodies and capped elbows installed with covers and aluminum conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for covers, conduit, nipples, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Standard conduit bodies do not include covers and gaskets. Cost of mogul bodies includes covers and gaskets.

Galvanized Cast Boxes

				Material	Labor	Installed				
Material		Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost				
Galvanized cast boxes with threaded hubs										
FS-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.20	Ea	18.90	8.62	27.52				
FS-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.25	Ea	18.60	10.80	29.40				
FS-3	1" one gang	L1@0.30	Ea	21.40	12.90	34.30				
FS-12	1/2" two gang	L1@0.25	Ea	32.00	10.80	42.80				
FS-22	3/4" two gang	L1@0.30	Ea	34.30	12.90	47.20				
FS-32	1" two gang	L1@0.35	Ea	36.10	15.10	51.20				
FSC-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.25	Ea	32.30	10.80	43.10				
FSC-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.30	Ea	35.40	12.90	48.30				
FSC-3	1" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	43.80	15.10	58.90				
FSC-12	1/2" two gang	L1@0.30	Ea	39.50	12.90	52.40				
FSC-22	3/4" two gang	L1@0.35	Ea	35.40	15.10	50.50				
FSC-32	1" two gang	L1@0.40	Ea	47.00	17.20	64.20				
FSCC-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	25.60	15.10	40.70				
FSCC-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.40	Ea	43.50	17.20	60.70				
FSCT-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	28.00	15.10	43.10				
FSCT-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.40	Ea	35.10	17.20	52.30				
FSL-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.30	Ea	21.60	12.90	34.50				
FSL-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	24.00	15.10	39.10				
FSR-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.30	Ea	24.40	12.90	37.30				
FSR-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	26.30	15.10	41.40				
FSS-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	23.00	15.10	38.10				
FSS-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.40	Ea	24.90	17.20	42.10				
FST-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	23.00	15.10	38.10				
FST-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.40	Ea	24.90	17.20	42.10				
FSX-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.40	Ea	21.60	17.20	38.80				
FSX-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.45	Ea	24.00	19.40	43.40				
FD-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.25	Ea	30.40	10.80	41.20				
FD-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.30	Ea	23.60	12.90	36.50				
FD-3	1" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	25.30	15.10	40.40				
FDC-1	1/2" one gang	L1@0.30	Ea	28.30	12.90	41.20				
FDC-2	3/4" one gang	L1@0.35	Ea	30.80	15.10	45.90				
FDC-3	1" one gang	L1@0.40	Ea	36.20	17.20	53.40				
Lloo thoog fir	www. to optiments the se	at of actionized ac	at haves installs	d on oonduit under t	ha aanditiana daaarihad a					

Use these figures to estimate the cost of galvanized cast boxes installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each box installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include box mounting, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for covers, gaskets, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Boxes are raintight or weatherproof when fitted with the proper cover. These figures assume that the boxes are surface mounted in accessible locations.

Covers for Galvanized Cast Boxes

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Single gang stampe	d metal cov	ers				
DS21 single receptacle	L1@0.05	Ea	5.19	2.15	7.34	
DS23 duplex receptacle	L1@0.05	Ea	5.19	2.15	7.34	
DS32 switch	L1@0.05	Ea	5.19	2.15	7.34	
DS100 blank	L1@0.05	Ea	4.14	2.15	6.29	
Two gang stamped r	metal covers	6				
S322 2 switches	L1@0.06	Ea	9.44	2.59	12.03	
S1002 blank	L1@0.06	Ea	9.44	2.59	12.03	
S32212 duplex	L1@0.06	Ea	9.44	2.59	12.03	
S32232 Sw & duplex	L1@0.06	Ea	9.44	2.59	12.03	
Single gang cast me	etal covers					•
DS100G switch	L1@0.05	Ea	11.30	2.15	13.45	
DS100G blank	L1@0.05	Ea	12.60	2.15	14.75	
Two gang cast meta	l covers		2/6		_	
S322G 2 switches	L1@0.06	Ea	37.30	2.59	39.89	
S1002G blank	L1@0.06	Ea	33.80	2.59	36.39	
Single gang cast we	atherproof o	covers				
DS128 Sw rod type	L1@0.10	Ea	43.30	4.31	47.61	(e
DS181 Sw rocker type	L1@0.10	Ea	46.80	4.31	51.11	
Two gang cast weath	herproof co	/ers				
DS1282 2 Sw rod type	L1@0.15	Ea	79.10	6.46	85.56	
Single gang cast with	h hinged co	ver weatl	herproof			
WLRS-1 single recept	L1@0.10	Ea	44.90	4.31	49.21	$ 0\rangle$
WLRD-1 duplex recept	L1@0.10	Ea	49.30	4.31	53.61	
TTERED I duplox rocept	L1@0.10	Lu	₹0.00	7.01	00.01	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of covers installed on galvanized boxes under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each cover installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the cover, mounting, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. These figures assume that the boxes for the covers are surface mounted in accessible locations.

1 -6---

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Galvanized Cast Expansion Fittings and Jumpers

	Matarial	Croft@Uro	Lloit	Material	Labor	Installed						
	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost						
8		Galvanized 4" cast expansion fitting										
	1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	77.10	10.80	87.90						
	3/4" 1"	L1@0.30 L1@0.40	Ea Ea	79.20 96.70	12.90 17.20	92.10 113.90						
	1-1/4"	L1@0.50	Ea	128.00	21.50	149.50						
	1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.50 L1@0.60	Ea Ea	142.00 212.00	21.50 25.90	163.50 237.90						
					30.20							
	2-1/2" 3"	L1@0.70 L1@0.70	Ea Ea	419.00 418.00	30.20	449.20 448.20						
	3-1/2"	L1@0.80	Ea	657.00	34.50	691.50						
	4"	L1@1.00	Ea	894.00	43.10	937.10						
Galvanized 8" cast expansion fitting												
	1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	157.00	12.90	169.90						
	3/4" 1"	L1@0.40 L1@0.50	Ea Ea .	172.00 229.00	17.20 21.50	189.20 250.50						
	1-1/4"	L1@0.60	Ea	279.00	25.90	304.90						
	1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.60	Ea Ea	424.00	25.90	449.90						
	2 2-1/2"	L1@0.70 L1@0.80		592.00	30.20	622.20						
	2-1/2 3"	L1@1.00	Ea Ea	1,000.00 1,230.00	34.50 43.10	1,034.50 1,273.10						
	3-1/2"	L1@1.25	Ea	1,670.00	53.90	1,723.90						
	4"	L1@1.30	Ea	1,840.00	56.00	1,896.00						
7	4" bonding	jumpers for galvanized	d cast e	expansion fitt	ing							
*	1/2" - 3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	66.10	6.46	72.56						
	1" - 1-1/4" 1-1/2" - 2"	21@0.20 L1@0.30	Ea Ea	67.10 82.90	8.62 12.90	75.72 95.80						
$\stackrel{\downarrow}{\leftarrow}$	2-1/2" - 3"	L1@0.40	Ea	87.90	17.20	105.10						
	3-1/2" - 4"	L1@0.50	Ea	181.00	21.50	202.50						
	8" bonding	jumpers for galvanized	d cast e	expansion fitt	ina							
- 1	1/2" - 3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	69.10	6.46	75.56						
D	1" - 1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	80.20	10.80	91.00						
	1-1/2" - 2"	L1@0.35	Ea	96.00	15.10	111.10						
	2-1/2" - 3" 3-1/2" - 4"	L1@0.45 L1@0.60	Ea Ea	132.00 135.00	19.40 25.90	151.40 160.90						
++	5"	L1@0.80	Ea	192.00	34.50	226.50						

Use these figures to estimate the cost of expansion fittings and bonding jumpers installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for conduit, supports, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: These fittings are installed at construction expansion joints and are suitable for installation in concrete. The bonding jumper provides grounding continuity.

Reducing Bushings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Steel or malleable reducing bushings								
3/4" - 1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.63	2.15	3.78			
1" - 1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.42	2.15	4.57			
1" - 3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.42	2.15	4.57			
1-1/4" - 1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	4.26	2.59	6.85			
1-1/4" - 3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	4.26	2.59	6.85			
1-1/4" - 1"	L1@0.06	Ea	4.26	2.59	6.85			
1-1/2" - 1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	5.50	3.45	8.95			
1-1/2" - 3/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	5.50	3.45	8.95			
1-1/2" - 1"	L1@0.08	Ea	5.50	3.45	8.95			
1-1/2" - 1-1/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	5.50	3.45	8.95			
2" - 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	11.80	4.31	16.11			
2" - 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	11.80	4.31	16.11			
2" - 1"	L1@0.10	Ea	14.80	4.31	19.11			
2" - 1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	10.70	4.31	15.01			
2" - 1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	11.80	4.31	16.11			
2-1/2" - 1-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	18.40	6.46	24.86			
2-1/2" - 2"	L1@0.15	E a	18.40	6.46	24.86			
3" - 2-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	50.10	8.62	58.72			
3-1/2" - 2"	L1@0.25	Ea	50.10	10.80	60.90			
3-1/2" - 2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	50.10	10.80	60.90			
3-1/2" - 3"	L1@0.25	Ea	55.00	10.80	65.80			
4" - 2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	44.30	12.90	57.20			
4" - 3"	L1@0.30	Ea	44.30	12.90	57.20			
4" - 3-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	40.80	12.90	53.70			
Aluminum reducin	g bushings							
3/4" - 1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.32	2.15	7.47			
1" - 1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.35	2.15	7.50			
1" - 3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.35	2.15	7.50			
1-1/4" - 1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	10.50	2.59	13.09			
1-1/4" - 3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	10.40	2.59	12.99			
1-1/4" - 1"	L1@0.06	Ea	11.60	2.59	14.19			
1-1/2" - 1/2"	L1@0.08	Ea	17.40	3.45	20.85			
1-1/2" - 3/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	17.40	3.45	20.85			
1-1/2" - 1"	L1@0.08	Ea	17.40	3.45	20.85			
1-1/2" - 1-1/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	17.40	3.45	20.85			
2" - 1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	23.40	4.31	27.71			
2" - 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	23.40	4.31	27.71			
2" - 1"	L1@0.10	Ea	23.40	4.31	27.71			
2" - 1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	23.40	4.31	27.71			
2" - 1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	23.40	4.31	27.71			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of reducing bushings installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each bushing installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes. These bushings are used to reduce the threaded hub size in cast boxes when smaller conduit is used.

Reducing Bushings and Reducing Washers

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Aluminum reducing bushings								
2-1/2" - 1" 2-1/2" - 1-1/4" 2-1/2" - 1-1/2" 2-1/2" - 2"	L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.15	Ea Ea Ea Ea	22.40 22.40 22.40 22.40	6.46 6.46 6.46 6.46	28.86 28.86 28.86 28.86			
3" - 1-1/4" 3" - 1-1/2" 3" - 2" 3" - 2-1/2"	L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	46.30 46.30 46.30 46.30	8.62 8.62 8.62 8.62	54.92 54.92 54.92 54.92			
3-1/2" - 2" 3-1/2" - 2-1/2" 3-1/2" - 3"	L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.25	Ea Ea Ea	51.20 51.20 51.20	10.80 10.80 10.80	62.00 62.00 62.00			
4" - 2" 4" - 2-1/2" 4" - 3" 4" - 3-1/2"	L1@0.30 L1@0.30 L1@0.30 L1@0.30	Ea Ea Ea Ea	79,20 79.20 79.20 79.20	12.90 12.90 12.90 12.90	92.10 92.10 92.10 92.10			
Steel reducing we	ashers, set of 2							
3/4" - 1/2" 1" - 1/2" 1" - 3/4" 1-1/4" - 1/2" 1-1/4" - 3/4" 1-1/4" - 1" 1-1/2" - 1/2" 1-1/2" - 3/4" 1-1/2" - 1-1/4" 2" - 1/2" 2" - 1/4" 2" - 1-1/4" 2" - 1-1/2" 2-1/2" - 1" 2-1/2" - 1-1/4" 2-1/2" - 1-1/4" 2-1/2" - 1-1/4" 3" - 1-1/4" 3" - 1-1/4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.08 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.20	Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr	.46 .70 .65 1.25 1.14 1.17 1.45 1.63 1.37 1.39 2.38 2.11 1.97 1.97 1.97 2.59 2.59 2.59 2.59 2.59 3.28 3.28	2.15 2.59 2.59 3.45 3.45 3.45 4.31 4.31 4.31 4.31 6.46 6.46 6.46 6.46 6.46 8.62 8.62 8.62 8.62 10.80	2.61 3.29 3.24 4.70 4.59 4.62 5.76 5.94 5.68 5.70 8.84 8.43 8.43 11.21 11.21 11.21 11.21 14.08 14.08			
3" - 1-1/2" 3" - 2" 3" - 2-1/2" 3-1/2" - 2" 3-1/2" - 3-1/2" 4" - 2" 4" - 2-1/2" 4" - 3-1/2"	L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30 L1@0.35 L1@0.35 L1@0.35 L1@0.35	Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr Pr	3.28 3.28 3.28 9.41 9.41 9.41 26.70 26.70 26.70 26.70	10.80 10.80 10.80 12.90 12.90 15.10 15.10 15.10	14.08 14.08 14.08 22.31 22.31 22.31 41.80 41.80 41.80 41.80			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of reducing bushings and reducing washers installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs for bushings are for each bushing installed. Costs for reducing washers are per pair of washers installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes. These bushings are used to reduce the threaded hub size in cast boxes when smaller conduit is used.

Bushed Nipples

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Die cast bush	ed nipples					
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.42	2.15	2.57	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.73	2.59	3.32	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.41	3.45	4.86	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.15	4.31	6.46	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.03	4.31	7.34	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.70	6.46	11.16	
2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.25	Ea Ea Ea Ea	7.64 12.40 21.40 22.40	8.62 8.62 10.80	16.26 21.02 32.20 33.20	
Malleable bus	shed nipples					
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.04	2.15	3.19	П
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.97	2.59	4.56	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	3. 5 7	3.45	7.02	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.48	4.31	7.79	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.72	4.31	8.03	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	4.91	6.46	11.37	
2-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	9.01	8.62	17.63	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	18.40	8.62	27.02	
3-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	28.70	10.80	39.50	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	46.60	10.80	57.40	
Insulated die	cast bushed nipple	S				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.46	2.15	2.61	•••••
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.86	2.59	3.45	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	1.59	3.45	5.04	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.39	4.31	6.70	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.36	4.31	7.67	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	5.25	6.46	11.71	
2-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	8.47	8.62	17.09	
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	13.80	8.62	22.42	
3-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	23.80	10.80	34.60	
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	26.70	10.80	37.50	
	leable bushed nipp					
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.96	2.15	3.11	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.76	2.59	4.35	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	3.28	3.45	6.73	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.91	4.31	9.22	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	6.54	4.31	10.85	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	8.68	6.46	15.14	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of bushed nipples installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each nipple installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for locknut, bushing, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes. Bushed nipples are often used in threaded hubs.

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Bushed Nipples, Couplings and Offset Nipples

				Material	Labor	Installed
	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost
	Insulated malleable bushed nipples					
	2-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	11.30	8.62	19.92
	3"	L1@0.20	Ea	35.70	8.62	44.32
	3-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	50.40	10.80	61.20
	4"	L1@0.25	Ea	79.20	10.80	90.00
	5"	L1@0.30	Ea	239.00	12.90	251.90
	6"	L1@0.40	Ea	363.00	17.20	380.20
Malleable three-piece couplings or unions						
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.36	4.31	9.67
	3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	8.74	4.31	13.05
	1"	L1@0.15	Ea	13.30	6.46	19.76
	1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	23.90	8.62	32.52
	1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	29.70	8.62	38.32
	2"	L1@0.25	Ea	58.50	10.80	69.30
	2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	141.00	12.90	153.90
	3"	L1@0.30	Ea Ea	194.00	12.90	206.90
	3-1/2"	L1@0.50		328.00	21.50	349.50
	4"	L1@0.50	Éa	400.00	21.50	421.50
	5" 6"	L1@1.00 L1@1,25	Ea Ea	585.00 891.00	43.10 53.90	628.10 944.90
		L1@1.20	La	091.00	33.90	944.90
	Malleable offset nipples					
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	10.90	4.31	15.21
	3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	11.50	4.31	15.81
	1"	L1@0.15	Ea	14.30	6.46	20.76
	1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	32.10	8.62	40.72
	1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	39.40	8.62	48.02
	2"	L1@0.25	Ea	62.60	10.80	73.40
	Die cast offset nipples					
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	3.98	4.31	8.29
	3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	5.58	6.46	12.04
	1"	L1@0.20	Ea	7.14	8.62	15.76
	1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	10.30	10.80	21.10
	1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	12.90	10.80	23.70
	2"	L1@0.30	Ea	27.40	12.90	40.30

Use these figures to estimate the cost of bushed nipples, unions, and offset nipples installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for locknut, bushing, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes. Three-piece couplings are made to fit the flat thread used on electrical fittings. Unions made for plumbing pipe should not be used in electrical systems.

Offset Nipples, Connectors and Couplings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
Die cast offse	t nipples (continued	d)				
2-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	101.00	15.10	116.10	
3"	L1@0.35	Ea	126.00	15.10	141.10	
3-1/2"	L1@0.40	Ea	184.00	17.20	201.20	
4"	L1@0.45	Ea	228.00	19.40	247.40	
Malleable thre	eadless connectors	;				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	2.96	2.15	5.11	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	4.88	2.59	7.47	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	6.92	3.45	10.37	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	13.70	4.31	18.01	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	19.00	4.31	23.31	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	37.30	6.46	43.76	
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	176.00	10.80	186.80	
3"	L1@0.30	Ea	234.00	12.90	246.90	
3-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	308.00	15.10	323.10	
4"	L1@0.40	Ea	376.00	17.20	393.20	
Insulated mal	leable threadless c	onnecto				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	6.88	2.15	9.03	
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	11.00	2.59	13.59	
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	16.30	3.45	19.75	
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	31.10	4.31	35.41	
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	43.20	4.31	47.51	
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	101.00	6.46	107.46	
2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	248.00	10.80	258.80	
3"	L1@0.30	Ea	328.00	12.90	340.90	
3-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	424.00	15.10	439.10	
4"	L1@0.40	Ea	499.00	17.20	516.20	
	eadless couplings			25		
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.70	4.31	9.01	
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	7.21	4.31	11.52	
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	12.10	6.46	18.56	
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	20.10	8.62	28.72	
1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	25.20	8.62	33.82	
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	56.30	10.80	67.10	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of offset nipples, connectors, and couplings installed in conduit systems under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removing the knockout, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for locknuts, bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material costs are based on purchase of full boxes. Threadless fittings are made for rigid conduit only and do not fit EMT conduit. They're rated for raintight or weatherproof applications.

Couplings and Connectors

				Material	Labor	Installed
	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Cost	Cost	Cost
	Malleable	threadless couplings (co	ontinue	ed)		
	2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	246.00	12.90	258.90
	3"	L1@0.40	Ea	338.00	17.20	355.20
	3-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	434.00	21.50	455.50
	4"	L1@0.60	Ea	568.00	25.90	593.90
	Malleable	set screw couplings				
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	5.42	4.31	9.73
	3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	7.36	4.31	11.67
	1"	L1@0.15	Ea	12.40	6.46	18.86
	1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	17.90	8.62	26.52
	1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	23.10	8.62	31.72
	2"	L1@0.25	Ea	51.90	10.80	62.70
	2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	108.00	12.90	120.90
	3"	L1@0.40	Ea	130.00	17.20	147.20
	3-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	170.00	21.50	191.50
	4"	L1@0.60	Ea	217.00	25.90	242.90
	Steel set so	crew connectors				
1	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.33	2.15	7.48
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	6.42	2.59	9.01
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	8.54	3.45	11.99
	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	15.50	4.31	19.81
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	22.50	4.31	26.81
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	34.00	6.46	40.46
	2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	123.00	10.80	133.80
	3"	121@0.30	Ea	157.00	12.90	169.90
	3-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	234.00	15.10	249.10
	4"	L1@0.40	Ea	291.00	17.20	308.20
	Insulated s	steel set screw connecto	rs			
	1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	5.60	2.15	7.75
	3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	6.77	2.59	9.36
	1"	L1@0.08	Ea	8.78	3.45	12.23
W.Coo.	1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	15.70	4.31	20.01
	1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	22.80	4.31	27.11
	2"	L1@0.15	Ea	37.30	6.46	43.76
	2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	126.00	10.80	136.80
	3"	L1@0.30	Ea	163.00	12.90	175.90
	3-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	251.00	15.10	266.10
	4"	L1@0.40	Ea	329.00	17.20	346.20

Use these figures to estimate the cost of couplings and connectors installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removing the knockout, the locknut, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes.

Connectors and Straps

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Malleable set	Malleable set screw connectors							
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.35 L1@0.40	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	3.91 5.42 8.72 15.20 21.90 43.50 127.00 169.00 232.00 284.00	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31 4.31 6.46 10.80 12.90 15.10 17.20	6.06 8.01 12.17 19.51 26.21 49.96 137.80 181.90 247.10 301.20			
Insulated mal	leable set screw co	nnectors	.					
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.35 L1@0.40	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	6.40 7.73 12.50 17.60 27.70 47.00 140.00 197.00 248.00 310.00	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31 4.31 6.46 10.80 12.90 15.10 17.20	8.55 10.32 15.95 21.91 32.01 53.46 150.80 209.90 263.10 327.20			
Steel one hole	e straps							
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	.19 .27 .41 .61 .92 1.15 2.05 2.49 3.25 4.16	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31 4.31 4.31 6.46 8.62 8.62 8.62	2.34 2.86 3.86 4.92 5.23 5.46 8.51 11.11 11.87 12.78			
Malleable on	e hole straps							
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.25	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	.37 .51 .83 1.19 1.72 2.74 5.33 8.01 12.10 21.80	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31 4.31 4.31 6.46 8.62 8.62 10.80	2.52 3.10 4.28 5.50 6.03 7.05 11.79 16.63 20.72 32.60			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of connectors and straps installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include removing the knockout, the locknut, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes.

Conduit Clamps and Entrance Caps

-		=			
Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
Steel two hole		Orint	0031	0031	0001
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.17	2.15	2.32
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	.23	2.59	2.82
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	.38	3.45	3.83
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	.52	4.31	4.83
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.68	4.31	4.99
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	.97	4.31	5.28
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	2.21	6.46	8.67
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	3.13	8.62	11.75
3-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	4.30	10.80	15.10
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	4.40	10.80	15.20
Aluminum one	hole straps				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	1.07	2.15	3.22
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	1.57	2.59	4.16
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	2.34	3.45	5.79
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.33	4.31	8.64
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	4.52	4.31	8.83
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	9.29	4.31	13.60
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	18.40	6.46	24.86
3"	L1@0.20	Ea	26.10	8.62	34.72
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	34.20	8.62	42.82
4"	L1@0.25	Ea	40.50	10.80	51.30
Malleable cla	mp backs				
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	.51	2.15	2.66
3/4"	L1@0.05	Ea	.57	2.15	2.72
1"	L1@0.05	Ea	.85	2.15	3.00
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.28	4.31	5.59
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	1.65	4.31	5.96
2"	L1@0.10	Ea	2.70	4.31	7.01
2-1/2"	L1@0.15	Ea	6.47	6.46	12.93
3"	L1@0.15	Ea	10.20	6.46	16.66
3-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	33.60	8.62	42.22
4"	L1@0.20	Ea	46.10	8.62	54.72
5"	L1@0.25	Ea	115.00	10.80	125.80
6"	L1@0.25	Ea	118.00	10.80	128.80

Use these figures to estimate the cost of straps and spacers installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for screws, bolts, anchors, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes.

Conduit Clamps and Entrance Caps

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
Rigid steel co	enduit clamps withou	ıt bolts						
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	.52 .58 .91 1.11 1.14 1.48 2.20	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31 4.31 4.31 6.46	2.67 3.17 4.36 5.42 5.45 5.79 8.66			
3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea	2.51 3.18 3.77	6.46 8.62 8.62	8.97 11.80 12.39			
Rigid steel co	enduit clamps with b	olts						
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.20	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	.68 .73 1.05 1.41 1.70 1.92 2.77 2.81 3.31 4.05	2.15 2,59 3.45 4.31 4.31 4.31 6.46 6.46 8.62 8.62	2.83 3.32 4.50 5.72 6.01 6.23 9.23 9.27 11.93 12.67			
	entrance caps	0,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30 L1@0.50 L1@0.60 L1@0.75 L1@1.00 L1@1.25	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	15.00 17.40 20.70 23.20 39.40 53.90 189.00 304.00 373.00 391.00	6.46 8.62 10.80 12.90 12.90 21.50 25.90 32.30 43.10 53.90	21.46 26.02 31.50 36.10 52.30 75.40 214.90 336.30 416.10 444.90	0		
	Slip fitter entrance caps							
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30 L1@0.50	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	12.70 15.90 18.60 22.80 40.80 74.90	6.46 8.62 10.80 12.90 12.90 21.50	19.16 24.52 29.40 35.70 53.70 96.40			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of clamps and entrance caps installed on conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for screws, bolts, anchors, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: Material cost is based on purchase of full boxes. Many other types of fittings are available. Those listed here are the most common.

PVC Coated Conduit, Elbows and Couplings

		•							
Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost				
PVC coated steel conduit, 40 mil coating									
1/2"	L1@4.50	CLF	667.00	194.00	861.00				
3/4"	L1@5.50	CLF	774.00	237.00	1,011.00				
1"	L1@7.00	CLF	1,010.00	302.00	1,312.00				
1-1/4"	L1@9.00	CLF	1,670.00	388.00	2,058.00				
1-1/2"	L1@11.0	CLF	1,560.00	474.00	2,034.00				
2"	L1@13.0	CLF	2,010.00	560.00	2,570.00				
2-1/2"	L2@15.0	CLF	4,000.00	646.00	4,646.00				
3"	L2@13.0 L2@17.0	CLF	3,870.00	733.00	4,603.00				
3-1/2"	L2@17.0 L2@19.0	CLF	6,200.00	819.00	7,019.00				
4"	L2@21.0	CLF	5,570.00	905.00	6,475.00				
5"	L2@25.0	CLF	12,900.00	1,080.00	13,980.00				
			:=,000:00	1,000	,				
PVC coated steel 90 degree elbows									
1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	32.50	4.31	36.81				
3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	33.80	4.31	38.11				
1"	L1@0.15	Ea	23.60	6.46	30.06				
1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	47.60	8.62	56.22				
1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	58.30	8.62	66.92				
2"	L1@0.25	Ea	50.40	10.80	61.20				
2-1/2"	L2@0.30	Ea	101.00	12.90	113.90				
3"	L2@0.35	Ea	162.00	15.10	177.10				
3-1/2"	L2@0.40	Ea	225.00	17.20	242.20				
4"	L2@0.50	Ea	422.00	21.50	443.50				
5"	L2@0.75	Ea	650.00	32.30	682.30				
PVC coated stee	couplings								
1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	7.81	2.15	9.96				
3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	8.20	2.59	10.79				
1"	L1@0.08	Ea	10.70	3.45	14.15				
1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	12.40	4.31	16.71				
1-1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	14.80	4.31	19.11				
2"	L1@0.15	Ea	21.70	6.46	28.16				
2-1/2"	L2@0.20	Ea	53.50	8.62	62.12				
3"	L2@0.20	Ea	65.00	8.62	73.62				
3-1/2"	L2@0.25	Ea	83.50	10.80	94.30				
4"	L2@0.25	Ea	97.50	10.80	108.30				
	100000		045.00	40.00	007.00				

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated conduit, elbows and couplings installed in corrosive areas under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet of conduit or for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician for sizes up to 2" and two electricians for sizes over 2". The labor cost is \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include cutting and threading, one coupling for each length of conduit, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for straps, locknuts, bushings, sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing any damaged PVC coating. Bending tools must be ground out when used on PVC conduit. Threading equipment must be modified for use on PVC conduit.

Ea

315.00

12.90

327.90

L2@0.30

5"

PVC Coated Straps and Clamps

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
PVC coated steel one hole straps								
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea Ea	15.40 15.40 15.70 23.00	2.15 2.59 3.45 4.31	17.55 17.99 19.15 27.31			
1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.40	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	24.50 35.40 33.50 45.00 80.70 85.90	4.31 6.46 8.62 10.80 12.90 17.20	28.81 41.86 42.12 55.80 93.60 103.10			
PVC coated mo	alleable one hole	straps		11/6				
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.30	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	12.40 12.50 12.80 18.60 28.90 30.10 54.10 92.50 131.00 139.00	2.15 2,59 4.31 4.31 6.46 8.62 8.62 10.80 12.90 12.90	14.55 15.09 17.11 22.91 35.36 38.72 62.72 103.30 143.90 151.90			
PVC coated rig	ht angle beam cl	amps						
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.40 L1@0.50 L1@0.60 L1@0.60	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	23.20 23.40 31.40 31.70 39.10 50.70 55.70 62.40 64.40 70.50	4.31 6.46 8.62 10.80 10.80 12.90 17.20 21.50 25.90	27.51 29.86 40.02 42.50 49.90 63.60 72.90 83.90 90.30 96.40			
	arallel beam clam	•	05.40	4.04	00.74			
1/2" 3/4" 1" 1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2" 2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.10 L1@0.15 L1@0.20 L1@0.25 L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.40 L1@0.60 L1@0.60	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	25.40 25.80 31.70 35.00 39.30 48.80 59.40 67.40 70.80 71.30	4.31 6.46 8.62 10.80 10.80 12.90 12.90 17.20 25.90 25.90	29.71 32.26 40.32 45.80 50.10 61.70 72.30 84.60 96.70 97.20			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated straps and clamps installed on PVC coated conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include screws, anchors, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing any damaged PVC coating.

PVC Coated Clamps, U-bolts and Unions

	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
	PVC coated	edge-type beam cla	imps			
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	21.70	4.31	26.01
	3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	23.20	6.46	29.66
	1"	L1@0.20	Ea	38.40	8.62	47.02
	1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	65.00	10.80	75.80
	1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	83.60	10.80	94.40
	2"	L1@0.30	Ea	91.20	12.90	104.10
	PVC coated	U-bolts				
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	9.84	4.31	14.15
	3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	9.84	6.46	16.30
	1"	L1@0.20	Ea	9.84	8.62	18.46
	1-1/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	10.20	10.80	21.00
	1-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	10.40	10.80	21.20
	2"	L1@0.30	Ea	12.70	12.90	25.60
$\forall \ \forall$	2-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	22.10	15.10	37.20
	3"	L1@0.35	Ea	23.40	15.10	38.50
	3-1/2"	L1@0.40	Ea	24.90	17.20	42.10
	4"	L1@0.50	Ea	32.90	21.50	54.40
	5"	L1@0.60	Ea	46.10	25.90	72.00
		female conduit union				
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	52.30	4.31	56.61
	3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	53.30	4.31	57.61
	1"	L1@0.15	Ea	102.00	6.46	108.46
	1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	107.00	8.62	115.62
	1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	197.00	8.62	205.62
	2"	L1@0.25	Ea	263.00	10.80	273.80
	2-1/2" 3" 3-1/2" 4"	L1@0.30 L1@0.30 L1@0.35 L1@0.40	Ea Ea Ea	279.00 386.00 479.00 509.00	12.90 12.90 15.10 17.20	291.90 398.90 494.10 526.20
	PVC coated	male conduit unions				
	1/2"	L1@0.10	Ea	54.20	4.31	58.51
	3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	60.00	4.31	64.31
	1"	L1@0.15	Ea	75.30	6.46	81.76
	1-1/4"	L1@0.20	Ea	122.00	8.62	130.62
	1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	147.00	8.62	155.62
	2"	L1@0.25	Ea	184.00	10.80	194.80
	2-1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	326.00	12.90	338.90
	3"	L1@0.30	Ea	433.00	12.90	445.90
	3-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	564.00	15.10	579.10
	4"	L1@0.40	Ea	699.00	17.20	716.20

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated clamps, U-bolts and unions installed on PVC coated conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include screws, bolts, nuts, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing any damaged PVC coating. PVC conduit fittings are rigid conduit fittings that have a PVC bonded coating for corrosion protection.

PVC Coated Couplings and Conduit Bodies

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
PVC coated reducing couplings								
3/4"- 1/2"	L1@0.05	Ea	35.30	2.15	37.45			
1"- 1/2"	L1@0.06	Ea	38.10	2.59	40.69			
1"- 3/4"	L1@0.06	Ea	44.30	2.59	46.89			
1-1/4"- 3/4"	L1@0.08	Ea	56.00	3.45	59.45			
1-1/4"- 1"	L1@0.08	Ea	59.90	3.45	63.35			
1-1/2"- 3/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	47.80	4.31	52.11			
1-1/2"- 1"	L1@0.10	Ea	56.20	4.31	60.51			
1-1/2"- 1-1/4"	L1@0.10	Ea	94.80	4.31	99.11			
2"- 3/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	105.00	6.46	111.46			
2"- 1"	L1@0.15	Ea	101.00	6.46	107.46			
2"- 1-1/4"	L1@0.15	Ea	107.00	6.46	113.46			
2"- 1-1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	124.00	8.62	132.62			
3"- 2"	L1@0.20	Ea	200.00	8,62	208.62			
3-1/2"- 2-1/2"	L1@0.25	Ea	252.00	10.80	262.80			
4"- 3"	L1@0.30	Ea	496.00	12.90	508.90			
5"- 4"	L1@0.40	Ea	631.00	17.20	648.20			
PVC coated Type	C conduit bodi	es						
C-17 1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	50.90	8.62	59.52			
C-27 3/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	53.40	10.80	64.20			
C-37 1"	L1@0.30	Ea	74.50	12.90	87.40			
C-47 1-1/4"	L1@0.35	Ea	112.00	15.10	127.10			
C-57 1-1/2"	L1@0.40	Ea	136.00	17.20	153.20			
C-67 2"	L1@0.40	Ea	193.00	17.20	210.20			
C-77 2-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	371.00	21.50	392.50			
CLF-87 3"	L1@0.60	Ea	469.00	25.90	494.90			
CLF-97 3-1/2"	L1@0.70	Ea	699.00	30.20	729.20			
CLF-107 4"	L1@1.00	Ea	789.00	43.10	832.10			
PVC coated Type	e LB conduit bod	ies						
LB-17 1/2"	L1@0.20	Ea	50.30	8.62	58.92			
LB-27 3/4"	L1@0.25	Ea	51.50	10.80	62.30			
LB-37 1"	L1@0.30	Ea	67.60	12.90	80.50			
LB-47 1-1/4"	L1@0.35	Ea	111.00	15.10	126.10			
LB-57 1-1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	135.00	15.10	150.10			
LB-67 2"	L1@0.40	Ea	191.00	17.20	208.20			
LB-77 2-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	368.00	21.50	389.50			
LB-87 3"	L1@0.60	Ea	460.00	25.90	485.90			
LB-97 3-1/2"	L1@0.70	Ea	678.00	30.20	708.20			
LB-107 4"	L1@1.00	Ea	759.00	43.10	802.10			

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated couplings and conduit bodies installed on PVC coated conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include covers, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing any damaged PVC coating.

PVC Coated Conduit Bodies

	Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost		
PVC coated Type T conduit bodies								
	T-17 1/2" T-27 3/4" T-37 1"	L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.35	Ea Ea Ea	67.00 75.90 110.00	10.80 12.90 15.10	77.80 88.80 125.10		
	T-47 1-1/4" T-57 1-1/2" T-67 2"	L1@0.40 L1@0.40 L1@0.45	Ea Ea Ea	183.00 194.00 352.00	17.20 17.20 19.40	200.20 211.20 371.40		
	T-77 2-1/2" T-87 3" T-97 3-1/2" T-107 4"	L1@0.60 L1@0.70 L1@1.00 L1@1.50	Ea Ea Ea Ea	595.00 796.00 1,150.00 1,250.00	25.90 30.20 43.10 64.60	620.90 826.20 1,193.10 1,314.60		
	PVC coated Type	TB conduit bod	ies					
	TB-17 1/2" TB-27 3/4" TB-37 1"	L1@0.25 L1@0.30 L1@0.35	Ea Ea Ea	75.90 92.50 99.90	10.80 12.90 15.10	86.70 105.40 115.00		
	TB-47 1-1/4" TB-57 1-1/2" TB-67 2"	L1@0.40 L1@0.40 L1@0.45	Ea Ea Ea	183.00 194.00 352.00	17.20 17.20 19.40	200.20 211.20 371.40		
	PVC coated Type	X conduit bodi	es					
	X-17 1/2" X-27 3/4" X-37 1"	L1@0.30 L1@0.35 L1@0.40	Ea Ea Ea	79.00 89.80 102.00	12.90 15.10 17.20	91.90 104.90 119.20		
	X-47 1-1/4" X-57 1-1/2" X-67 2"	L1@0.45 L1@0.45 L1@0.50	Ea Ea Ea	243.00 317.00 456.00	19.40 19.40 21.50	262.40 336.40 477.50		
	PVC coated steel	conduit body o	covers					
ΘΘ	1/2" 3/4" 1"	L1@0.05 L1@0.06 L1@0.08	Ea Ea Ea	21.00 23.00 30.10	2.15 2.59 3.45	23.15 25.59 33.55		
	1-1/4" 1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.10 L1@0.10 L1@0.10	Ea Ea Ea	39.70 43.50 55.20	4.31 4.31 4.31	44.01 47.81 59.51		
	2-1/2" - 3" 2-1/2" - 4"	L1@0.15 L1@0.15	Ea Ea	74.60 146.00	6.46 6.46	81.06 152.46		

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated conduit bodies installed on PVC coated conduit and PVC coated body covers installed on conduit bodies under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing any damaged PVC coating.

PVC Coated Junction Boxes

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
PVC coated Type (_					
1/2" - 2" dia. 1/2" - 3" dia. 3/4" - 2" dia. 3/4" - 3" dia.	L1@0.35 L1@0.40 L1@0.40 L1@0.45	Ea Ea Ea Ea Ea	146.00 165.00 180.00 183.00	15.10 17.20 17.20 19.40	161.10 182.20 197.20 202.40	
1" - 3" dia. 1-1/4" - 3-5/8" dia. 1-1/2" - 5" dia. 2" - 5" dia.	L1@0.50 L1@0.60 L1@0.75 L1@1.00	Ea Ea Ea Ea	210.00 337.00 546.00 614.00	21.50 25.90 32.30 43.10	231.50 362.90 578.30 657.10	
PVC coated Type (SUAC junction	boxes w	ith covers	+. 0		
1/2" - 2" dia. 1/2" - 3" dia. 3/4" - 2" dia. 3/4" - 3" dia.	L1@0.35 L1@0.40 L1@0.40 L1@0.45	Ea Ea Ea Ea	146.00 165.00 180.00 183.00	15.10 17.20 17.20 19.40	161.10 182.20 197.20 202.40	
1" - 3" dia. 1-1/4" - 3-5/8" dia. 1-1/2" - 5" dia. 2" - 5" dia.	L1@0.50 L1@0.60 L1@0.75 L1@1.00	Ea Ea Ea Ea	210.00 337.00 546.00 614.00	21.50 25.90 32.30 43.10	231.50 362.90 578.30 657.10	
PVC coated Type (SUAL junction I	boxes wit	th covers			
1/2" - 2" dia. 1/2" - 3" dia. 3/4" - 2" dia. 3/4" - 3" dia.	L1@0.35 L1@0.40 L1@0.40 L1@0.45	Ea Ea Ea	146.00 165.00 180.00 183.00	15.10 17.20 17.20 19.40	161.10 182.20 197.20 202.40	
1" - 3" dia. 1-1/4" - 3-5/8" dia. 1-1/2" - 5" dia. 2" - 5" dia.	L1@0.50 L1@0.60 L1@0.75 L1@1.00	Ea Ea Ea Ea	210.00 337.00 546.00 614.00	21.50 25.90 32.30 43.10	231.50 362.90 578.30 657.10	
PVC coated Type	SUAN junction	boxes w	ith covers			
1/2" - 2" dia. 1/2" - 3" dia. 3/4" - 2" dia. 3/4" - 3" dia.	L1@0.35 L1@0.40 L1@0.40 L1@0.45	Ea Ea Ea Ea	146.00 165.00 180.00 183.00	15.10 17.20 17.20 19.40	161.10 182.20 197.20 202.40	
1" - 3" dia. 1-1/4" - 3-5/8" dia. 1-1/2" - 5" dia. 2" - 5" dia.	L1@0.50 L1@0.60 L1@0.75 L1@1.00	Ea Ea Ea Ea	210.00 337.00 546.00 614.00	21.50 25.90 32.30 43.10	231.50 362.90 578.30 657.10	
PVC coated Type (SUAW junction	boxes w	rith covers			
1/2" - 2" dia. 1/2" - 3" dia. 3/4" - 2" dia. 3/4" - 3" dia.	L1@0.40 L1@0.45 L1@0.45 L1@0.50	Ea Ea Ea Ea	196.00 233.00 205.00 237.00	17.20 19.40 19.40 21.50	213.20 252.40 224.40 258.50	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated junction boxes installed on PVC coated conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the box cover, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing damaged PVC coating.

PVC Coated Junction Boxes and Sealing Fittings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost			
				0001	0001			
PVC coated Type GUAT junction boxes with covers								
1/2" - 2" dia.	L1@0.40	Ea	205.00	17.20	222.20			
1/2" - 3" dia.	L1@0.45	Ea	232.00	19.40	251.40			
3/4" - 2" dia.	L1@0.50	Ea	221.00	21.50	242.50			
3/4" - 3" dia.	L1@0.55	Ea	249.00	23.70	272.70			
1" - 3" dia.	L1@0.60	Ea	389.00	25.90	414.90			
1-1/4" - 3-5/8" dia.	L1@0.65	Ea	755.00	28.00	783.00			
1-1/2" - 5" dia.	L1@0.80	Ea	842.00	34.50	876.50			
2" - 5" dia.	L1@1.10	Ea	886.00	47.40	933.40			
D) (O	NII A X/ In 11 I							
PVC coated Type G	JUAX JUNCTION I	ooxes wi	in covers					
1/2" - 2" dia.	L1@0.45	Ea	202.00	19.40	221.40			
1/2" - 3" dia.	L1@0.50	Ea	227.00	21.50	248.50			
3/4" - 2" dia.	L1@0.55	Ea	214.00	23.70	237.70			
3/4" - 3" dia.	L1@0.60	Ea	237.00	25.90	262.90			
1" - 3" dia.	L1@0.65	Ea	246.00	28.00	274.00			
1-1/4" - 3-5/8" dia.	L1@0.70	Ea	265.00	30.20	295.20			
1-1/2" - 5" dia.	L1@0.90	Ea	767.00	38.80	805.80			
2" - 5" dia.	L1@1.25	Ea	844.00	53.90	897.90			
D) (O	\(\(\tau_{\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\text{\tex{\tex							
PVC coated Type E		lling tiπir	ngs					
1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	146.00	15.10	161.10			
3/4"	L1@0.40	Ea	147.00	17.20	164.20			
1"	L1@0.45	Ea	171.00	19.40	190.40			
1-1/4"	L1@0.50	Ea	186.00	21.50	207.50			
1-1/2" 2"	L1@0.60 L1@0.75	Ea Ea	235.00 256.00	25.90 32.30	260.90 288.30			
	L1@0.75	⊏а	256.00	32.30	200.30			
DVC applied Type F	VD male fema		a fillings					
PVC coated Type E	<u> </u>							
1/2"	L1@0.35	Ea	146.00	15.10	161.10			
3/4"	L1@0.40	Ea	147.00	17.20	164.20			
1"	L1@0.45	Ea	171.00	19.40	190.40			
1-1/4"	L1@0.50	Ea	193.00	21.50	214.50			
1-1/2"	L1@0.60	Ea	244.00	25.90	269.90			
2"	L1@0.75	Ea	269.00	32.30	301.30			
2-1/2"	L1@0.90	Ea	392.00	38.80	430.80			
3"	L1@1.00	Ea	534.00	43.10	577.10			
3-1/2"	L1@1.25	Ea	534.00	53.90	587.90			
4"	L1@1.40	Ea	1,260.00	60.30	1,320.30			

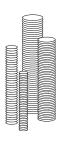
Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated junction boxes and sealing fittings installed on PVC coated conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include the cover, layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing damaged PVC coating.

PVC Coated Sealing Fittings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
PVC coated T	ype EYS female sec	aling fittin	gs			
1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	81.70	12.90	94.60	
3/4"	L1@0.35	Ea	75.70	15.10	90.80	
1"	L1@0.40	Ea	90.80	17.20	108.00	
1-1/4"	L1@0.50	Ea	130.00	21.50	151.50	
1-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	166.00	21.50	187.50	
2"	L1@0.60	Ea	184.00	25.90	209.90	
PVC coated T	ype EYS male-fema	ıle sealin	a fittinas	4	11/1	
1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	82.60	12.90	95.50	
3/4"	L1@0.35	Ea	76.50	15.10	91.60	
1"	L1@0.40	Ea	91.40	17.20	108.60	
1-1/4"	L1@0.50	Ea	132.00	21.50	153.50	
1-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	172.00	21.50	193.50	
2"	L1@0.60	Ea	192.00	25.90	217.90	
2-1/2"	L1@0.75	Ea	297.00	32.30	329.30	
3"	L1@0.90	Ea	398.00	38.80	436.80	
3-1/2"	L1@1.00	Ea	1,180.00	43.10	1,223.10	
4"	L1@1.25	Ea	1,540.00	53.90	1,593.90	
PVC coated T	ype EZS female sec	ıling fittin	gs			
1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	96.00	12.90	108.90	
3/4"	L1@0.35	Ea	125.00	15.10	140.10	
1"	L1@0.40	Ea	150.00	17.20	167.20	
1-1/4"	L1@0.50	Ea	171.00	21.50	192.50	
1-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	328.00	21.50	349.50	
2"	L1@0.60	Ea	682.00	25.90	707.90	
PVC coated T	ype EZ\$ male-fema	ıle sealin	g fittings			
1/2"	L1@0.30	Ea	96.80	12.90	109.70	
3/4"	L1@0.35	Ea	126.00	15.10	141.10	
1"	L1@0.40	Ea	150.00	17.20	167.20	
1-1/4"	L1@0.50	Ea	178.00	21.50	199.50	
1-1/2"	L1@0.50	Ea	256.00	21.50	277.50	
2"	L1@0.60	Ea	230.00	25.90	255.90	
2-1/2"	L1@0.70	Ea	433.00	30.20	463.20	
3"	L1@0.90	Ea	716.00	38.80	754.80	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of PVC coated sealing fittings installed on PVC coated conduit under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each fitting installed. The crew is one electrician working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit. Note: PVC patching material is available in spray cans for repairing damaged PVC coating.

Hanger Fittings



Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost
	_	OTIL	0001	3331	0001
Plated threaded re					
1/4-20 x 6'	L1@1.25	CLF	237.00	53.90	290.90
1/4-20 x 10' 1/4-20 x 12'	L1@1.25 L1@1.15	CLF CLF	381.00 460.00	53.90 49.60	434.90 509.60
	_				
3/8-16 x 6'	L1@1.30	CLF	261.00 641.00	56.00	317.00
3/8-16 x 10' 3/8-16 x 12'	L1@1.30 L1@1.30	CLF CLF	802.00	56.00 56.00	697.00 858.00
	_				
1/2-13 x 6' 1/2-13 x 10'	L1@1.50	CLF CLF	443.00	64.60	507.60
1/2-13 x 10 1/2-13 x 12'	L1@1.50 L1@1.50	CLF	1,150.00 1,380.00	64.60 64.60	1,214.60 1,444.60
	_				
5/8-11 x 6' 5/8-11 x 10'	L1@1.75 L1@1.75	CLF CLF	1,200.00	75.40 75.40	1,275.40
5/8-11 x 12'	L1@1.75 L1@1.75	CLF	2,100.00	75.40	1,785.40 2,175.40
- O/O 11 X 12	21@1.70	OL.	2,100.00	10.10	2,170.10
Rod couplings					
1/4-20	L1@0.05	Ea▲	2.09	2.15	4.24
3/8-16	L1@0.05	Ea	4.23	2.15	6.38
1/2-13	L1@0.08	Ea	4.34	3.45	7.79
5/8-11	L1@0.10	Ea	10.10	4.31	14.41
Toggle bolts, wing	nuts				
1/8 x 3"	L1@0.10	Ea	.19	4.31	4.50
3/16 x 3"	L1@0.10	Ea	.30	4.31	4.61
1/4 x 4"	L1@0.15	Ea	.45	6.46	6.91
3/8 x 4"	L1@0.20	Ea	.54	8.62	9.16
Expansion anchor	s flush type				
1/4-20	L1@0.15	Ea	.46	6.46	6.92
3/8-16	L1@0.15	Ea	.75	6.46	7.21
1/2-13	L1@0.25	Ea	2.02	10.80	12.82
5/8-11	L1@0.30	Ea	2.89	12.90	15.79
Steel hex nuts					
1/4-20	L1@0.02	Ea	.30	.86	1.16
3/8-16	L1@0.03	Ea	.31	1.29	1.60
1/2-13 5/8-11	L1@0.05 L1@0.10	Ea Ea	.39 .45	2.15 4.31	2.54 4.76
3/0-11	L1@0.10	⊏a	.40	4.31	4.70
Fender washers, 1	-1/2" diameter				
1/4"	L1@0.02	Ea	.03	.86	.89
3/8"	L1@0.03	Ea	.07	1.29	1.36
1/2"	11@0.04	Eο	10	1 72	1 92



1/2"

Use these figures to estimate the cost of installing steel hanger fittings for hanging or mounting conduit or electrical equipment under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet or steel channel strut, or each fitting installed. The crew is one electrical working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit.

Ea

.10

1.72

1.82

L1@0.04

Steel Channel (Strut) and Fittings

Material	Craft@Hrs	Unit	Material Cost	Labor Cost	Installed Cost	
14 gauge steel chan	nel					
13/16" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@4.00	CLF	399.00	172.00	571.00	
13/16" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@4.00	CLF	496.00	172.00	668.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@6.00	CLF	570.00	259.00	829.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@6.00	CLF	609.00	259.00	868.00	
14 gauge steel chani	nel with 9/1	6" holes, '	1-7/8" oc			
13/16" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@4.00	CLF	400.00	172.00	572.00	
13/16" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@4.00	CLF	529.00	172.00	701.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@6.00	CLF	539.00	259.00	798.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@6.00	CLF	690.00	259.00	949.00	
12 gauge steel chani	nel					
13/16" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@4.00	CLF	399.00	172.00	571.00	-
13/16" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@4.00	CLF	475.00	172.00	647.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@6.00	CLF	570.00	259.00	829.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@6.00	CLF	687.00	259.00	946.00	
12 gauge steel chani	nel with 9/1	6" holes,	1-7/8" oc			
13/16" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@4.00	CLF	472.00	172.00	644.00	
13/16" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@4.00	CLF	492.00	172.00	664.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" plated	L1@6.00	CLF	519.00	259.00	778.00	
1-5/8" x 1-5/8" galvanized	L1@6.00	CLF	519.00	259.00	778.00	
Channel nuts		•				
1/4-20 13/16" strut	L1@0.05	Ea	1.41	2.15	3.56	
3/8-16 13/16" strut	L1@0.05	Ea	1.45	2.15	3.60	
1/2-13 13/16" strut	L1@0.05	Ea	1.46	2.15	3.61	
1/4-20 1-5/8" strut	L1@0.05	Ea	1.61	2.15	3.76	
3/8-16 1-5/8" strut	L1@0.05	Ea	1.88	2.15	4.03	
1/2-13 1-5/8" strut	L1@0.05	Ea	2.05	2.15	4.20	
Channel spring nuts	-					
1/4-20 13/16" strut	L1@0.06	Ea	1.73	2.59	4.32	
3/8-16 13/16" strut	L1@0.06	Ea	1.73	2.59	4.32	
1/2-13 13/16" strut	L1@0.06	Ea	1.87	2.59	4.46	
1/4-20 1-5/8" strut	L1@0.06	Ea	2.37	2.59	4.96	
3/8-16 1-5/8" strut	L1@0.06	Ea	2.52	2.59	5.11	
1/2-13 1-5/8" strut	L1@0.06	Ea	2.73	2.59	5.32	

Use these figures to estimate the cost of installing steel channel strut and fittings for hanging or mounting conduit or electrical equipment under the conditions described on pages 5 and 6. Costs listed are for each 100 linear feet or steel channel strut, or each fitting installed. The crew is one electrical working at a labor cost of \$43.09 per manhour. These costs include layout, material handling, and normal waste. Add for sales tax, delivery, supervision, mobilization, demobilization, cleanup, overhead and profit.

Index

10,000 AIC bolt-on breakers	. 307	AC magnetic	light poles194-195	indoor enclosed192
10,000 AIC DC breakers	.314	contactors 390	locknuts61	metal halide207
10,000 amp interrupt		starters382	neutral109, 111-112	remote
capacity	306	starters, three pole400-403	nipples58-61	weatherproof potted192
. ,			• •	·
120 volt fixtures 182		starters, two pole398-399	one hole straps76	Baluns533-534
120 volt smoke detectors		AC plug-on breakers310-313	reducing bushings69-70	Bar hangers 120, 129
120/277 volt switches	.219	AC quiet switches223-226	rigid conduit (ARC)58	Bare aluminum conductor 114
14,000 AIC breakers	.312	AC type cable88	service drop wire110-112	Bare copper ring439
2" range expansion			terminations 62	
	20	Access		Bare copper wire 88, 102, 442
PVC couplings		Access boxes, precast	tray fittings364	Base, steel raceway426
208 volt fixtures 182	, 186	concrete373	union72	Base type duct spacers 47
22,000 AIC DC breakers	.314	Access, service entrance	wire90, 105-112	Base wage, electrician5
240 volt fixtures 182	. 186	equipment274	Aluminum/copper conversion 92	Basis, material costs5
240 volt safety switches275			Aluminum rigid conduit (ARC) 58	
		Accessories, floor box156		Bat wings 158
277 volt fixtures 182	•	Accuracy, estimating7	bushings61	Bathroom fixtures164
277 volt switches224	-228	Acrylic lens 176	locknuts 61	Batteries
3-0 boxes	. 120	ACSR (aluminum conductor	nipples58-61	engine-generators378
3-position switches,		steel reinforced)108	termination	exit fixtures172
maintain contact	210			
		neutral111-112	American Wire Gauge system88	Battery powered smoke
3-wire receptacles	. 245	wire 108-110	Ammeter269	detectors371
30 degree PVC sweeping		Adapters, duct336	Ampacity89, 90, 218	Beacons
elbows4	13-44	PVC39	Anchors, expansion86	Beam clamps11
30 degree Schedule 40 PVC			Anti-oxidation material91	
•	27	Adapters, cable		EMT conduit hanger 26
elbows		coaxial cable537	Anti-short bushing103	PVC coated79-80
30,000 AIC breakers314	-315	subminiature D to	Apartment entry control372	Beech 108
4 square surface covers	. 131	modular jack532	Appaloosa111, 112	Beech-XLP 109
4 square switch rings			Appeal, inspector's decision7	
4-0 boxes		Additional costs6	Apple 107	Bells365, 367
		Adelphi113		Bending
4-S boxes		Adjustable bar hangers129	Apple-XLP 108	conduit, number permitted 10
4-way power intrafacer	. 541	Adjustable cast iron	Appliance wire96	GRS12
4-wire locking single		floor boxes153	Apricot 108	P&C duct12
receptacles	254	Adjustable fleed light 104	Apricot-XLP 109	
45 degree elbows		Adjustable flood light164	Aquastats, hookup379	_ raceway 423
	40	Adjustable floor boxes		Bergen113
GRS		and covers153	ARC (aluminum rigid conduit) 58	Bid shopping9
IMC	52	Adjusting costs 6, 92, 222, 337	ARC fault circuit interrupter 247	Bidding government work9
PVC sweeping	44		Architectural rectangular	
Schedule 40 PVC		AF type wire89	housing187	Blade-type fuses285-299
Type EB or DB		AFCI duplex receptacles247		Blank duct336-337
	45	AIC (amp interrupt capacity)307	Architectural square floods 187	Blank plates261-263
45 degree flex connectors		Air alternator, hookup 379	Armored cable 88, 103	jumbo267
die cast	31	Air compressor, hookup 379	Arms, pole195	Bliss113
insulated throat3	35-36		Asbestos insulation89	
liquid-tight3		Air handlers, hookup	Assemblies	Bloomfield113
malleable		Air-handling fixtures177-178	aluminum flex conduit451-454	BNC plug and jack533
		Allowance for		BNC plug connectors535-536
480 volt fixtures 186		experience6	EMT conduit447-450	Boiler control panels, hookup379
5 degree bend couplings, P&C	46	waste	galvanized rigid conduit463-466	Boilers, hookup379
5-way power intrafacer	.541		handy box switches 467-470	
5-wire locking single		Allowances	PVC conduit459-462	Bollards188
recentedes	OFA	vertical runs16		Bolt hangers, tomic132
receptacles	. 254	wire pulling91	receptacle and handy	Bolt-on circuit breakers 272, 307
6 range expansion PVC		Almond 108	boxes508-509	Bolt-on fuses293
couplings	40		receptacle and sectional	
60 Hz incandescent dimmers	.221	Almond-XLP	boxes510-513	Bonding
600 volt safety switches278		Alternator, air, hookup 379	receptacles, duplex 515, 517	connection441
90 degree elbows		Aluminum	receptacles, single514, 516	definitions439-440
	F.C.	abandon plugs, underfloor		problems441
aluminum rigid		raceway 342	sectional box switches471-486	Bonding conductor11
die cast, EMT		blank body covers64	steel flex conduit455-458	Bonding jumpers68
GRS	49		switches, 1 and 2 gang 487-507	
IMC	53	bus duct346-349	Troffer fluorescent 518	Boring 421
PVC coated steel		bushings61-62	Assumptions, conduit tables 16	data logs 420
		cable 107, 113		Box assemblies467-486, 508-513
PVC sweeping4		circuit breaker enclosures 316	Asymmetric lens 186	Box covers
Schedule 40 PVC			AWG88	concrete126
Schedule 80 PVC	38	conductor, bare114	AWM type wire96	
Type EB or DB		conductor, grounding41		floor154
90 degree malleable	-	conduit15		galvanized cast67
flex connectors	30	conduit assemblies 451-454	В	octagon126
HEA COHHECTORS	32	conduit bodies65	ם	round133-136
			Packabargas for alassum	
_		elbows	Backcharges for cleanup8	square136
A		feeder wire14	Backfill 420	weatherproof67
		flex conduit assemblies 451-454	Backhoes420	Box grounding clips442
Abandon plugs, duct	. 336	flex conduit bodies65	Backup power378	Box plugs, underfloor
underfloor raceway		frame fluorescent fixtures 177	Ball aligners	raceway341
	.347	trame inforescent uxilities 177		
			•	
AC (armored cable) 88	, 103	housing exit fixtures172	Ballasts	Box, steel channel system 432
AC (armored cable) 88 AC bolt-on breakers312	, 103 2-313	housing exit fixtures172 insulated ground	Ballasts exterior weatherproof potted 192	Box, steel channel system 432 Boxes119
AC (armored cable) 88	, 103 2-313	housing exit fixtures172 insulated ground bushings	Ballasts	Box, steel channel system 432
AC (armored cable) 88 AC bolt-on breakers312	, 103 2-313 . 306	housing exit fixtures172 insulated ground	Ballasts exterior weatherproof potted 192	Box, steel channel system 432 Boxes119

galvanized cast66	solid direct burial100-101	Cerapus110, 112	grounded switches 224, 226
ganged132	splicer 88	Chain pull receptacles 161	incandescent dimmers229
handy123	stranded direct burial100	Chain trenchers 420	switches224-227, 230-233
hinge cover pull147-148	stranded service entrance 100	Chairs (duct supports) 336	Commercial lighting157
JIC wiring150-151	telephone525	Channel flat wire432	Commercial specification grade
junction 339	underground distribution 113	Channel strut, steel87	switches233
masonry132	URD113	Channel tray 358	Communications cable 521-527
NEMA146-151	Cable adapter assemblies 434	Channel wire systems 424	coaxial526-527
octagon125-126	Cable connector savers532	Checklist, service entrance	LAN527
old work switch142			multi-conductor523-525
	Cable connectors	equipment273	
outlet119, 133-139	centerline clamp532	Cherry107	plugs 533
plastic140-142	data cable connectors 532	Cherry-XLP108	solid 521, 525
plug-in tap345	field programmable532	Chiller control panels,	stranded521-525
pull146-152	gender changer532	hookup379	telephone525
raintight148-150	subminiature D plug	Chiller, water, hookup379	transceiver/drop527
round 133-135, 140, 143, 153	kits529-531	Chimes 365, 369	twinaxial526
square127, 136, 140-141	subminiature	Chola 111, 112	Communications
steel, overfloor raceway 427	D receptacles529-531	Choosing a specialty8	equipment519-537
switch123-124, 141-142	subminiature D straight	Chow 111	Communications duct
	exit backshells531		
weatherproof144-145	Cable contacts528	Circular fluorescent lamps212	Compact fluorescent lamps 201
Boxes and rings, ganged 132	Cable cover, strain relief533	Circuit breaker	Compliance with code7
Brass		disconnect, starters	Compression EMT connectors 20
abandon plugs342	Cable distribution systems 519	with 413-417	Compressor, hookup 379
carpet flanges 156	Cable fittings,	enclosures315-316	Concealed conduit16
plugs 156	communications528-537	loadcenters322-323	Conch 110, 112
Breakers, circuit272, 306-307	Cable tray358-364	panelboards325-326	Concordia 113
meter centers318-321	aluminum ladder363	plug-in switches, bus	Concrete
rating271	layout359	duct356-357	access boxes373
	louver opening 361	Circuit breakers272, 306-307	octagon box covers
Brenau	system for communications 519		
Bridge cranes, hookup379	wire basket364	meter centers318-321	products, precast
Buckeye108	Calculating material quantities 13	rating243	removal421
Buckeye-XLP109	Callbacks8	Circuit control switches 218, 271	rings126
Budget hoists, hookup379	Canopy157	Circuit tests8	Conditions, working6
Building frame as ground 439		Clam 109, 111	Conductors 88
Building management	light fixture163	Clamps	high voltage88
systems	Capped elbows	conduit77	Conduit
Building wire, copper92-96	aluminum65	PVC coated79-80	aluminum rigid (ARC)58
	galvanized65		bender10
Built-in grounding218	Caps	water pipe	
Burrs, removing 11	entrance77	Class R fuses,	bends, number permitted 10
Bus bars269	PVC40	starters with409-410	body covers64
Bus duct343-357	Carpet flanges 156	Clay conduit15	clamps, rigid steel77
aluminum346-349		Cleanup 8	EMT17
circuit breakers356	Carpet pan	Clear lens luminaires188	EMT assemblies 447-450
copper350-351	Cartridge fuses271	Clear polycarbonate carpet	ENT 48
elbows	fast acting304-305	flanges156	flex aluminum451-454
feeder346-347, 350-351	links288-290	Clio 110, 112	flex steel455-458
	non-renewable285-286	Clips	flexible28
fittings	non-time delay291, 293-294, 297	earthquake159	galvanized rigid (GRS)49
plug-in352-353, 356	renewable287, 289		
reducers343	time delay292, 295-296, 298-303	EMT27	galvanized rigid
switches356	Cast aluminum boxes 143-145	safety159	assemblies463-466
Bushed nipples71		Clock hanger	gaskets65
Bushings	covers143-144	receptacles 218, 237	hubs443
aluminum61-62	gang extension rings 144-145	Clocks366	liquid-tight33-34
insulated ground 54, 442	gang weatherproof	commercial grade370	MC 52
plastic54	boxes144-145	Closed asymmetric lens 186	PVC37
reducing69	round weatherproof boxes 143	Coated conduit	PVC assemblies459-462
Busway343	Cast boxes, galvanized66	Coaxial cable adapters537	PVC coated78
Butternut	covers 67	Coaxial communications	take-off13
	Cast iron floor boxes153-155	cable526-527	
Butternut-XLP	rectangle154-155	Coaxial plug533	weight per 100'
Buzzers365, 367	o a constant of the constant o	. •	Conduit assemblies
	Cast metal	Cockle110, 112	aluminum flex451-454
	conduit bodies63	Code, compliance with7	EMT447-450
C	entrance elbows63	Codes, wire88	ENT48
	CD-ROM, installing5	Collie 109, 111	GRS463-466
Cabinet connectors	Ceiling fans217	Color coded cable	PVC459-462
duct336	Ceiling fixtures	for undercarpet540	steel flex455-458
underfloor raceway 341	supporting158	Colors	Conduit bodies
Cabinets, signal327	wraparound176	lighting fixtures159	aluminum65
Cable88-118	Ceiling mounted fixtures		
	•	wire92	cast metal
aluminum 107, 113	incandescent light	Combination	galvanized63
armored 103	light with canopy162-163	AC magnetic starters 404-418	PVC41
communications521-527	utility fixture163	clips, EMT to strut26	PVC coated81
copper100-104	Ceiling spacers 157	couplings36	Conduit connectors
high voltage88	Cellular flooring520	plates261, 263-268	flex29-31
Local Area Network (LAN) 527	Cement asbestos duct15	plates, jumbo267	squeeze flexible30
non-metallic100			
	Cement, PVC11	socket & main breaker317	Conduit cutter
power			Conduit cutter10 Conduit. EMT.
power104 safety 159	Cenia 110, 112	starters404-417	Conduit, EMT,
safety159	Cenia 110, 112 Centerline clamp cable	starters404-417 starters, bus duct357	Conduit, EMT, assemblies447-450
	Cenia 110, 112	starters404-417	Conduit, EMT,

Conduit, PVC,	P&C 45, 46	set screw flex couplings 32	galvanized rigid (GRS)49
assemblies459-462		squeeze flex connectors 29, 30	intermediate metal (IMC) 52
Conduit, rigid,	PVC coated81	Diffusers 159	ladder tray363
assemblies463-466	PVC coated steel78	polycarbonate for utility light 164	louvered cable tray361
Conduit spacers76	Type EB or DB45	Dimmer	90 degree PVC coated78
Conduit system,	underfloor raceway 341	fluorescent fixtures 159	PVC37, 43-45
communications519	Cover markings, handholes 373	incandescent fixtures229	Electrical metallic tubing 10, 17
Conduit tables, using15	Cover mounted keyless	Dimming switches229	Electrician base wage5
Condulets 12, 121	fixtures161	Disconnect switches	Electrician defined
,			Electrode, driven438
Connector lugs	Cover types, handy box119	Distribution section	Elevators, hookup379
Connectors	Covers	Distribution systems,	Eleven circuit overhead
communications cable 532		overhead433	distribution systems434
conduit29	conduit bodies64	Doberman109, 111	
data534	floor boxes 154-155	Dolly, reel92	Employer's labor burden5
EMT19-21	galvanized cast boxes67	Dome lights, corridor 370	EMT
EMT conduit, set screw 447	ĞFI121	Door openers371	clips26-27
ENT 48	handy box123	Door switch371	conduit
flex29	octagon box126	Door trip, intrusion detector 371	conduit assemblies 447-450
flexible metal conduit		• •	conduit fittings18
	outlet box	Double conductor lugs	conduit hangers26
insulated115	precast concrete boxes 373	Double face exit fixtures 173	couplings22
RG/U cable535-536	round 136, 144	Double throw safety switches 282	described10
screw-on115	square136	Drilling, light standard	elbows 19, 27
self-stripping115	steel raceway426	foundation421	fittings 10, 18
split bolt116	surface, raised 130-131	Drive-on EMT couplings, 22	gasketed pulling elbows 27
steel set screw74		Drop cord power343	hand benders27
telephone cable534	0.01.0120111111111111111111111111111111	Dropouts	
twinaxial cable537	hardware for528-529	ladder tray364	hangers
two bolt117			installation guidelines
	Criollo	louvered cable tray	malleable entrance caps27
two-way 116	Cross, bus duct354	Drum fixtures	nail straps24
wire115-117	Crown plugs, brass156	Dry type transformers332-334	90 degree die cast elbows 27
with spacers117	Current limiting fuses291-305	Dual element plug fuses 283-284	pulling elbows27
Conservation of energy 157	Cutter, conduit10	Duct	split adapters27
Consistency on take-offs 15	Cutting	blank336, 337	steel tube 10
Construction grade	concrete or masonry16	bus346-353	straps24
flex conduit	GRS12	coupling 336	supporting11
Contactors, magnetic389-397		elbows	thin wall10
Contacts,			to couplings24
	PVC11	end bells, P&C47	to strut combination clips 26
communications cable	Cylinder lampholder170	feeder 336	
Continental lampholder 168-169		heaters, hookup379	Enamel spray paint429
•			For all and all Controls and April 404
Control devices		lines	Enclosed fixtures 181
Control devices	D	lines	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures 176
Control devices	D	materials, underfloor335	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures 176 Enclosed indoor ballasts 192
Control devices	D Damp locations, fluorescent	materials, underfloor335 P&C45	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures 176 Enclosed indoor ballasts 192 Enclosures, circuit
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent	materials, underfloor335 P&C45 plugs, P&C46	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures 176 Enclosed indoor ballasts 192
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for176	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures 176 Enclosed indoor ballasts 192 Enclosures, circuit
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures 176 Enclosed indoor ballasts 192 Enclosures, circuit breaker
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures 176 Enclosed indoor ballasts 192 Enclosures, circuit breaker
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, hookup Around panels 379 Conveyors, hookup 379	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 Data cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duct 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Descorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 Data cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duct 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Decorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233 Decorator track fixture 170	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Converience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Copper building wire 89, 93-96, 442 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, 190 hookup 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Copper building wire 89, 93-96, 442 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99 ring as ground 439	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, 190 hookup 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Copper building wire 89, 93-96, 442 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99 ring as ground 439 service entrance cable 100	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, 190 hookup 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Copper building wire 89 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99 ring as ground 439 service entrance cable 100 wire connector lugs 118	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 Data cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duet 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Decorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233 Decorator track fixture 170 Deep switch plates 267 Deep-cut trim plates 221 Defects 8 Delivery costs, material 5 Demobilization 7	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 bata cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duct 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Decorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233 Decorator track fixture 170 Deep switch plates 267 Deep-cut trim plates 221 Defects 8 Delivery costs, material 5 Demobilization 7	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, 190 hookup 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Copper building wire 89, 93-96, 442 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99 ring as ground 439 service entrance cable 100 wire connector lugs 118 Copper-clad ground rods 444 Cords, flexible 89, 96-99 Corridor dome lights 370 Corridor fixtures, wraparound 176	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 Data cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duct 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Descorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233 Decorator track fixture 170 Deep switch plates 267 Deep-cut trim plates 221 Defects 8 Delivery costs, material 5 Demobilization 7 Device plates 221 Devices, EXO 271 Dewatering 420 Die cast bushed nipples 71	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, 190 hookup 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Copper 537 building wire 89 93-96 442 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99 ring as ground 439 service entrance cable 100 wire connector lugs 118 Copper-clad ground rods 444 Cords, flexible 89 96-99 Corridor dome lights 370 Corridor fixtures, wraparound 176 Corrosive locations, conduit for 15 Cost multiplier 60	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, copper/aluminum 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, hookup 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Copper building wire 89, 93-96, 442 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99 ring as ground 439 service entrance cable 100 wire connector lugs 118 Copper-clad ground rods 444 Cords, flexible 89, 96-99 Corridor dome lights 370 Corridor fixtures, wraparound 176 Corrosive locations, conduit for 15 Cost multiplier 6 Cost tables, adjusting 92	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices 383 Control panel, mechanical 380 Control stations 418-419 Convenience outlets 218 Converse 113 Conversion table, copper/aluminum 537 Convex glass lens 190 Conveyor control panels, hookup 379 Conveyors, hookup 379 Cooling towers, hookup 379 Coopper building wire 89, 93-96, 442 bus duct 350-351 conductor lugs 118 connections, exothermic 445 flexible cords 96-99 ring as ground 439 service entrance cable 100 wire connector lugs 118 Copper-clad ground rods 444 Cords, flexible 89, 96-99 Corridor dome lights 370 Corridor fixtures, wraparound 176 Corrosive locations, conduit for 15 Cost multiplier 6 Cost tables, adjusting 92	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 Data cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duct 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Decorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233 Decorator track fixture 170 Deep switch plates 267 Deep-cut trim plates 221 Defects 8 Delivery costs, material 5 Demobilization 7 Detectors 371 Device plates 221 Devices, EXO 271 Dewatering 420 Die cast bushed nipples 71 compression EMT couplings 23 duplex flex connectors 29 EMT connectors 19-22 flex connectors 31 gasketed pulling elbows,	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent fixtures for	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 Data cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duct 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Decorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233 Decorator track fixture 170 Deep switch plates 267 Deep-cut trim plates 221 Defects 8 Delivery costs, material 5 Demobilization 7 Detectors 371 Device plates 221 Devices, EXO 271 Dewatering 420 Die cast bushed nipples 71 compression EMT couplings 23 duplex flex connectors 29 EMT connectors 19-22 flex connectors 31 gasketed pulling elbows, EMT	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures
Control devices	Damp locations, fluorescent 176 Data cable connectors 532 Data connectors 534 DB P&C duct 12 DC breakers 309-310 DC horns 368 Deburring, raceway 423 Decorative ceiling fans 217 Decorator plates 263-264 jumbo 267 Decorator switches 229-233 Decorator track fixture 170 Deep switch plates 267 Deep-cut trim plates 221 Defects 8 Delivery costs, material 5 Demobilization 7 Detectors 371 Device plates 221 Devices, EXO 271 Dewatering 420 Die cast bushed nipples 71 compression EMT couplings 23 duplex flex connectors 29 EMT 27 insulated bushed nipples 71 insulated connectors 29 E	materials, underfloor	Enclosed-gasketed fixtures

F 0 0 0 1 1 0 F	DV0		1.00.00
Estimating software, installing 5	PVC coated78	Four circuit overhead	definition 440
Evaporative coolers, hookup 379	service 342	distribution systems 433-434	duplex receptacles246
Excavation	steel channel system 432	Four lamp fluorescent	Grounded
	•		
access box373	steel overfloor raceway 429	fixtures176	conductor439
takeoff420	steel raceway 431, 435	Four pole AC magnetic	duplex receptacles240-243
Exhaust fans, hookup379	steel surface raceway 426-428	contactors 394-395	
	•		spec grade receptacles 240
Exit fixtures171-173	two piece raceway	Framed Troffer lay-in T-bar	side-wired receptacles237
EXO devices271	assembly 430	fixtures177	•
Exothermic copper	underfloor duct336	Frequency generator 366	switches223-236
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			switches, key operated 235
connections445	underfloor raceway 341	Fringe benefits5	
Exothermic weld441	wireway330	Full load amperage (FLA)378	Grounding
		Furnaces, hookup379	built-in218
Expandable bar hangers 126	Five pole contactors396-397		conductors 439
Expanded metal tray519	Fixed-temperature detectors 366	Furring channels158	
Expansion	•	Fuse amperage, fusible	connection 441
•	Fixture tests8	switches271	definitions439-440
anchors86	Fixture whips434		electrode conductors 439
couplings39-40	Fixture wire88	Fuses, cartridge	
fittings 68		current limiting296-305	jumper442
	Fixtures	fast acting304-305	locknuts 445
joint, bus duct355	estimating 159	· ·	
Experience, allowance for 6	exit 171-173	links288-290	problems441
		non-renewable285-286	receptacles237-248
Explosion proof LED198	floodlights183-187		requirements438-441
Explosion proof horn sirens 368	fluorescent 174-180	non-time	
Exposed conduit16	HID180-192	delay291, 293-294, 297	Grullo 111, 112
		renewable 287, 289	Guard
Exterior fixtures	incandescent161-165	time delay 202 205 206 208 202	heat167
entrance fixture165	lighting157-218	time delay292, 295-296, 298-303	
floodlights 183, 185		Fuses, plug283-284	lighting fixture159
	track light168-171	Fusible disconnect,	-
walkway luminaires189	FLA (full load amperage)		
Exterior weatherproof		starters with406-418	
potted ballast	rating378	Fusible plug-in switches,	Н
	Flanged end, bus duct354	bus duct356	··-
Externally operated devices	Flanges, carpet156		Haalmay 111 110
(EXO)271		Fusible switches271	Hackney111, 112
(2/(0)271	Flashing beacons369		Hand benders
	Flat elbows, bus duct354		EMT27
	Flat glass lens,		
F		G	GRS52
<u>!</u>	HID fixtures 186, 189, 190		Handholes 373, 375
	Flex conduit assemblies	Galvanized	Handy boxes123
F type connectors for	aluminum451-454		
RG/U cable 536		box covers 67	covers123
Fan coil units, hookup379	steel455-458	cable tray361	description 119
	Flexible conduit28	capped elbows65	receptacle assemblies 508-509
Fans, ceiling217			
Fast acting fuses304-305	cutting11	cast boxes66	switch assemblies467-470
	liquid-tight33-34	conduit assemblies 463-466	Hanger spacing, cable tray 358
Fast installation, fixtures for 182	Flexible conduit connectors 29-32	conduit bodies63	
Feeder breaker271			Hangers
Feeder bus duct346-347, 350-351	liquid-tight	expansion fittings68	bar, adjustable 129
	Flexible conduit couplings, 32	messenger strand114	bolt, tomic132
Feeder circuits, aluminum wire 91	Flexible conduit couplings		
Feeder duct, blank336	Flexible cords89, 91, 96-99	trim plates221	bus duct345
	restrictions on use90	Galvanized rigid steel (GRS) 12	EMT26
Female adapters (FA)46	Flexible metallic tubing 15	conduit 49	fittings
Female conduit unions,		conduit assemblies 463-466	
PVC coated 80	Floodlights		ladder tray364
Fender washers86	adjustable 164	couplings51	louvered cable tray 362
	canopy198	elbows49-51	
Ferrule type fuses285-303		hand benders52	Hard service cord 88
Fiber duct15	exterior		Harness, wire, overhead
	heavy duty183	locknuts54	distribution systems 433
Fiberglass		nipples55-57	
box covers136	LED197	terminations 52	Hazardous conditions 119, 121
outlet boxes	rectangular198		HDE contacts528
	without poles184	Galvanized steel	Heat guard167
switch boxes 143-145	•	messenger strand114	
Field programmable cable	Floor box	Ganged boxes and rings 132	Heat-recovery fixtures178
connectors532	accessories156		Heavy duty
Fig	covers 155	Ganging fluorescent fixtures 158	control stations418-419
		Gasketed pulling elbows, EMT 27	
Fig-XLP109	Floor boxes153-155	Gaskets, conduit body	EMT straps25
Filbert108	cast iron 154-155		floodlights 183
Filbert-XLP109	outlet boxes, round 153	Gauge, wire88	receptacles, spec grade 246
		Gender changer, cable	
Finish color, lighting fixtures 159	semi-adjustable153-155	connector532	safety switches276-281
Fire alarm breaker272	Floor mat371	General duty safety switches275	spec grade switches 230
Fire resistance	Flow switches, hookup379	, ,	Hickory108
	•	General purpose control	
Fire stop fitting, bus duct 345	Fluorescent dimming	stations	Hickory-XLP109
Fish tape91	switches229		High amperage current,
	Fluorescent fixtures 174	Generators, standby365	distributing343
_leader423		GFCI duplex receptacles246	•
Fishing vacuum91	aluminum frame177	Government work, bidding9	High bay
Fittings	assemblies518		ĽED197
•		Ground	
aluminum tray364	ballasts213-216	bushing 62, 441, 442	lighting 425
ARC58	damp or wet locations176	clamp hub438	High bay open reflector
bus duct354	ganging158		fixtures180
		megger 440	
cable tray361	Fluorescent lamps 201, 210-212	pipe438	High intensity discharge (HID)
communications cable 528-537	Flush mounted	rod	fixtures
EMT conduit	LED light fixtures196	rod clamp444	area lighting
ENT conduit48	push buttons370	rod couplings 444	floodlights 183-185, 187, 189
expansion 68	screw cover boxes146-147	rod stud bolts 444	luminaires182, 188-190
· ·			
hanger 86	starters384-385	testing440-441	recessed 180-181
louvered tray361	Flush plugs, brass 156	Ground fault circuit	street lighting 192
P&C45-47	Flush starters386	interrupter (GFI)	walkway fixtures188
	ao ota to	interruptor (ar i)	
PVC38	Foundations, light standards 421	covers 121	wall fixtures188

High intensity discharge	EMT connectors19-21	Ladder, access box373	Liquid-tight
(HID) lamps204-207	flex connectors29-32	Ladder tray 358, 363	flex conduit15, 33-34
ballasts205-207, 209	ground bushings 54, 62, 442	communications cable 519	flex connectors34-36
core and coil209	malleable set screw	fittings363-364	flex to rigid combination
High output (HO) lamps211	connectors75	Lampholders168-171	couplings36
High-potential test90		•	Listings, subcontractor
	round bushings54	Lamping labor, estimating 158	Loadcenters272, 322-324
High pressure sodium	sealtight connectors34-36	Lamps	
ballasts209	set screw connectors74	estimating 158	Local Area Network (LAN)
lamps208	squeeze flex connectors32	fluorescent201, 210-212	cable527
lights184	threadless connectors73-75	halogen202-203	Locating duct inserts337
High-tech building	Insulation		Locking receptacle, steel
management systems 365		HID204-207	channel system432
	asbestos89	incandescent200-203	Locking receptacles219, 253-254
High time clause	heavy96	LED199-200, 203	Locknuts
High voltage wire and cable 88	kit540	mercury vapor204	aluminum 61
splicing90	thermoplastic88	quartz203	
Hinged cover wireway 329	Types A and B88	sodium208	grounding445
Hinged pull boxes147-151	Insurance5		GRS54
Hinged square poles194	Intermediate metal	special voltage201-203	Lockup boxes7
Holes in concrete or masonry 16		standard voltage200-203	Louvered cable tray361
	conduit (IMC)52	tubular quartz203	fittings361-362
Hollins113	couplings53	LAN (Local Area Network)	Low bay open reflector
Hook stick343	elbows52-53	cable 527	fixtures181
Hookup	running thread53	Large radius elbows (GRS) 50-51	Low voltage protection,
kitchen equipment 378, 380	Intermediate type spacers 47		
mechanical equipment 378, 380	Interrupt capacity306	Layout, cable tray359	stårters388-389
motor		LED199-200, 203	Low-pressure sodium
	Intrusion detectors 366, 371	LED light fixtures	lamps208
standby generator381	Ionization detectors366	canopy198	lights 184, 188
Horizontal elbows, underfloor	Isolated ground	explosion proof198	Lugs
raceway341	receptacles 237, 240, 242	floodlights197	copper wire118
Horizontal pole-mounted	, ,	flue by the second	solder type 118, 443
floodlights 184		flush mount196	
Horn sirens368	J	high-bay197	solderless type118, 443
		industrial196	Luminaires 182, 188-190
Horns365, 368	Jack, reel92	panel196	
Horsepower rated	Jacking 421	recessed196	
starters386	Janthina110, 112	vapor tight197	М
switches228-229	JIC wiring boxes150-151		101
Hospital grade	Job shacks7	wall pack196	Machine tool wiring88
receptacles 237, 240-243, 246		yard198	Magnetic
Hot box	Job site access, obstructed 8	Lens	
	Job size modifiers16	clear188	breakers272, 308-315
HP rated manual motor	Joiners	closed asymmetric186	contactors 382, 389
starters388-389	fixtures, between158	convex glass190	detector371
Humidistat, hookup379	ladder tray364	flat186, 190	starters382, 398
Hunter113	louvered cable tray362		switches, window or door 366
		prismatic 188	Main breaker324-326
	Journeyman electrician6	vandal-resistant 179	Main lugs
	Juilliard113	Leveling	
1	Jumbo switch plates	cable tray 358	Maintain-contact
<u>I</u>	Carried Striker Plates		switches234
Ideal working temporature 6			
Ideal working temperature	blank267	duct340	Malamute109, 111
Illuminated switch handles219	blank	duct340 underfloor raceway342	
	blank 267 combination 267 decorator 267	duct	Malamute109, 111 Male conduit adapters, ENT48
Illuminated switch handles219	blank 267 combination 267 decorator 267 Jumper whips 434	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations	blank 267 combination 267 decorator 267 Jumper whips 434 Jumpers, bonding 68	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344	blank	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270	blank 267 combination 267 decorator 267 Jumper whips 434 Jumpers, bonding 68	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit)	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted incandescent 162 ceiling mounted	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit	blank	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 ceiling mounted with canopy 162-163 commercial 157	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit13, 52 couplings	blank	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 ceiling mounted 157-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit13, 52 couplings53 elbows52, 53 Incandescent dimmers229 fixtures161-165 lamps200-203 Indent EMT couplings	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 ceiling mounted 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 ext lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit13, 52 couplings	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit13, 52 couplings	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct344 power systems equipment270 IMC (intermediate metal conduit) conduit13, 52 couplings53, 63 elbows52, 53 Incandescent dimmers229 fixtures161-165 lamps	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 ext lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157, 159-163 commercial 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161 suspension system 158	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles219 Illustrations cable tray system, P-W359 plug-in bus duct	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157, 159-163 commercial 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161 suspension system 158	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted 161 suspension system 158 track lights 168-171 Light poles 193-195	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted 161 suspension system 158 track lights 168-171 Light poles 193-195 Light track, surface mounted 168	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estimating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161 suspension system 158 track lights 168-17 Light poles 193-195 Light track, surface mounted 168 Lighted handle switches 229	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estinating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161 suspension system 158 track lights 168-171 Light track, surface mounted 168 Light track, surface mounted 168 Lighted handle switches 229 <td>Malamute</td>	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-67 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161 suspension system 158 track lights 168-171 Light poles 193-195 Light track, surface mounted 168 Lighted handle switches 229 Lighted knob incandescent dimmers	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 incandescent 162 ceiling mounted 157 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157 estinating 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-167 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161 suspension system 158 track lights 168-171 Light track, surface mounted 168 Light track, surface mounted 168 Lighted handle switches 229 <td>Malamute</td>	Malamute
Illuminated switch handles	blank	duct 340 underfloor raceway 342 Light fixtures 157-218 bathroom 164 ceiling mounted 162 with canopy 162-163 commercial 157, 159-160 exit lighting 171-173 finish color 159 floodlights 183-189 fluorescent 174-180 guards 159 HID 180-192 high bay 425 incandescent 161-67 LED 196-198 mounting height 158 pricing services 159 retrofit 181 surface mounted incandescent 161 suspension system 158 track lights 168-171 Light poles 193-195 Light track, surface mounted 168 Lighted handle switches 229 Lighted knob incandescent dimmers	Malamute

Manholes373, 375	Multi-gang masonry boxes 132	steel 426	Peach108
Manhours5-7	Multi-gang switch boxes 121	Opal globe utility fixture	Peach-XLP 109
lighting fixtures160	Multi-outlet strips, colors	ceiling mounted163	Pear107
Manual motor starters 382, 384	available424	wall mounted 164	Pear-XLP108
Marion113	Multi-outlet systems	Open luminaires	Pecan
	•	•	Pecan-XLP109
Marker screw, underfloor	Murex109, 111	Open reflector fixtures	
raceway	Mustang 110, 112	Open type contactors	Pedestals541
Masonry box 121, 132		five pole397	Pedestals for power541
Mastic 373		four pole396	Pekingese109, 111
Material	N	three pole393	Percheron 110, 112
costs defined5	N	two pole389-391	Periwinkle 110, 112
delivery5	N. t	Open type starters 385, 399, 403	Permits, temporary power7
takeoff9	N type connectors for	HP rated386	Photo controls259
waste 16	RG/U cable536		Photocell controlled lights 186
	Nassa 109, 111	Orange, code name108	
Maximum operating	National Electrical	XLP109	Photoelectric switches
temperature, wire	Code (NEC)10, 88-89, 438	Orange face receptacles 253-254	tungsten223
MC cable 89, 90, 103, 119, 120, 125	National Estimator, installing 5	Ought scale88	Pigeon114
MC connectors103		Outlet box covers 120, 128, 136	Pignut 108
MCC (motor control center) 383	Necking, manhole376	Outlet boxes 133-139, 153	Pignut-XLP109
MCM88	NEMA	concrete126	Pigtail plug533
Mechanical equipment	cable tray358		Pilot switches232
hookup378, 380	Class 1 pull boxes146-148	fiberglass133	Pins, cable contacts
Поокар 37 0, 300	Class 3R pull boxes 148-150	handy123	Pinto 110, 112
Managar argued 440	magnetic starters 382	installation labor	
Megger, ground	safety switches271	number of wires allowed 121	Pipe adapters, underfloor
Mercury switches219	Neritina 110, 112	sectional switch123	raceway341
Mercury vapor		size to use122	Pipe inserts, underfloor
ballasts206	Neutral	special121	raceway 341
floodlights183-189	ACSR111, 112	square127	Pit excavation 422
HID fixtures180-182	aluminum109, 111-112		Pitfalls, estimating16
lamps204, 206	reduced112	takeoff121	Plaster
	Nipples	Outlet receptacles,237-242, 336	frames158
luminaires	aluminum58-61	Overcurrent devices 438	
street lights	bushed71	Overfloor raceway, steel	ring 119, 121
Merlin114	GRS55	boxes427	Plastic
Messenger strand114		fittings	blank covers142
Metal conduit, flexible11	offset	raceway 424, 426	boxes140-142
Metal halide	NM type cable89, 98-100	Overhead costs5	bushings 54
ballasts207	Non-adjustable cast iron		locking connectors255-256
lamps 205, 207	floor boxes153	Overhead distribution	locking plugs257-258
floodlights183-189	Non-fused disconnect,	systems	pull lines for conduit
	starters404-405, 411	Overhead door, hookup380	
HID fixtures180-182	Non-fused safety switches 275	Overhead service,	assemblies447-450
lamps206		sockets for 317	spacers47
luminaires 182, 190	Non-fusible switches271	Overload protection271	switch rings142
street lights191-192	Non-metallic	motors377	Plate electrodes439
Metal wireway,	cable 100	Overload relays	Plates260
communications519	conduit, ENT48	•	amp size267-268
Metallic outlet boxes 441	conduit spacers76	motor starters	blank261-263
Metallic raceway, grounding 439	conduit, Type CN-P34	starters with388-389, 404-418	combination261, 263-268
	outlet boxes 121	Oversize plates221	
Meter centers318-321	sheathed cable 89, 98-102	Oxidation91	decorator263-264
Meter sockets 272, 317	Non-renewable fuses285-286	Oyster109, 111	deep267
Mobilization7			jumbo267
Modular couplers534	Non-time delay		receptacle261-262, 265-268
Modular keystone jacks534	fuses291, 293-294, 297	P	semi-jumbo 266
Modulating valves, hookup 380		<u>•</u>	switch260-267
Mogul aluminum conduit		P&C	telephone263
bodies65	0	couplings46	weatherproof268
Moisture-resistant	0	duct	Plug-in bus duct
	Octagon boxes 120, 125-126		aluminum348-349
thermoplastic	•	elbows	
Momentary contact	covers	end bells47	copper350-353
switches235	Off-street area lighting	female adapters (FA)46	units356-357
Momentary control switch382	Offset bar hangers126	fittings46	Plug-in devices
Monmouth113	Offset elbows, underfloor	plugs 46	breakers, loadcenter324
Monorail trolley, hookup 380	raceway341	Pace113	fittings354-355
Montclair113	Offset nipples	Pad mount transformer	switches356-357
Motion detectors 366	die cast73	slabs 374, 376	Plug fuses283-284
Motivating employees7	malleable72	Paging systems365	Plugs
Motor control center (MCC)383	Offsets, described10	Paint, spray enamel429	communications cable 533
			duct
Motor control equipment382-419	Oldenberg110, 112	Palomino	
Motor control stations 418-419	Olive	Paludina110, 112	PVC40
Motor rotation, reversing377	Olive-XLP 109	Pancake box120	Plum 108
Motor starters, manual384	On-site storage7	Panel lights196	Plum-XLP 109
Motorized valves, hookup 380	One circuit overhead	Panel or box adapter	Plumber's perforated
Motors377	distribution systems433	ladder tray363	metal tape11
hookup379	One gang floor boxes154	louvered cable tray361	Pneumatic switches, hookup 380
types	One gang masonry boxes 132	Panelboards272, 324-327	Pole mounted
Mounting height, lighting	One gang switch	circuit breaker325-326	floodlights 184-185, 187
fixtures158	assemblies487-489	rating272	Poles
Mouse91	One hole EMT straps24	Par38 lamp, lampholder for 168	aluminum 194-195
MTW type wire 88, 95	One level junction boxes 339-340	Parachute91	steel 193-194
Multi-conductor	One piece raceways	Parallel beam clamps79	street light 193
communications cable 523-525	sizes423	Partridge114	telephone-power424, 436-437
		•	

Polyvinyl chloride conduit 11	couplings, steel78	Reduced neutral112	O. b
Porcelain receptacles161	covers 82	Reduced wall conduit, flex,	S type flexible cord
Portunas	fittings	aluminum or steel	Safety clips
Potted ballasts	junction boxes83-84	Reducers, bus duct 343, 355	240 volt general duty 275
Power cable	sealing fittings84-85	Reducing	240 volt heavy duty276-277
Power cord plugs250-252	straps	bushings	600 volt heavy duty278-28
Power cord receptacles 248-249	PVC jacketed	bushings, PVC41	rating27
Power duct	communications cable 521-525	couplings, PVC coated81	Safety wire and cable 159
Power groove lamps212		underfloor raceway341 voltage drop14	Sail switches, hookup380
Power intrafacer541		washers70	Sales tax
Power systems equipment,	Q	Refrigeration, hookup380	Sand encasement
illustration270		Regis113	Sand, excavation420
Power taps,	Quadruplex111-112	Reinforcing, overfloor	Scaffold work
steel channel system 432	service drop110	raceway424	Schedule 40 PVC
Power, temporary6	Quail	Remote ballasts159	conduit
Pratt113	Quality control8 Quartz lamps203	Renewable cartridge	couplings
Precast concrete access	Quiet switches223-227, 230	fuses287, 289	elbows 38
boxes373-376	Quince	Rental equipment, earthwork 420	Schedule 80 PVC
Preheat lamps	Quince-XLP109	Residential switches	conduit
Pressure switches	Qu55 /12.	Restrictions	elbows
hookup380 Prewired duplex		conduit11	Scheduling6, 8
receptacles239-248	R	use of armored cable88	Screw cover
Prewired fixture housings 166-167		Retrofit fixtures, recessed	Doxes 146-147, 148-148
Prewired switches223-232	R14 lamp, lampholder for 169	HID180-181	Screw cover wireway328
Prices, adjusting222	R20 lamp	Retrofitting for	Screw-in fuses
Pricing	continental lampholder	communications520	Screw terminals533 SE-SER plastic jacket cable 107
access boxes374	for168-169 decorator track fixture for170	Reversing motor rotation 377	Sealing fittings, PVC
wiring devices221	petite cylinder lampholder	Reversing starters 388-389	coated84-85
Pricing service, lighting	for169	RG/U cable, plug	Sectional box receptacle
fixtures159	R30 lamp	connectors for535-536	assemblies510-513
Printing National Estimator	continental lampholder for 169	Right angle beam clamps79	Sectional box switch assemblies
instructions5	shielded universal	Rigid conduit49	15 amp471-478
Prismatic lens	lampholder for168	aluminum58	20 amp479-486
luminaires	stepped base lampholder for 171	assemblies463-466	Sectional switch boxes 119, 124
Productivity factors	R40 lamp	elbows49-50	Sections, duct337
Profit	continental lampholder for 169 shielded universal	terminations	Self illuminating
Pull boxes	lampholder for168	Rigid steel	exit fixtures
hinged147-152	stepped base lampholder for 171	conduit clamps	Self-stripping connectors 115
NEMA Class 1146-148	Raceway	conduit, galvanized	Semi-adjustable floor boxes cast iron153-158
NEMA Class 3R148-150	defined10	couplings (IMC)53	sheet metal153-154
raintight148-150	fittings, underfloor341	nipples55-57 Rings	Semi-flush mounted socket 317
Pull line for conduit	steel 431	gang extension 144-145	Semi-jumbo switch plates 266
assemblies447-466	surface423-437	plastic switch142	Service drop wire110-111
Pull rate91	surface, steel	switch129	Service entrance cable 88, 10
Pulley, wire 423	underfloor335-342	RJ11 jack533	Service entrance caps, PVC 42
Pulling	Radio suppressors	RJ45 plug and jack533	Service entrance
elbows, EMT27	Raintight pull boxes148-150	Roadway luminaires191	equipment269-334
wire	Raised box covers131	Rock outcrop420	checklist273
Push button stations418-419	Ramapo113	Rockland113	Service fittings
Push buttons, signal366, 370-371	Rapid-start lamps210	Rocky soil, excavation420	Service section
Push on-off dimmers229	Rate-of-rise detectors 366, 371	Rod couplings86	Set screw connectors, steel 74 Set screw couplings
PVC	Raven114	Rod, threaded86	malleable74
bending11	Receptacle and handy	Roller/plunger detector 371	steel EMT23
boxes43	box assemblies508-509 Receptacle and sectional	Romex 98-100	Setter111
caps40	box assemblies510-513	clamps119	SEU cable89, 10
conduit37	Receptacle assemblies508-517	Rotary incandescent	SEU type wire107
conduit assemblies 459-462	duplex515, 517	dimmers229	Seven circuit overhead
conduit bodies	single 514, 516	Rotating beacons369	distribution systems434
couplings, expansion39-40	Receptacle	Round	Sheet metal
covers	plates261-262, 265-268	box covers136	floor boxes
elbows	weatherproof268	cylinder lampholder 169	hinged cover pull boxes147-148
end bells40	Receptacles119, 237-249, 253-254	fiberglass boxes133-136	JIC wiring
fittings	duplex239-243 single237-238	fixtures, glass ceiling	panels for JIC enclosures 152 raintight screw cover
junction boxes43	Recessed fixtures	fixtures, opal glass utility 165	pull boxes148-149
outlet boxes121	fluorescent	fixtures, walkway	raintight hinge cover
plugs40	HID180-181	fixtures, white trim	pull boxes149-150
reducing bushings41	incandescent 166-167	flags, carpet	screw cover pull boxes 146-149
service entrance caps42	LED196	floor box covers	tray, communications519
PVC coated	Rechargeable batteries,	floor outlet boxes	Shepherd11
beam clamps79-80	exit fixtures	luminaires	Shielded cable104
clamps79-80	Rectangular floor box covers 155	RSC (rigid steel conduit)12	Shielded universal
conduit	Rectangular floor boxes cast iron155	Runcina110, 112	lampholder
conduit unions80	sheet metal155	Running thread, steel53	Shoring420

Short-circuit interrupting	Specification grade	Steel frame fluorescent	disconnect269
capacity271	receptacles 240-241, 243, 246	fixtures177	entry release372
Show Me video, viewing5	switches230	Steel tube EMT10	grounded223-236
Side or back wiring,	Spherical lampholder170	Stem 157	handy box assemblies 467-470
switches	Splice connectors,	Stephens	industrial225-229
Side-mounted single-lamp	telephone cable	Stepped base lampholders 171	key operated230, 234-235
fixtures 174 Side-wired receptacles 237-245	Split adapters, EMT27	STO type flexible cord 89, 99	momentary control382 one gang assemblies487-489
Side-wired switches223-232	Split bolt connectors 116 Spray paint, enamel 429	Straight couplings, P&C45 Strain relief cable cover533	quiet223-227, 230
Side/back wired	Square	Stranded cable	residential223
receptacles237-245	boxes 120, 127	armored103	safety271, 275-282
Side/back wired	exterior walkway luminaires 189	communications521-525	sectional box assemblies471-486
switches225, 227-230	fiberglass boxes136	direct burial100-101	side or back wiring223-232
Signal	glass fixtures161	service entrance100	specialty229-233
cabinets	luminaires190	Stranded wire88, 93-95, 108-109	time release372 two gang assemblies489-507
systems365-372 terminal cabinets327	opal glass utility drum	Straps75-76	Switching whips434
transformers366, 370	fixture166	malleable	System engineering,
Silent switches219	outlet boxes127	PVC coated79	channel wiring425
Silicon-bronze conduit	poles, hinged	steel, one hole75	
Single conductor cable104	switch rings129-130	supporting	
Single decorator receptacles 244	tapered steel poles	Street luminaires193	T
Single face exit fixtures 171, 173	walkway fixtures 188 white glass light fixture 166	Stress cone	401
Single gang	Square base aluminum light	Strip fixtures174	T12 lamps
switch boxes 137-138, 141	poles195	Strombus 110, 112	high output211-212
switch rings129-130	Squeeze flexible conduit	Subcontractor listings9	preheat210 rapid-start210
Single pole	connectors30-32	Subgrade conditions	slimline211
space, breakers in	Stainless steel raceway431	Sub-panels271	T17 preheat lamps212
switches223-229, 230-235	Staking duct338	Suffolk111, 112	T9 circular fluorescent lamps 212
Single receptacles237-238, 241-242	Standard colors, wiring	Sump pumps, hookup380	Taft 113
assemblies514, 516	devices218	Super metalarc lights184	Takeoff9
plates261, 265, 267-268	Standard switches218	Supervision6	cable tray 360
underfloor raceway 342 Single stroke	Standard voltage lamps200-203	Support material, special 158	conduit 13
bells367	Standard wall	Supporting straps11	consistency15
chimes	GRS conduit49	Supports cable tray358	excavation420
Single-lamp strip fixtures 174	steel conduit, flex28	duct340	lighting fixtures157, 160
Sirens	Standby electrical generators 365	GRS12	motor control equipment 382
horns	Standby engine-generators 378	Surface cabling519	outlet boxes121
Sizes	hookup381 Standpipes, underfloor	Surface covers131	underfloor duct337
outlet box119, 122	raceway342	Surface metal raceway	wire92 wiring devices218
wire88	Starter/circuit breaker,	assemblies431	work sheet14
SJ type flexible cord89, 96-97	bus duct357	Surface mounted	Tamper-resistant (TR), cost
SJO type flexible cord97-98	Starter/fusible switch,	breaker enclosures315-316	adjustment for239-242, 244-246
Slab, transformer 374, 376	bus duct357	buzzers367	Tandem breakers307
Sleeves115	Starters	fluorescent fixtures	Tap & splice adapter540
Slide control dimmers229	combination 404-417	incandescent fixtures161	Tap boxes, bus duct355
Slimline lamps211	magnetic 398	push buttons	Tapered poles194
Smart buildings365	motor 384	single circuit light track 168	Taxes5
Smoke detectors366, 371	motor, manual384	Surface raceway423-437	T-bar fixtures177
SO type flexible cord89, 97	with stainless steel covers 384	communications519	Tee
Soapstone duct15	Station wire connectors 540	fittings 427	bus duct354
Sockets318-321	Stations, control418-419	Suspension system, lighting 158	ladder tray363
cable contacts528	Stats, outside air, hookup 380	Swan114	louvered cable tray361
meter 269, 317	Steel boxes, overfloor raceway 427	Swanate114	Telephone plates
Sodium lamps208	conduit blank body covers 64	Sweetbriar113	terminal cabinets327
Solder cup contacts	conduit, rigid49	Switch assemblies	Telephone cable
Solder type lugs	flex conduit assemblies 455-458	handy box	connectors534
Solderless type lugs	hex nuts86	one and two gang487-507 sectional box471-486	fittings 534
Solenoid valves, hookup	messenger strand114	Switch boxes	Telephone-communications
Solid communications	poles 193	fiberglass137-139	pole436-437
cable 521, 525	raceway base426	four gang 139, 142	Telephone-power
Solid direct burial cable 100	raceway cover426	single gang 137-138, 141-142	poles424, 436-437
Solid wire88, 93-94, 108	raceway fittings431, 435	three gang 139, 142	Temperature
Spacers	reducing bushings69	two gang 138, 141	detectors371
ceiling157	reducing washers70	Switch control schemes220	operating for wire88
conduit76	running thread53	Switch handles,	Temporary electrical service7
connectors 117	set screw connectors74	illuminated 225, 229, 232	Temporary power
plastic	straps	Switch legs	Terminal cabinets
Spaniel	surface raceway	Switch plates	Terminal cabinets
Sparate114	distribution, fittings432	deep267 jumbo267	aluminum62
Spare key switches235	Steel channel (strut) & fittings 87	semi-jumbo267	GRS52
Sparrow 114	Steel compression EMT	Switch ring 119, 121, 129	rigid conduit52
Special outlet boxes121	connectors21	Switchboard connections,	Terrier111
Special support material158	couplings23	bus duct345	Test blocks318
Special voltage lamps201-203	Steel fittings	Switches223-236	Testing, service entrance
Specialty switches229-233	overfloor raceway 426, 429	bus duct356	equipment273
Specialty, choosing8	surface raceway427-428	commercial224-227, 230-233	TF type wire88

				*** * * * *
TFF type wire 88	Two bolt connectors117	materials	335	Weight
TFFN type wire 89, 96	Two circuit	Underfloor raceway		bare copper wire102
THC connector for RG/U	overhead distribution	•	E10	conduit18
		communications	519	
cable536	systems433	fittings	341	Welded switch boxes119
Thermal circuit breakers 272	surface raceway 430	· ·		Wells113
		materials	ააა	
Thermal magnetic	Two gang	Underground		Wesleyan113
breakers272, 308-315	floor boxes 154-155	•	00	Wet locations, fluorescent
Thermoplastic insulation		branch circuit cable		fixtures for 176
	switch assemblies489-507	distribution cable	113	
THHN type wire 88, 93, 94, 105	switch boxes 138, 141	feeder cable		Wheel trenchers 420
Thin wall EMT10				Whips, fixture434
	switch rings129-130	service entrance cable	88	
Threaded hubs, boxes66	Two hole steel EMT straps25	service, sockets for	217	White glass light fixture166
Threaded rod, steel86	Two lamp			Whittier 113
Threading	•	Underwriter's Laboratories	10	Wing nuts 86
•	fluorescent fixtures176	Uninsulated crimp sleeves	115	vvirig riuts
wire 91	strip fixtures 174	Officiality Sieeves	113	Wire88-118
GRS12		Uniono		ACSR108
	Two phase conductors113	Unions		
Threadless connectors73	Two piece steel raceway 426	conduit, PVC coated	80	aluminum 90, 105, 106
Three conductor lugs118	assembly 429			appliance 96
Three gang boxes		malleable 3 piece		bare copper, weight 102
	base426	Unit heaters, hookup	380	
floor154-155	fittings 430	Universal		codes88
switch142				colors92
	sizes423	arrows1	/1-1/2	
Three lamp fluorescent	steel channel system 433	lampholder	168_	connectors 115-117
fixtures175				conversion table537
Three phase circuit92	Two pole	Uplight	1/5	copper93-104
	contactors389-391	URD type cable	113	Copper
Three pole				high voltage88
contactors 391-393	starters398-399	USE type wire	00	lugs118
	Two screw flex connectors 31	USE, RHH-RHW		
starters400-403		type wire	25 106	pulley 423
Three-position switches234-235	Two speed starters388-389			pulling91-92
Three-way switches232-233	Two-way connectors116	Utility boxes		safety 159
	Type 1 and 2 duct335	hoves	373	
Through boxes121		boxes	105	service drop110-11
Thumper90	Type A insulation88	drum fixture	165	sizes 88
	Type B insulation88	fixture1	63-164	sleeves 11
THW type wire 88, 93, 105				
THWN type wire 88	Type C PVC conduit bodies 41			solid 92-94, 108
Time delay fuses	Type CN-P liquid-tight flex			stranded92-96, 105, 108-109
plug284	non-metallic conduit34			takeoff14, 92
cartridge292, 295-296, 298-303	Type DB P&C duct with			threading90
	coupling45	Vacuum, fishing	91	weatherproof107
Time switches236		Valves, 3-way, hookup		
Timed release switch372	Type E PVC conduit bodies 41			XLP108
Timers236	Type EB or DB couplings 45	Vandal-resistant lens		Wire and conduit
		Vapor tight LED	197	
Toggle bolts86	Type EB P&C duct with	Vassar		assemblies447-518
Toggle switches223	coupling 45		113	Wire basket cable tray364
		Vertical elbows, underfloor		
Tomic bolt hangers 132	Type EF flex steel conduit 33	raceway	341	Wire lugs118
Tools	Type FA female PVC adapters 39			Wire nuts 115
EMT hand benders27	Type FS PVC boxes43	Vertical runs, allowances for.	16	Wireway272, 328-329
	Type F3 F VC boxes43	Video cameras	365	
GRS hand benders52	Type HC liquid-tight			fittings 330
indenter22	extra flex conduit34	Voice & data cable		Wiring device plates260-268
steel channel system 432		Volatility of costs	5	
	Type LB conduit bodies 63	Voltmeter		Wiring devices 119, 218-268
steel raceway429	Type LB PVC conduit			standard colors218
Top shield tape540		Voluta 11	10, 112	
	bodies41-42			Wiring harness
Track lighting and	Type LL conduit bodies63			overhead distribution
fixtures168-171		***		evetome 43
Traffic covers373	Type LL PVC conduit bodies 42	W		systems43
	Type LR conduit bodies63			two piece steel raceway 434
Transceiver/drop	Type LR PVC conduit bodies 42	Walkway fixtures	100	Wiring instructions, motors 377
shielded cable527	Type Lh FVC conduit bodies 42	Walkway fixtures		
	Type LT flex steel conduit 33	luminaires	189	Work area enclosed fixtures 18
Transformer slabs 374, 376	Type OR liquid-tight flex	Wall-mounted		Work sheet, sample14
Transformers273, 332-334				
signal366, 370	conduit33	fixtures	188	Working conditions,
	Type SLB entrance elbows 63	floodlights	405	adjusting for
Transite duct15			185	
Transition boxes540	Type T conduit hodice			
	Type T conduit bodies,	single-lamp fixtures	176	Working temperature, ideal
Transition junction haves 541	Type T conduit bodies, PVC coated82		176	Working temperature, ideal Wraparound
Transition junction boxes541	PVC coated82	single-lamp fixturesutility fixture	176 164	Working temperature, ideal
Transition junction boxes541 Transition partitions540	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42	single-lamp fixturesutility fixtureWall pack	176 164 196	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540	PVC coated82	single-lamp fixturesutility fixture Wall pack Walnut	176 164 196 108	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section,	PVC coated	single-lamp fixturesutility fixture Wall pack Walnut	176 164 196 108	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions	PVC coated	single-lamp fixturesutility fixtureWall packWalnutWalnut	176 164 196 108	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions	PVC coated	single-lamp fixturesutility fixtureWall packWalnutWalnutWalnut-XLPWashers	176 164 196 108 109	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions	PVC coated	single-lamp fixturesutility fixtureWall packWalnutWalnut	176 164 196 108 109	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82	single-lamp fixturesutility fixture	176 164 196 108 109	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions	PVC coated	single-lamp fixtures	176 164 196 108 109	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82	single-lamp fixturesutility fixture	176 164 196 108 109	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420	PVC coated	single-lamp fixtures	176 164 196 108 109 86 70	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 tos duct 345 Trapeze bar 12 Trapy cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63	single-lamp fixtures	176 164 196 108 109 86 70 16	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420	PVC coated	single-lamp fixtures	176 164 196 108 109 86 70 16	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 12 Trapy cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device 260-268	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63	single-lamp fixtures	176 164 196 108 109 86 70 16	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiriplex service 260-268	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63	single-lamp fixtures	176 164 196 108 109 86 70 16 5, 13 158	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 12 Trapy cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device 260-268	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82	single-lamp fixtures utility fixture	1761641961098670165, 13158	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiriplex service 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961098670165, 13158	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961081098670165, 13158438	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC adapters 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC coated 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex conduit 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82	single-lamp fixtures utility fixture	1761641961081098670165, 13158438	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82 U U U-bolts, PVC coated 80	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961081098670165, 13158438	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC adapters 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC coated 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex conduit 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961081098670165, 13158438438433	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies 518 Trough tray 358	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82 U 82 U-bolts, PVC coated 80 U-ground receptacles 247	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961081098670165, 13158438438433 43-145	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82 U 80 U-ground receptacles 247 UF cable 89, 100	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961081098670165, 13158438433373 43-145144	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 343 Trapeze bar 12 Trapy cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies 518 Trough tray 358 Tubular quartz lamps 203	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 33 Type X conduit bodies 63 PVC coated 82 U 82 U-bolts, PVC coated 80 U-ground receptacles 247	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961081098670165, 13158438433373 43-145144	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 543 bus duct 343 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies 518 Trough tray 358 Tubular quartz lamps 203 Twinaxial communications	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 63 conduit 63 PVC coated 82 U 80 U-ground receptacles 247 UF cable 89, 100 Ufer ground system 438, 439	single-lamp fixtures	176164196108109867015158438433373 43-145144268	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Torffer fluorescent assemblies 518 Trough tray 358 Tubular quartz lamps 203 Twinaxial communications cable 526	PVC coated	single-lamp fixtures utility fixture	1761641961098670165, 13158438443373 43-145144268268	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Torffer fluorescent assemblies 518 Trough tray 358 Tubular quartz lamps 203 Twinaxial communications cable 526	PVC coated 82 Type T PVC conduit bodies 42 Type TA terminal PVC 39 Type TB conduit bodies, PVC 82 Type UA liquid-tight flex 63 conduit 63 PVC coated 82 U 80 U-ground receptacles 247 UF cable 89, 100 Ufer ground system 438, 439	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961098670165, 13158438443373 43-145144268268	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 343 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies sesemblies 518 Trough tray 358 Tubular quartz lamps 203 Twinaxial communications cable sable 526 Twinaxial plug 533	PVC coated	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961098670165, 13158438443373 43-145144268268192	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 345 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies 518 Trough tray 358 Tubular quartz lamps 203 Twinaxial communications cable 526 Twinaxial plug 533 Twist-lock receptacles 219	PVC coated	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961098670165, 13158438438373 43-145144268192 43-150	Working temperature, ideal
Transition partitions 540 Transition section, 343 bus duct 343 Trapeze bar 345 Trapeze hangers 12 Tray, cable 358 Trenching 15, 420 Trim plates wiring device wiring device 260-268 Triplex service drop drop 109-110, 112-113 Troffer lay-in T-bar fixtures 177 Troffer fluorescent assemblies sesemblies 518 Trough tray 358 Tubular quartz lamps 203 Twinaxial communications cable sable 526 Twinaxial plug 533	PVC coated	single-lamp fixtures	1761641961098670165, 13158438443373 43-145144268192 43-150268	Working temperature, ideal

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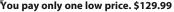
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